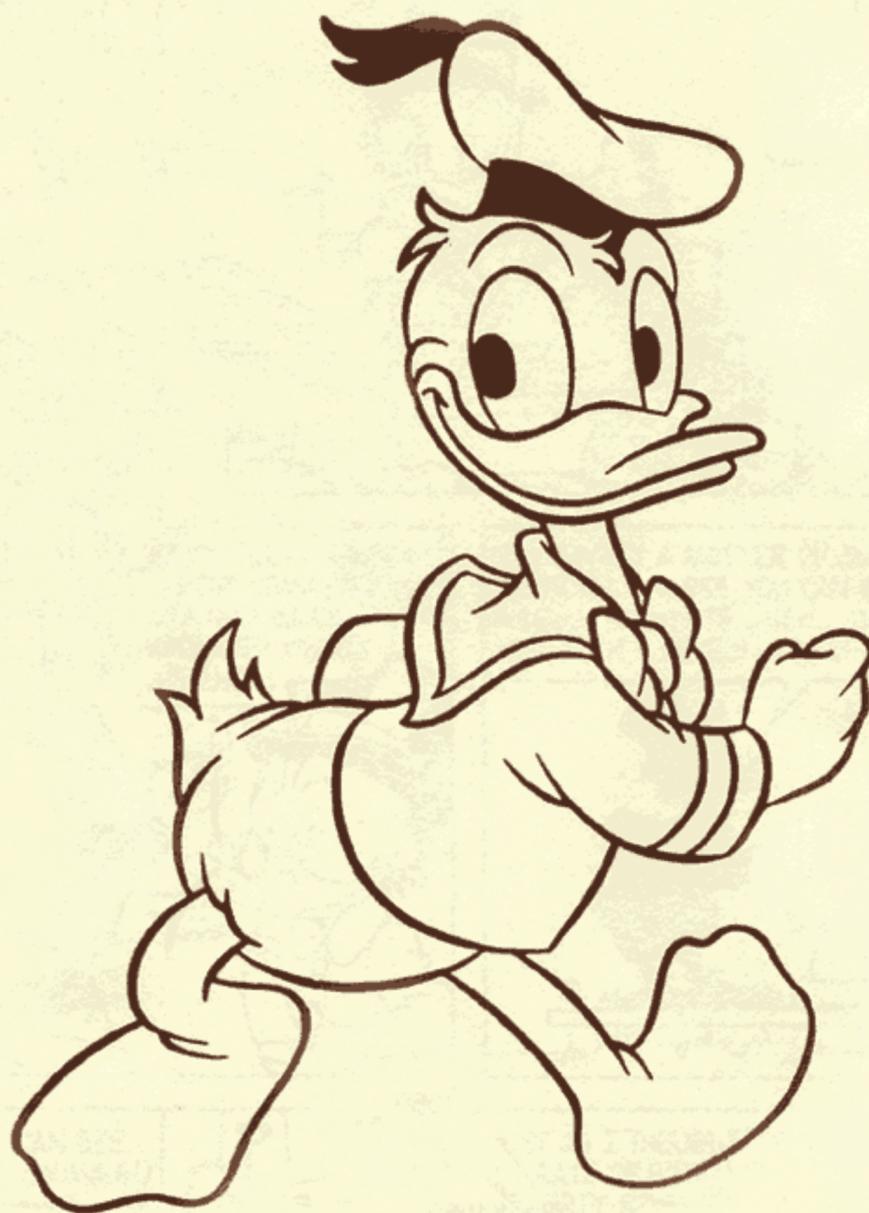


Walt Disney's
Donald in
MATHMAGIC LAND



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This book is based upon the animated film
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for Best Documentary Film.

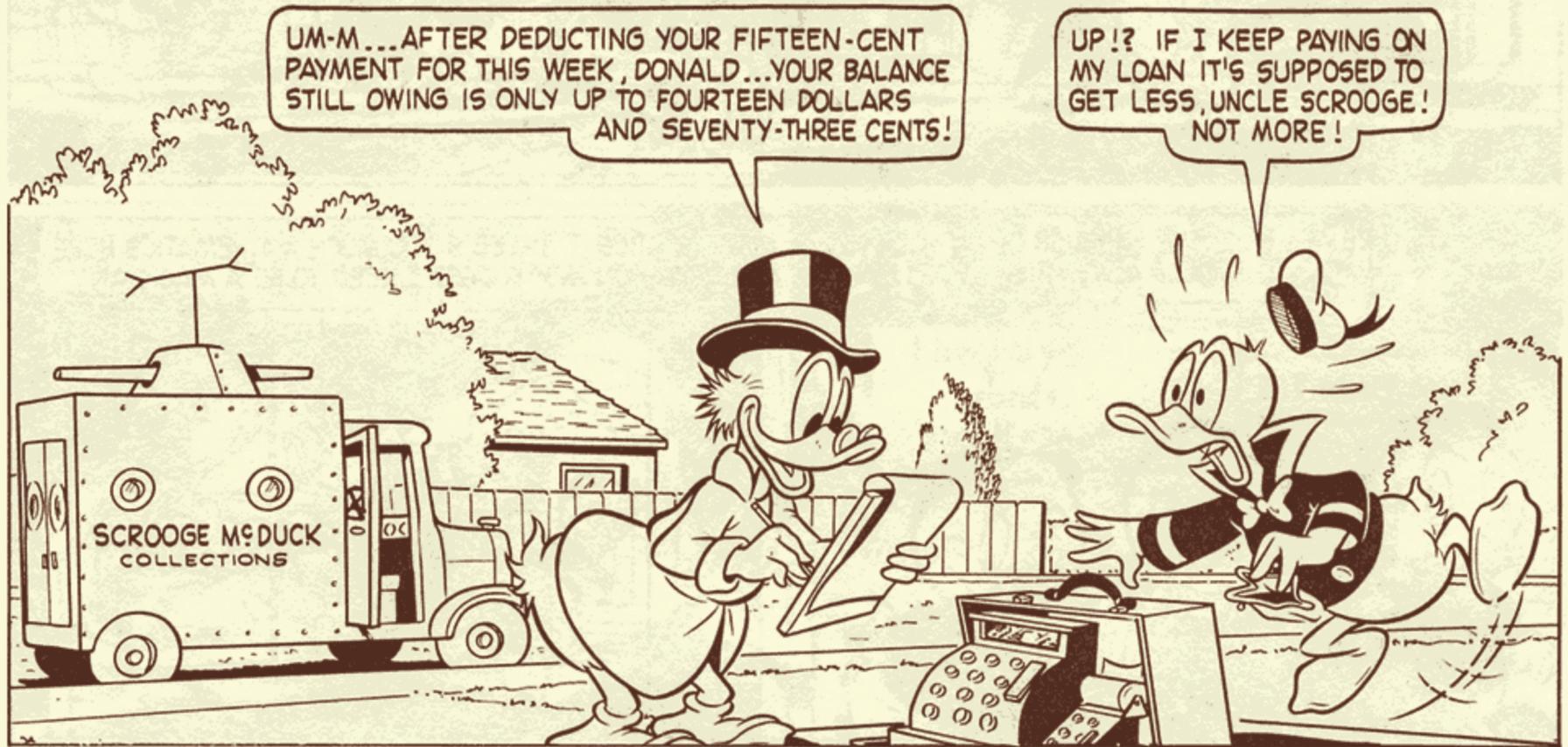
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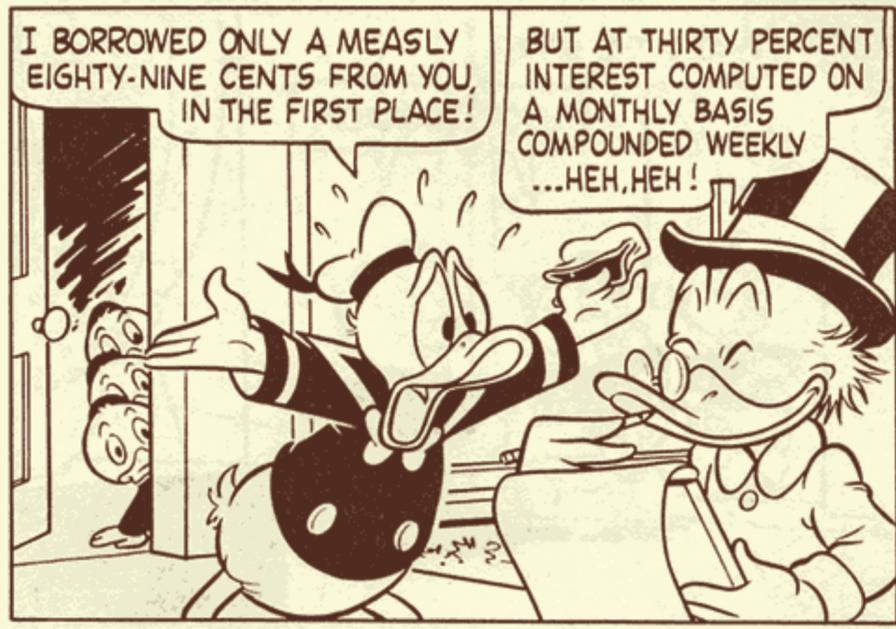
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DONALD in MATHMAGIC LAND



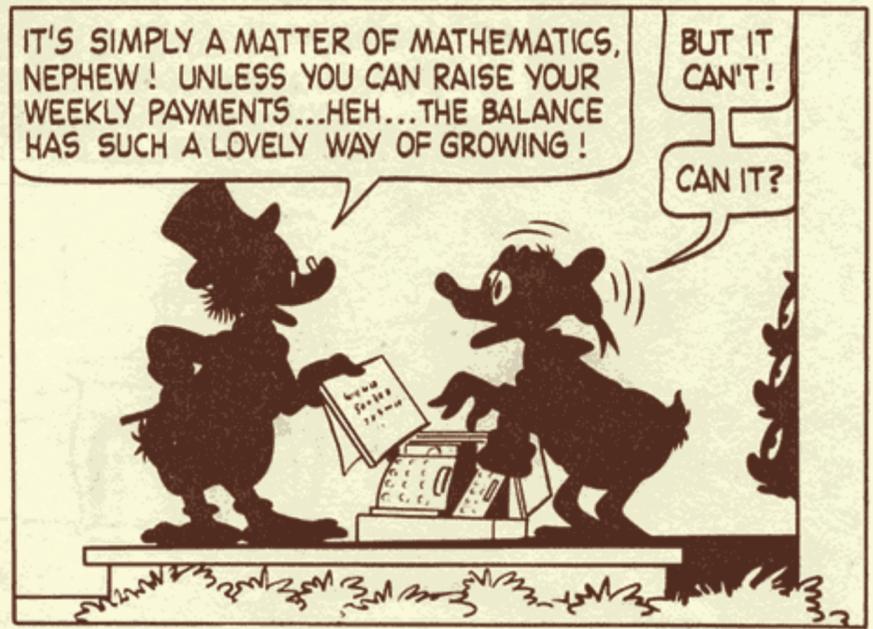
UM-M...AFTER DEDUCTING YOUR FIFTEEN-CENT PAYMENT FOR THIS WEEK, DONALD...YOUR BALANCE STILL OWING IS ONLY UP TO FOURTEEN DOLLARS AND SEVENTY-THREE CENTS!

UP!?! IF I KEEP PAYING ON MY LOAN IT'S SUPPOSED TO GET LESS, UNCLE SCROOGE! NOT MORE!



I BORROWED ONLY A MEASLY EIGHTY-NINE CENTS FROM YOU, IN THE FIRST PLACE!

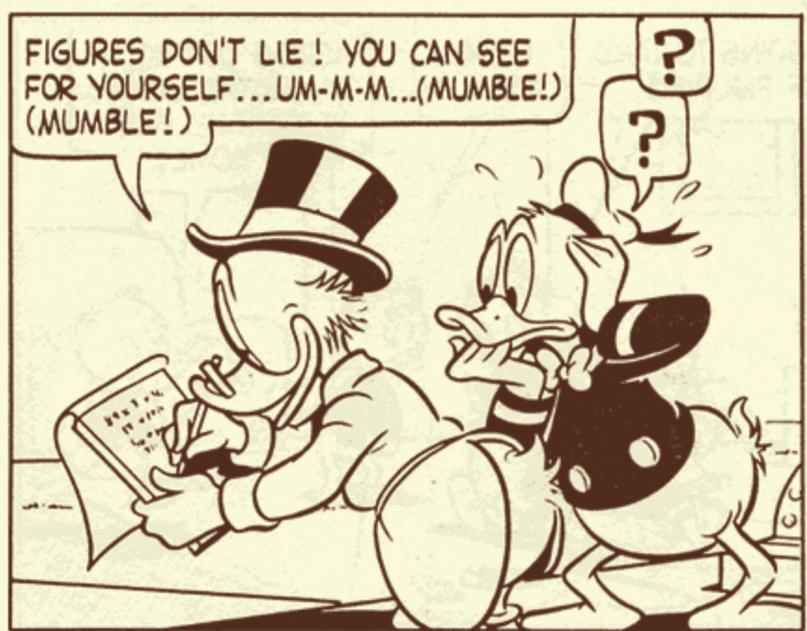
BUT AT THIRTY PERCENT INTEREST COMPUTED ON A MONTHLY BASIS COMPOUNDED WEEKLY ...HEH, HEH!



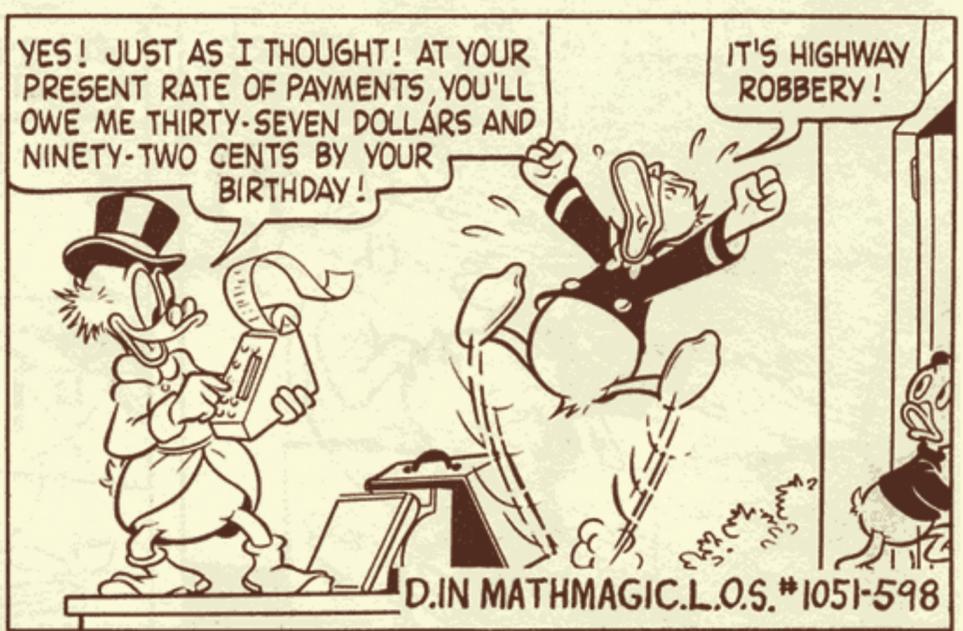
IT'S SIMPLY A MATTER OF MATHEMATICS, NEPHEW! UNLESS YOU CAN RAISE YOUR WEEKLY PAYMENTS...HEH...THE BALANCE HAS SUCH A LOVELY WAY OF GROWING!

BUT IT CAN'T!

CAN IT?

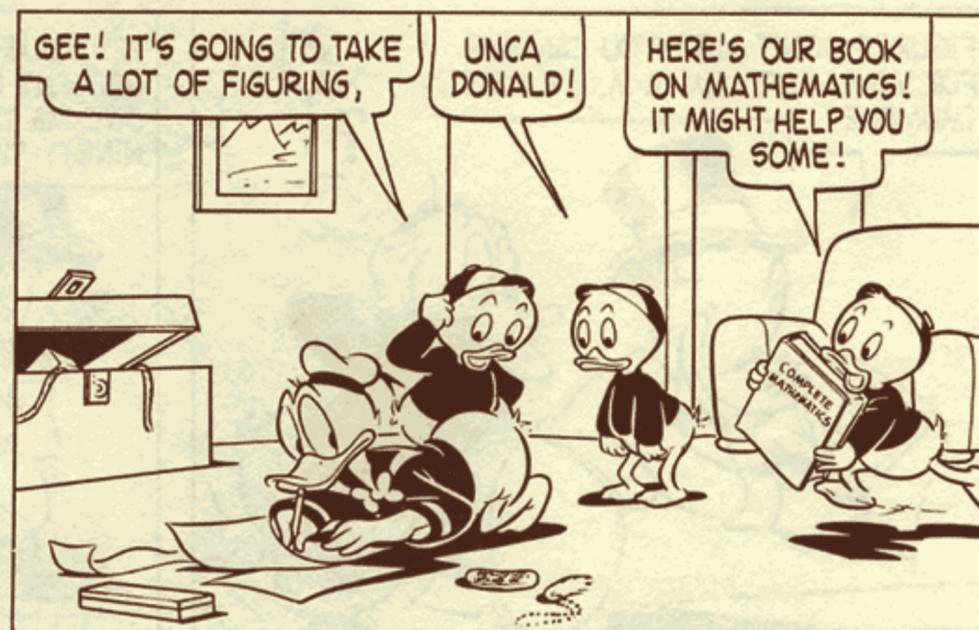
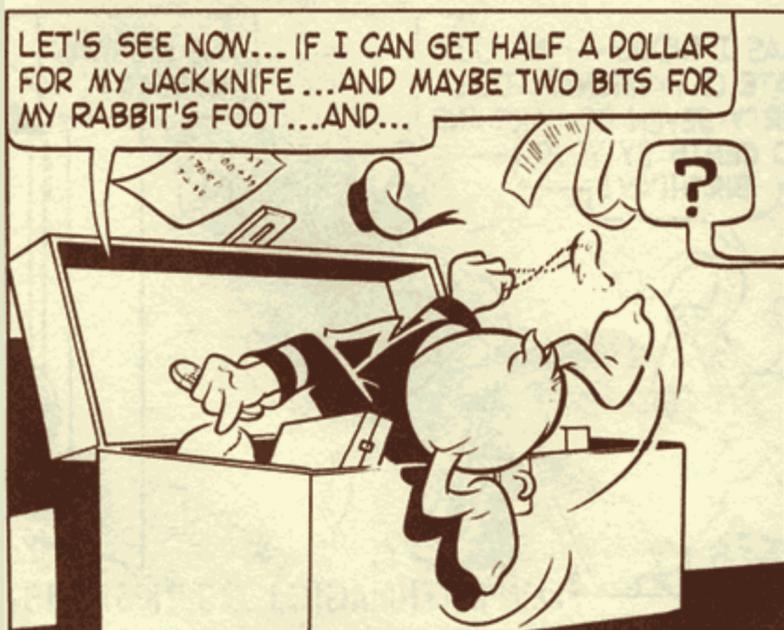
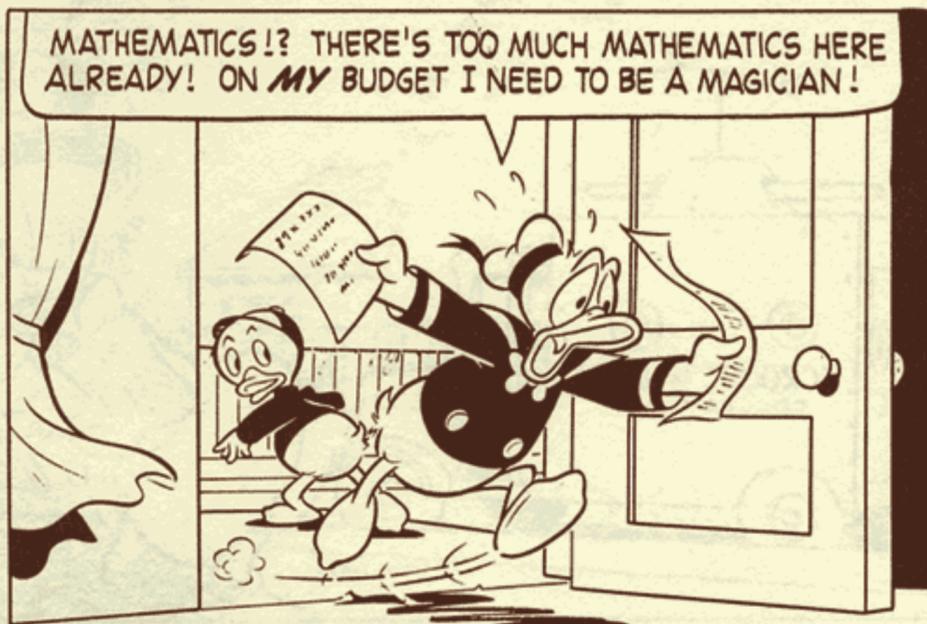
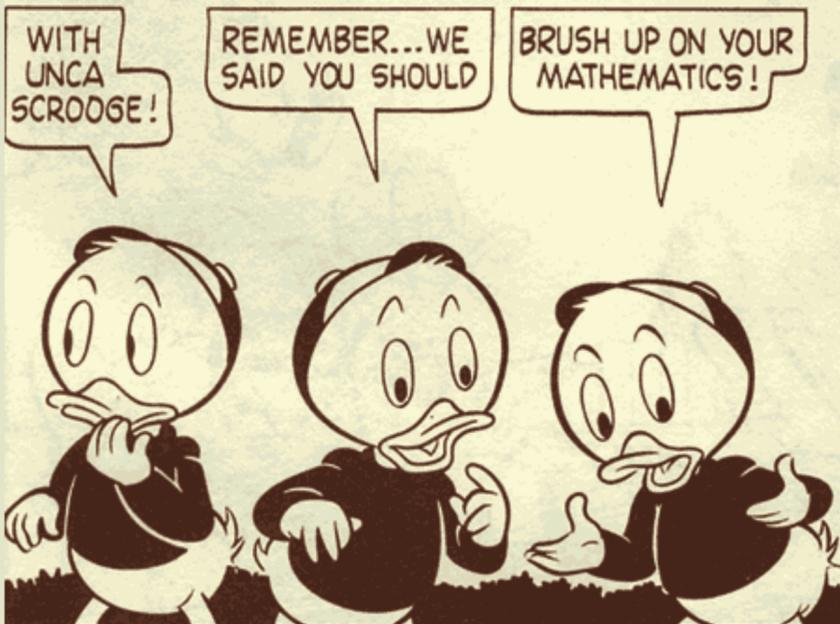
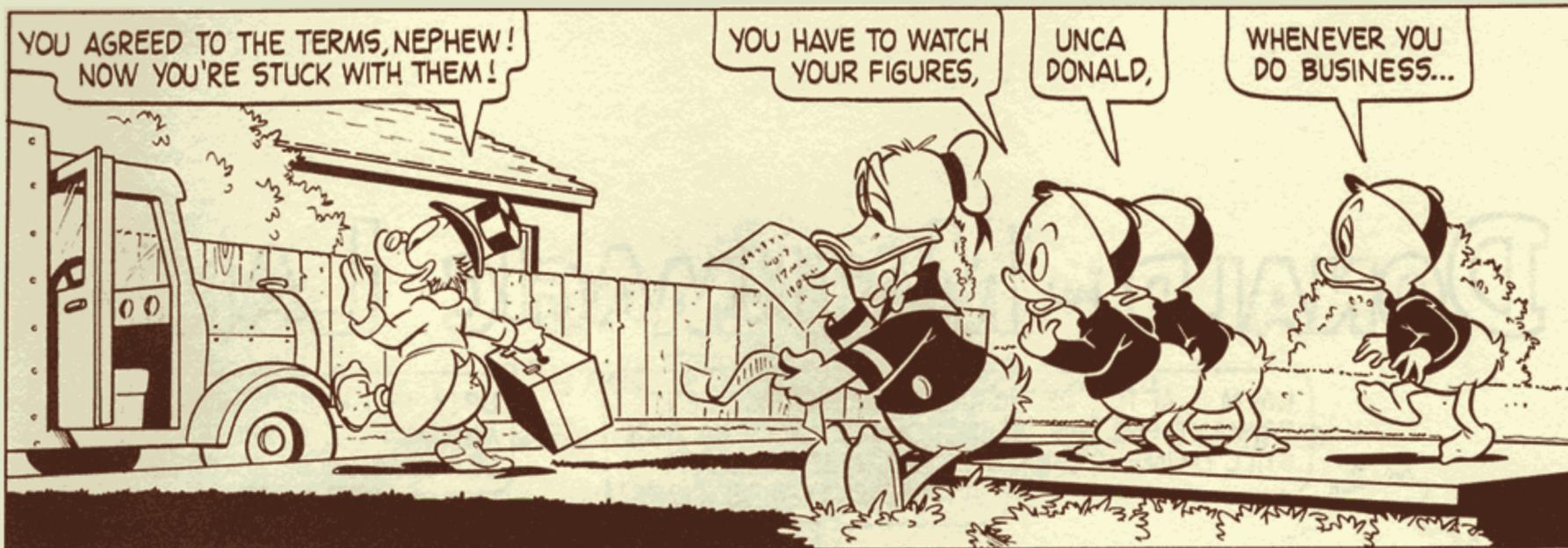


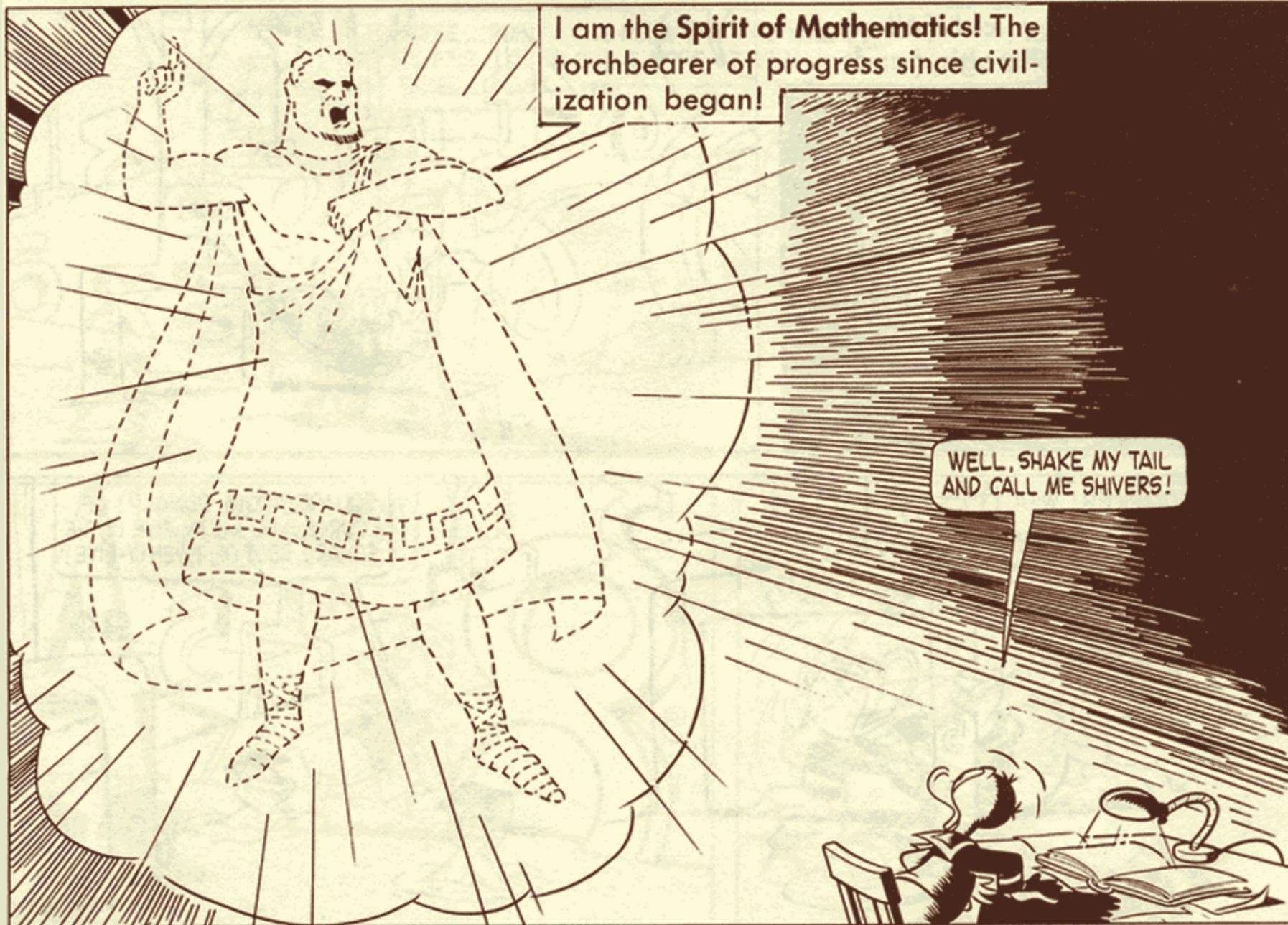
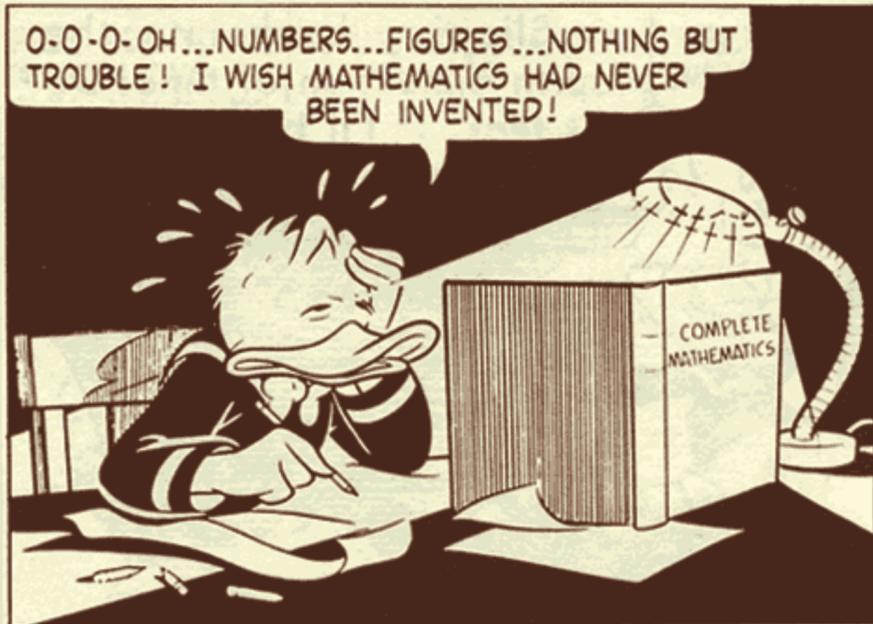
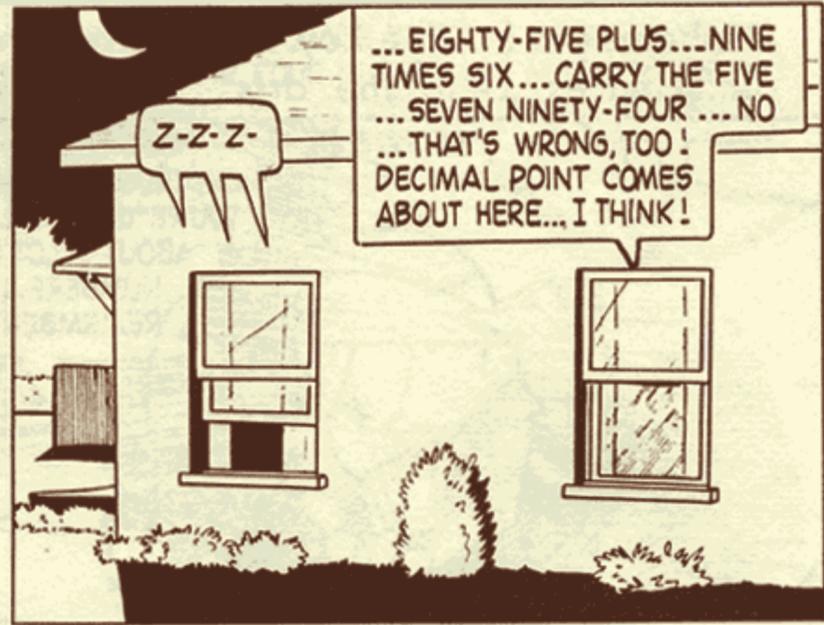
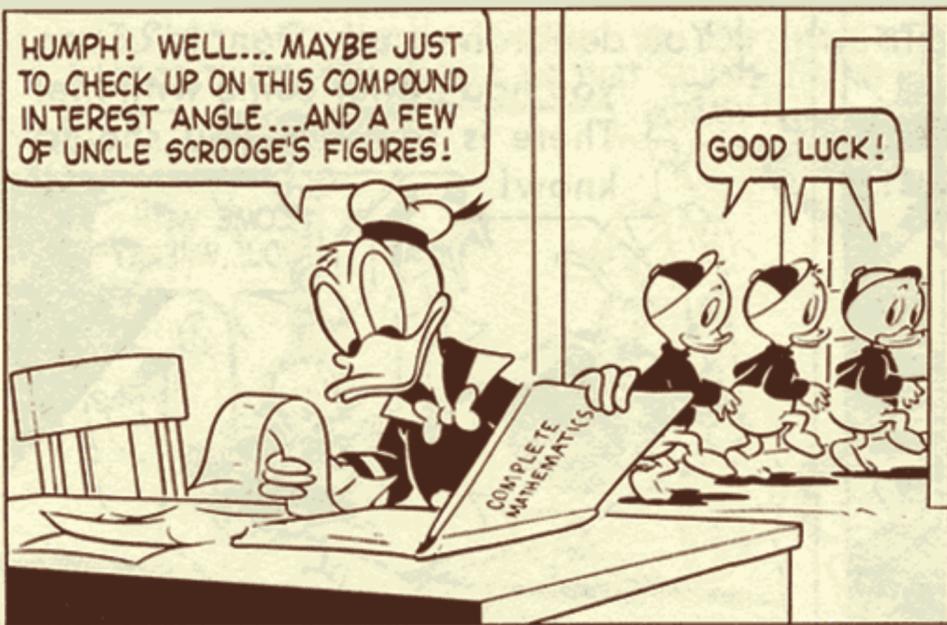
FIGURES DON'T LIE! YOU CAN SEE FOR YOURSELF...UM-M-M...(MUMBLE!)(MUMBLE!)



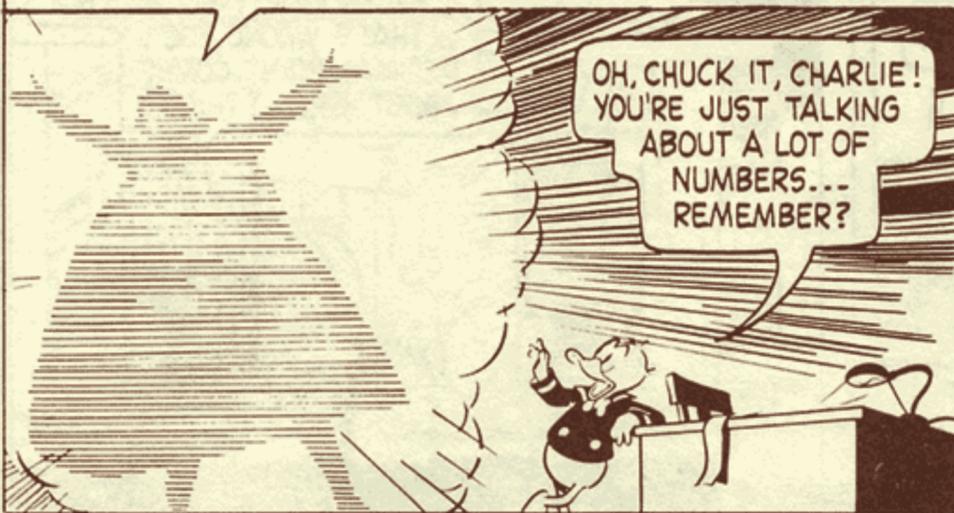
YES! JUST AS I THOUGHT! AT YOUR PRESENT RATE OF PAYMENTS, YOU'LL OWE ME THIRTY-SEVEN DOLLARS AND NINETY-TWO CENTS BY YOUR BIRTHDAY!

IT'S HIGHWAY ROBBERY!



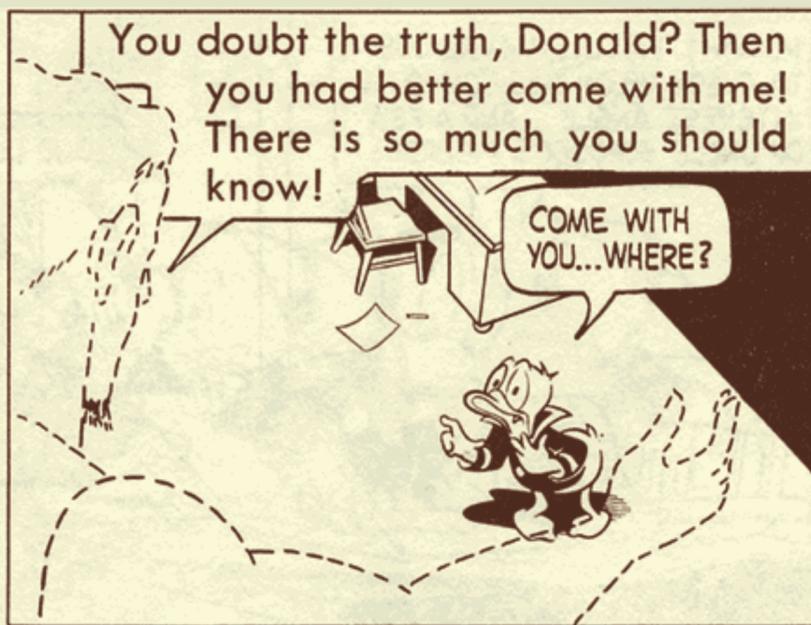


Mathematics . . . the key to achievement! To all sciences . . . to the arts . . . to music . . .



OH, CHUCK IT, CHARLIE! YOU'RE JUST TALKING ABOUT A LOT OF NUMBERS... REMEMBER?

You doubt the truth, Donald? Then you had better come with me! There is so much you should know!



COME WITH YOU...WHERE?

You shall see! It will be a great adventure! There you are! All ready for the trip!



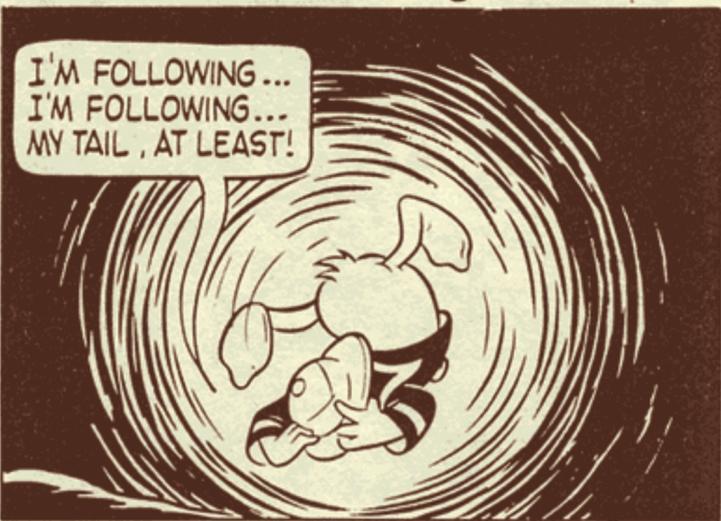
WELL, OKAY! ADVENTURE IS MY DISH, CHUM!

BUT WAIT! IF YOU WANT ME TO COME WITH YOU, QUIT FADING AWAY! WHERE YOU GOING?

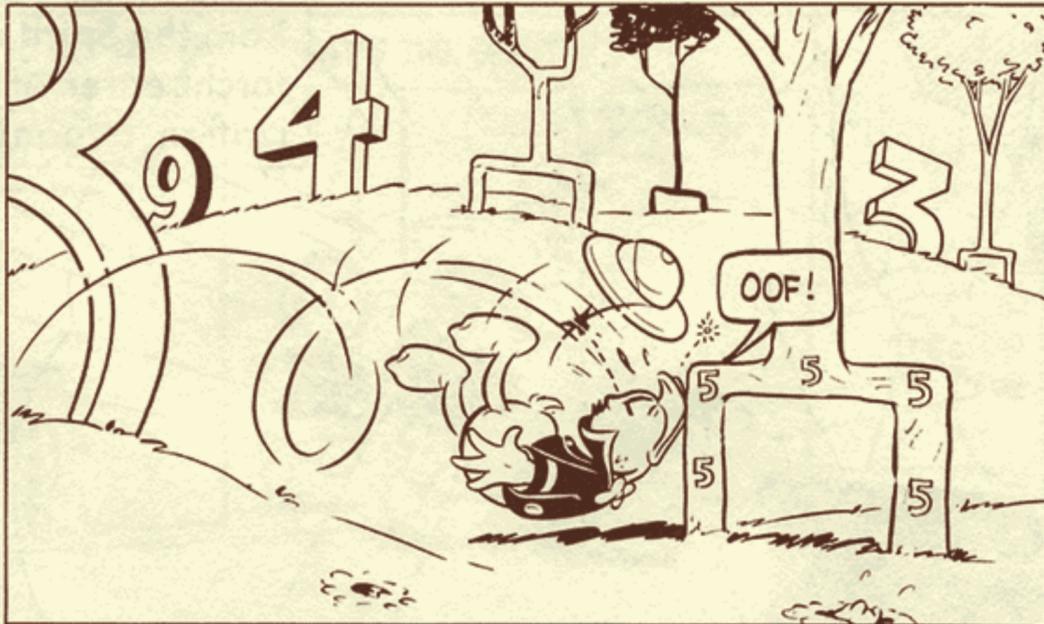


... Slipping back into the fourth dimension of time! Do not fear . . . I'll be with you! I can take you anywhere . . .

Just follow my voice! Follow . . . follow . . . to Mathmagic Land . . .

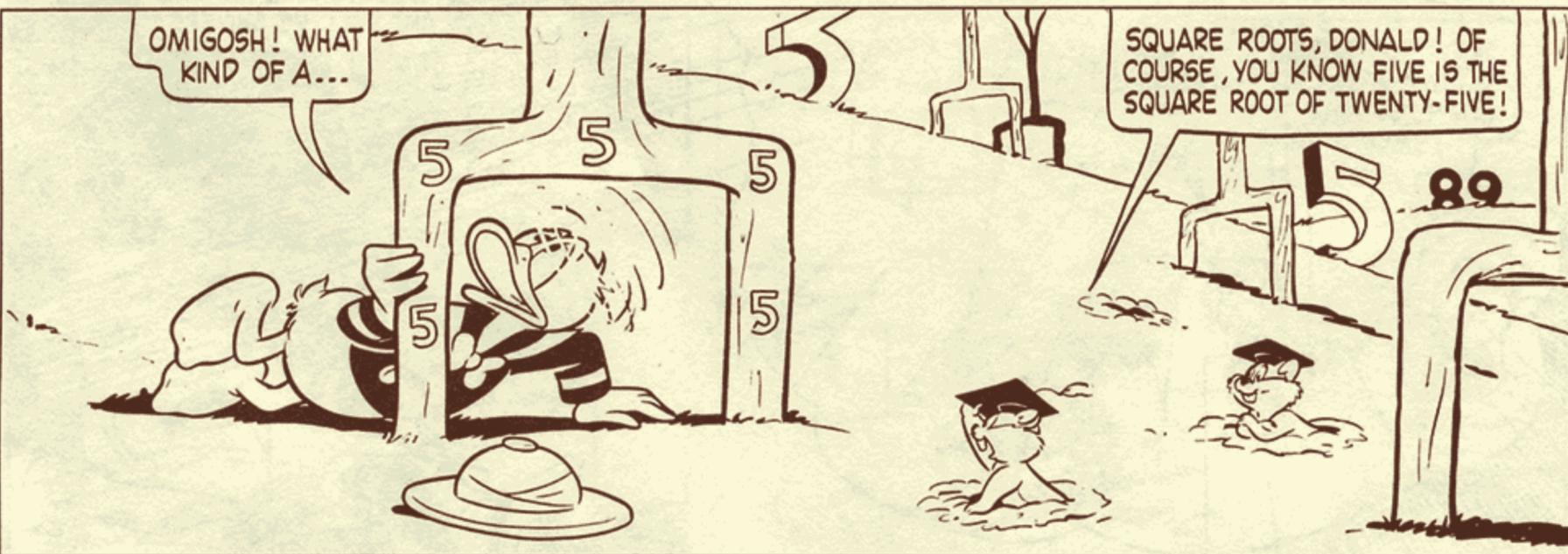


I'M FOLLOWING... I'M FOLLOWING... MY TAIL, AT LEAST!

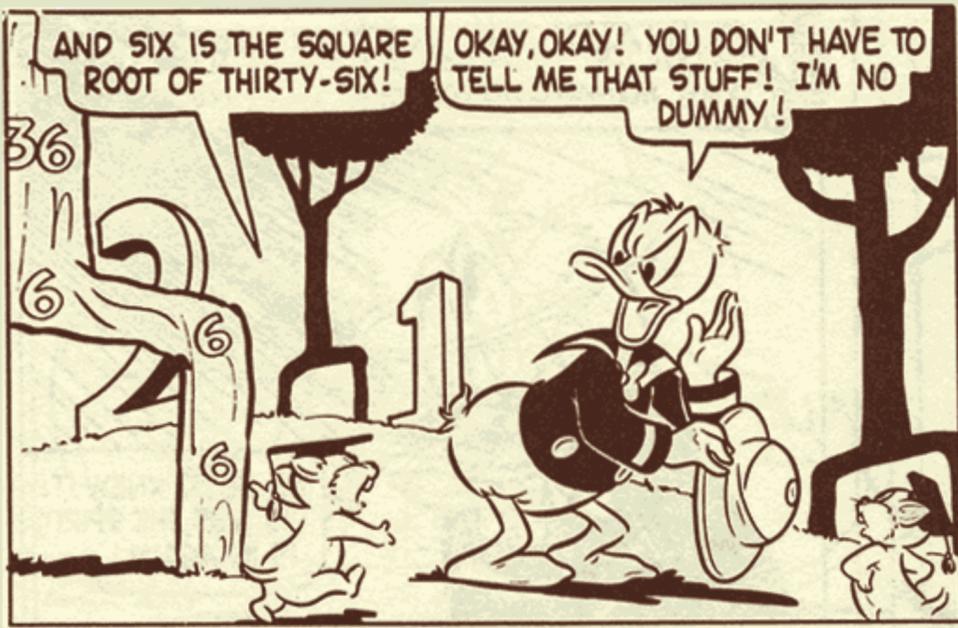


OOF!

OMIGOSH! WHAT KIND OF A...

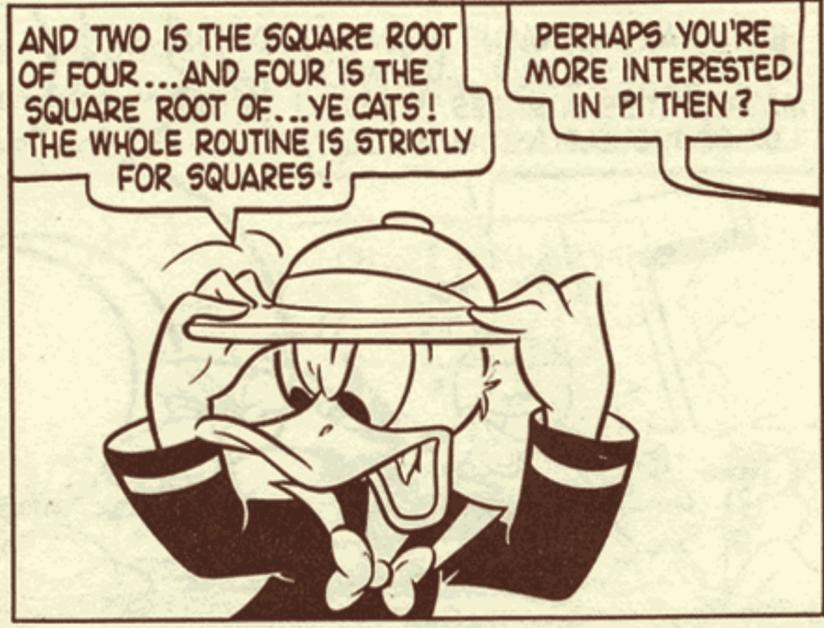


SQUARE ROOTS, DONALD! OF COURSE, YOU KNOW FIVE IS THE SQUARE ROOT OF TWENTY-FIVE!



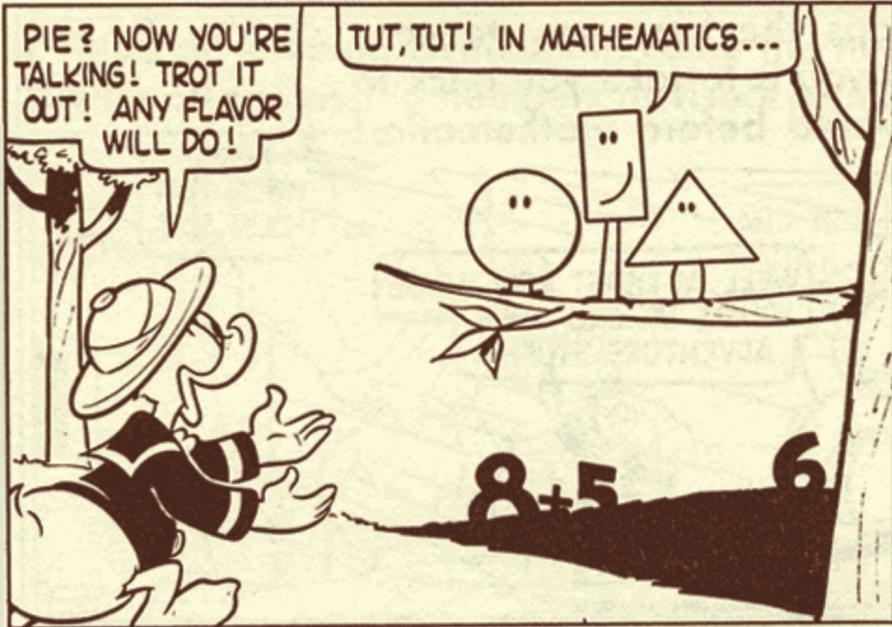
AND SIX IS THE SQUARE ROOT OF THIRTY-SIX!

OKAY, OKAY! YOU DON'T HAVE TO TELL ME THAT STUFF! I'M NO DUMMY!



AND TWO IS THE SQUARE ROOT OF FOUR... AND FOUR IS THE SQUARE ROOT OF... YE CATS! THE WHOLE ROUTINE IS STRICTLY FOR SQUARES!

PERHAPS YOU'RE MORE INTERESTED IN PI THEN?

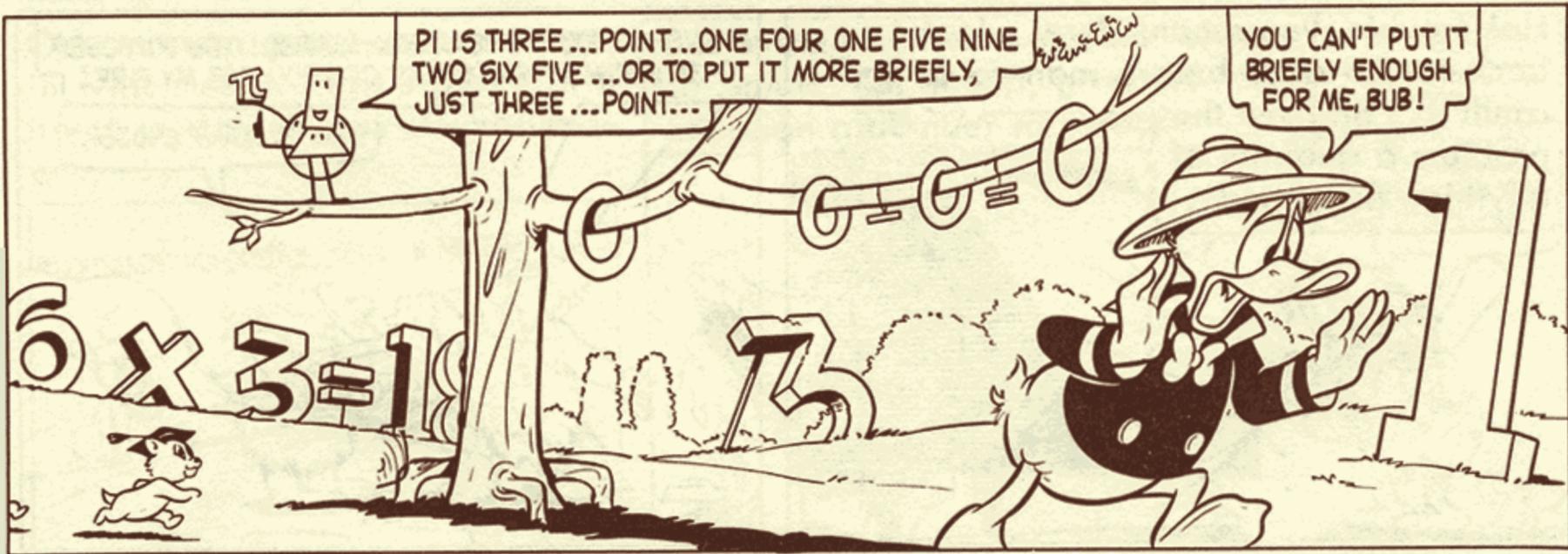


PIE? NOW YOU'RE TALKING! TROT IT OUT! ANY FLAVOR WILL DO!

TUT, TUT! IN MATHEMATICS...

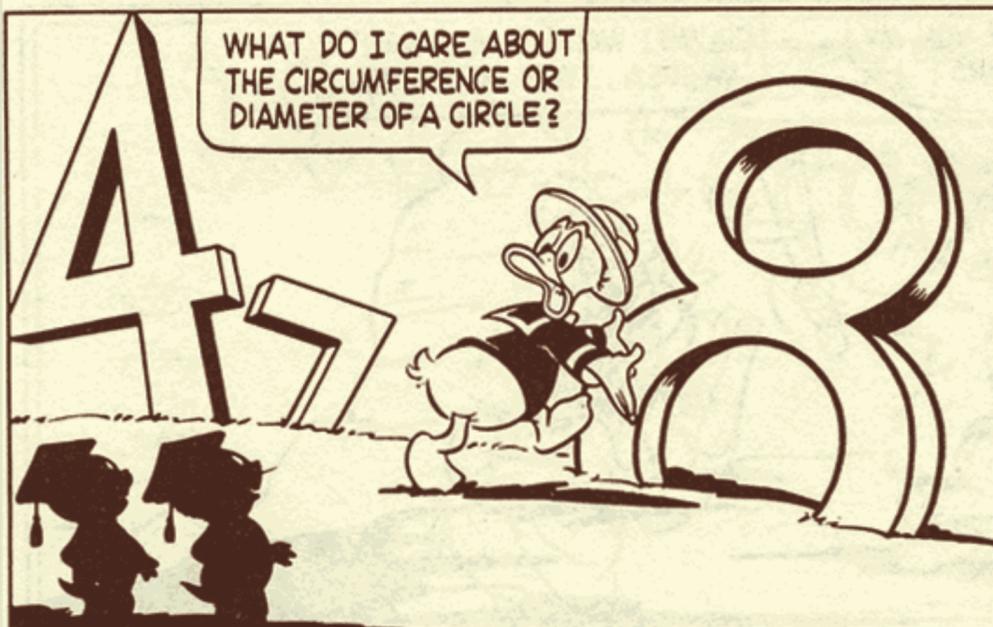


PI IS THE GREEK LETTER USED TO DESIGNATE THE RELATION OF THE CIRCUMFERENCE OF A CIRCLE TO ITS DIAMETER!

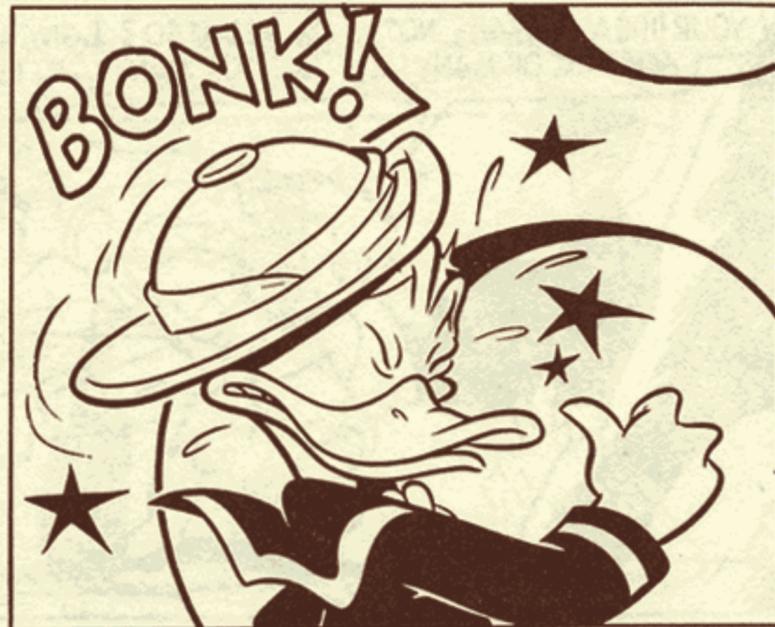


PI IS THREE...POINT...ONE FOUR ONE FIVE NINE TWO SIX FIVE...OR TO PUT IT MORE BRIEFLY, JUST THREE...POINT...

YOU CAN'T PUT IT BRIEFLY ENOUGH FOR ME, BUB!



WHAT DO I CARE ABOUT THE CIRCUMFERENCE OR DIAMETER OF A CIRCLE?



BONK!

SEE! THAT ONE WASN'T EVEN BIG ENOUGH!
IT'S JUST LIKE I SAID... THE WHOLE
MATHEMATICS BUSINESS IS JUST A
LOT OF TROUBLE AND NUISANCE!

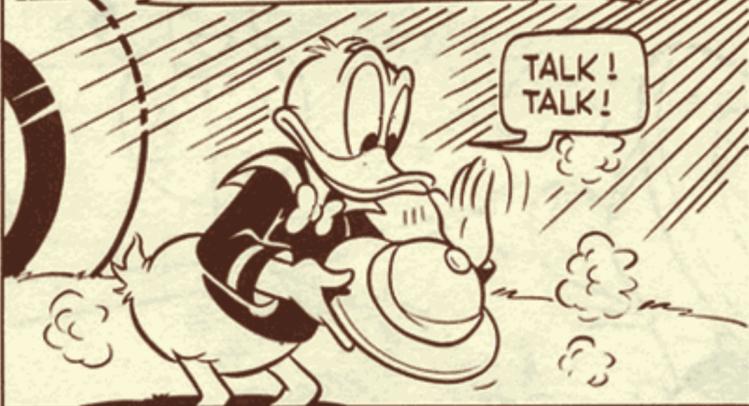


DONALD! Oh, no! You are
still so wrong!



UH-OH! I KNEW IT!
HIS NIBS, THE SPIRIT,
IS IN AGAIN!

If we judge it by the value re-
ceived, mathematics is the
queen of all sciences . . . yet
the greatest servant of man!



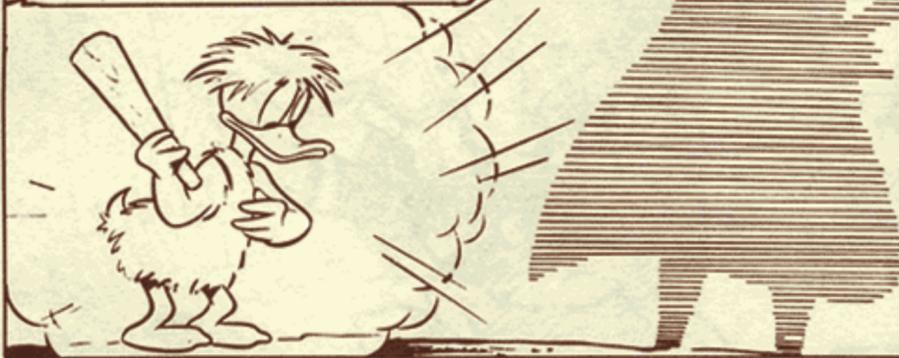
TALK!
TALK!

Perhaps the best way to con-
vince you is to take you back to
the world **before** mathematics!



WELL, AT LEAST, NOW MAYBE
YOU'RE TALKING SOME
ADVENTURE STUFF!

Ho! Trouble, you mean! Here... look
back to the days before man could
count . . . and see the
problem a quantity of
anything presented...



I GIVE-UM YOU MY BEARSKIN, MUHGOO! YOU SUPPOSED
TO GATHER ME **MANY** STICKS OF WOOD FOR MY FIRE!



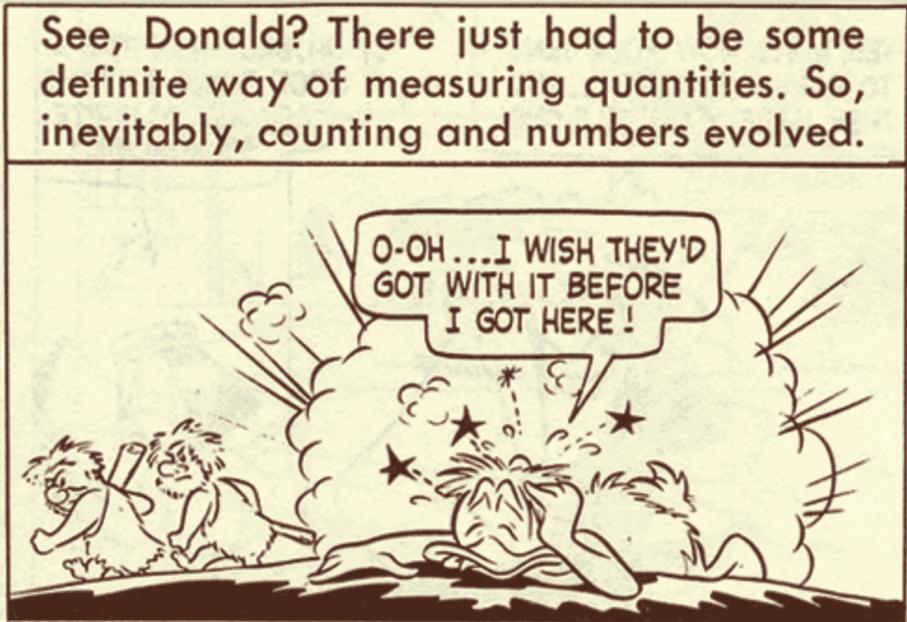
THIS IS MANY ENOUGH!

YOUR IDEA OF MANY NOT
MY IDEA OF MANY!

OH, IZZATSO? I GIVE-UM YOU MY
IDEA OF MANY... IN LUMPS!

CHUMS! WAIT! IF YOU WANT
MY IDEA... WHY DON'T YOU...

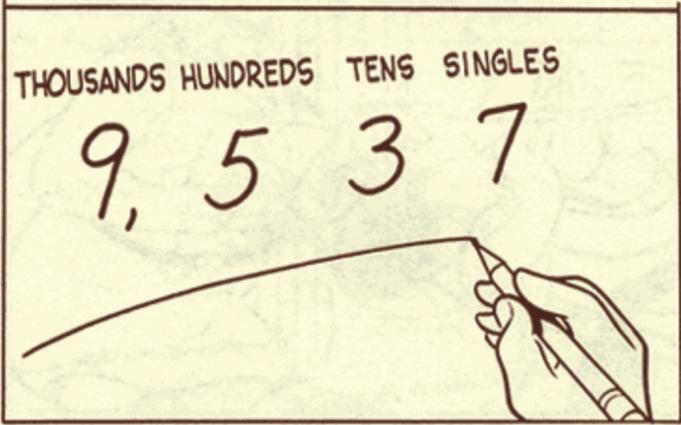




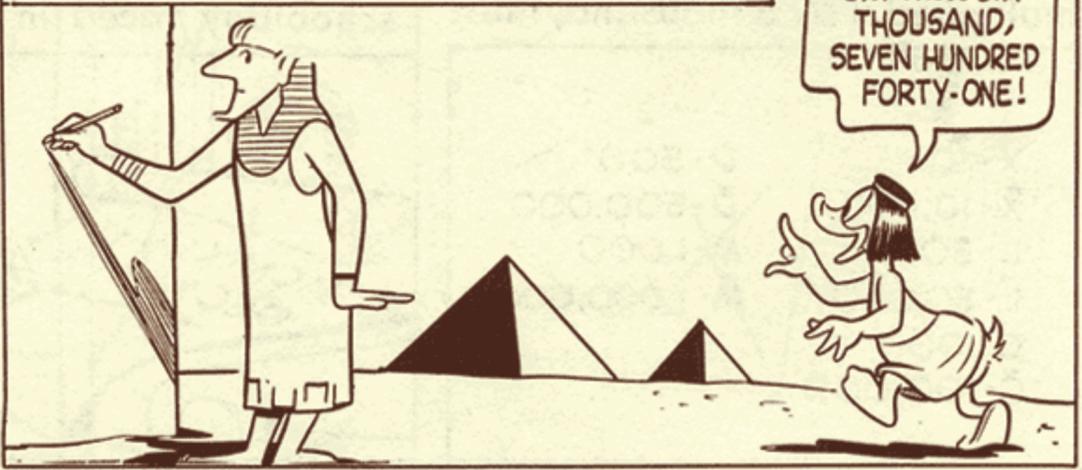
With developing civilization, came the need for some shorthand way of expressing numbers in visual terms, however.



Our modern place-value system, in which each digit's place in a number determines its value is easy . . .



But writing numbers was not always so simple. Go ahead, give this early Egyptian a number to record.



YES, YES... NOW FOUR TENS TO MAKE THE FORTY... AND THEN MERELY A SINGLE ONE!



OH, BROTHER! IT'S A GOOD THING I DIDN'T ASK HIM TO WRITE SIX MILLION!



He couldn't have done it in a day! Even centuries later, Romans were struggling with this same problem.



Look! This Roman is writing your number. For a higher one, he would need a much bigger wall!

MMMMMDCC



Later, the Romans added great range to their system by simply deciding that a line over a letter multiplied it by a thousand, thus:

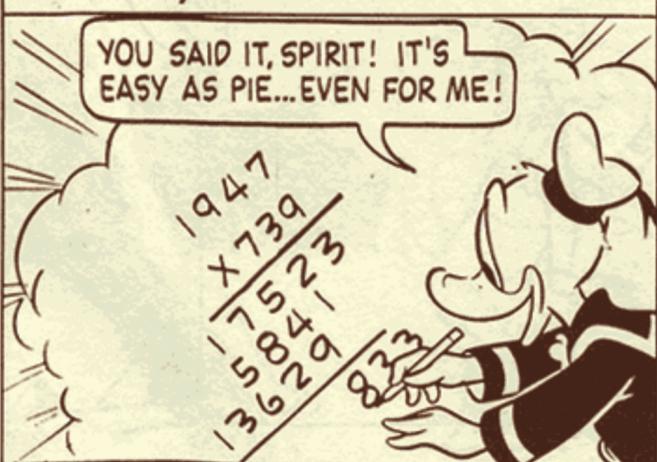
X-10	D-500
\bar{X} -10,000	\bar{D} -500,000
L-50	M-1,000
\bar{L} -50,000	\bar{M} -1,000,000
C-100	
\bar{C} -100,000	

We still use Roman numerals to number book chapters or a succession of kings... but think what a Roman schoolboy faced in arithmetic!



Today you can do the same problem easily with our place-value system.

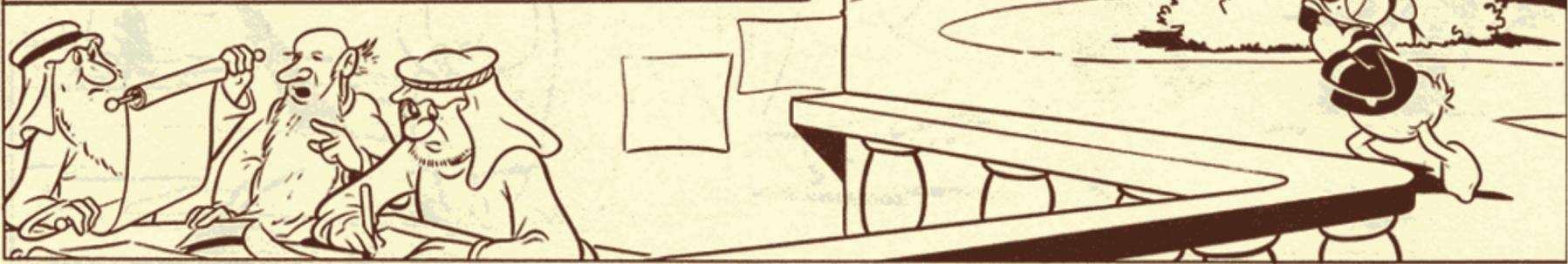
YOU SAID IT, SPIRIT! IT'S EASY AS PIE... EVEN FOR ME!



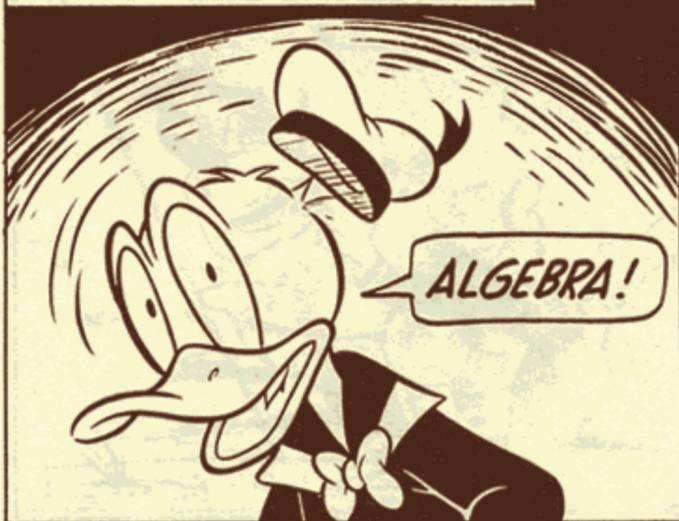
Our versatile digits were invented by an unknown Hindu... but we call them Arabic numbers, because Arabs introduced them to the European world in about the 9th century.



Among the Arabs there were many learned mathematicians. In Bagdad... Damascus... even in the Arabic universities of conquered Spain, they made great progress in an advanced form of mathematics they called **Al-Jabr**... meaning to "bind together."



Don't you recognize it, Donald? **ALGEBRA!**



OH, NO! HERE'S WHERE I GET OFF, MISTER SPIRIT OF MATHEMATICS! I'M WILLING TO ADMIT ARITHMETIC COMES IN HANDY, BUT...

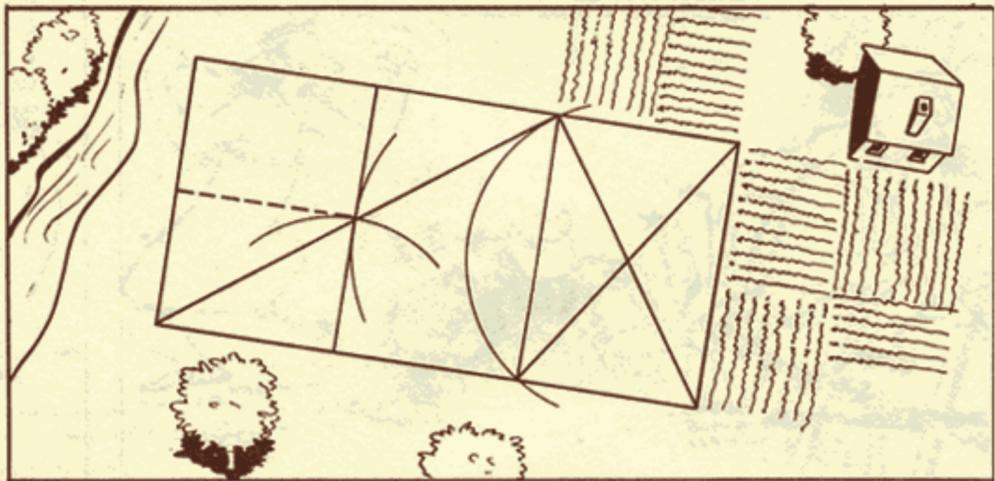


NEXT YOU'LL BE RINGING IN GEOMETRY AND TRIGONOMETRY AND ALL THOSE COMPLICATED FLAVORS!

Every branch of mathematics was developed to meet a need, Donald...



Geometry, for instance, is from a Greek word meaning "measurement of the earth"... because that was the great need that produced it.



Even long before the Greeks made geometry an exact science, the Egyptians developed knowledge of it to help re-establish property lines wiped out by frequent floodings of the river Nile.



They learned a lot about triangles, rectangles, and other shapes dealt with in geometry.

I KNOW THE BOUNDARIES OF MY FIELD CAN BE SIGHTED FROM THESE MARKERS...AND BY EXTENDING THE SIDES OF THIS RIGHT ANGLE...

HOLD ON, RAHMA HO!



ANYBODY CAN SEE YOUR MARKERS DO NOT MAKE A RIGHT ANGLE! IT DOES NOT MEET THE TRIANGLE TEST!

I SAY IT'S A RIGHT ANGLE!



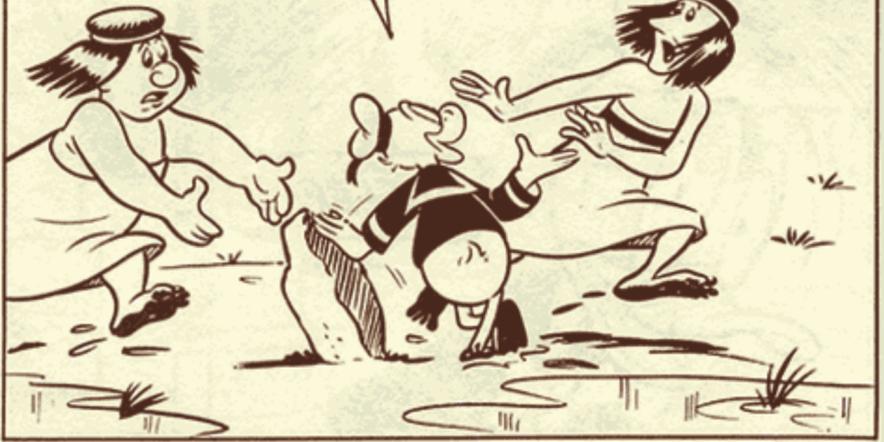
I LEAVE IT TO YOU, STRANGER! SHOULD NOT A TRUE RIGHT ANGLE FIT A TRIANGLE WHOSE SIDES MEASURE FIVE BY FOUR BY THREE?

UH...ER, WELL...



HEH... WHEN IT COMES TO THIS KIND OF MATHEMATICS, CHUMS... IT'S MY DAY OFF! HEH... I'M JUST A TOURIST, YOU SEE!

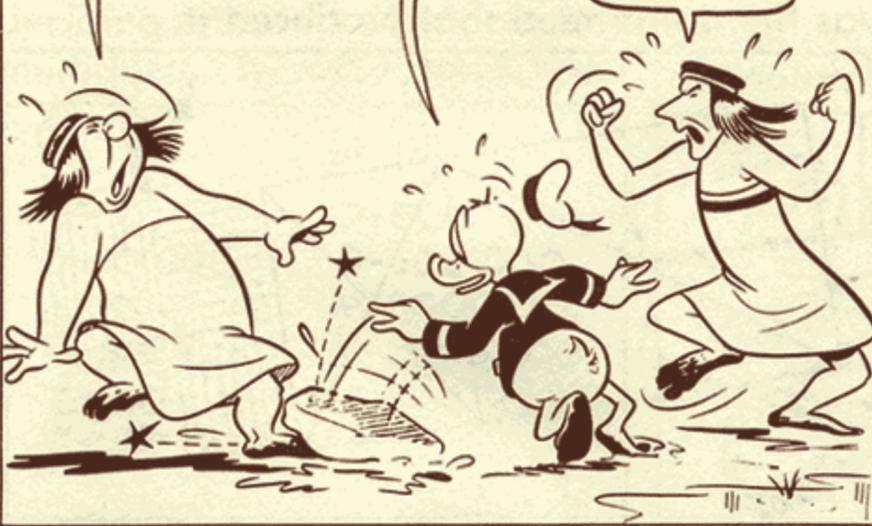
LOOK OUT! THAT MARKER...



OW!

OOOPS! SORRY!

OH-H, YOU CLUMSY OAF!



NOW YOU'VE MOVED IT IN RAHMA'S FAVOR!

MY FAVOR? WHOSE TOE DID IT LAND ON?

BUT, FELLAS...



SCOUNDREL!

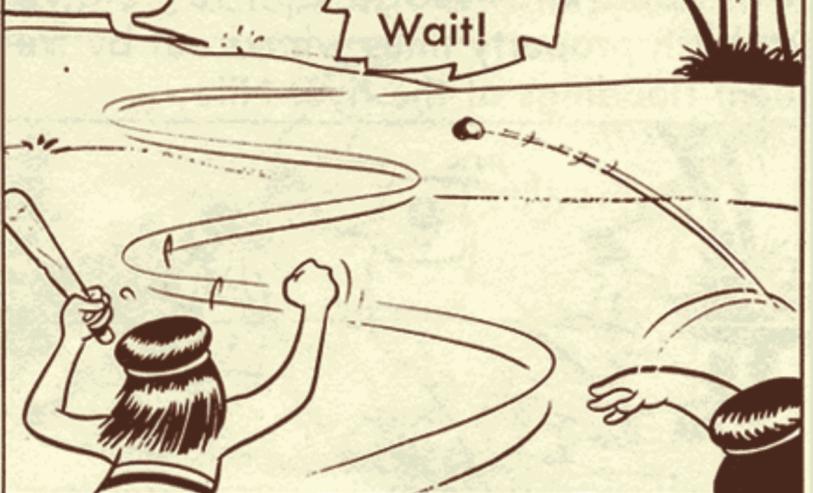
INTERLOPER!

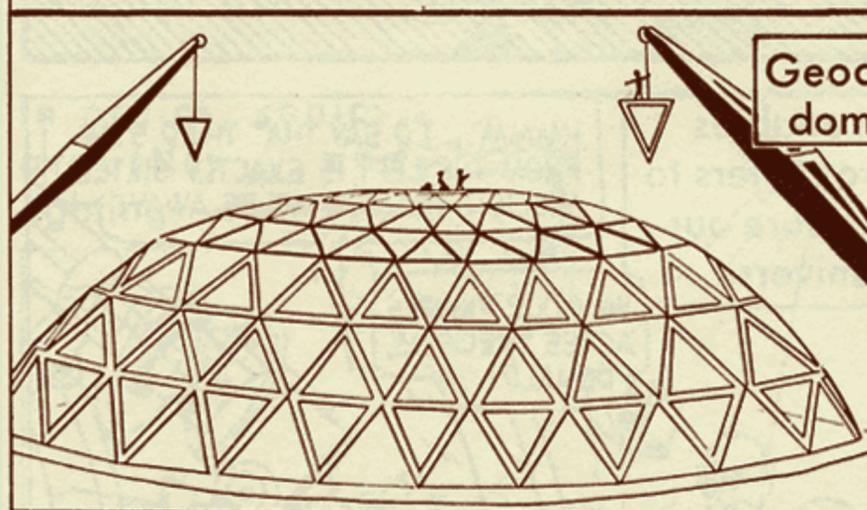
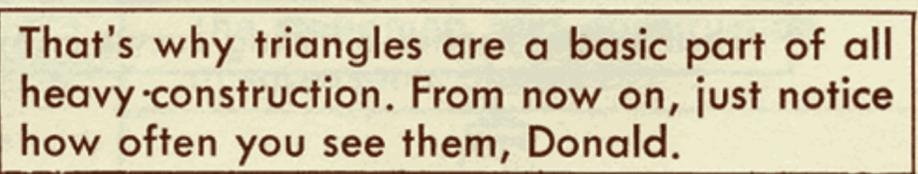
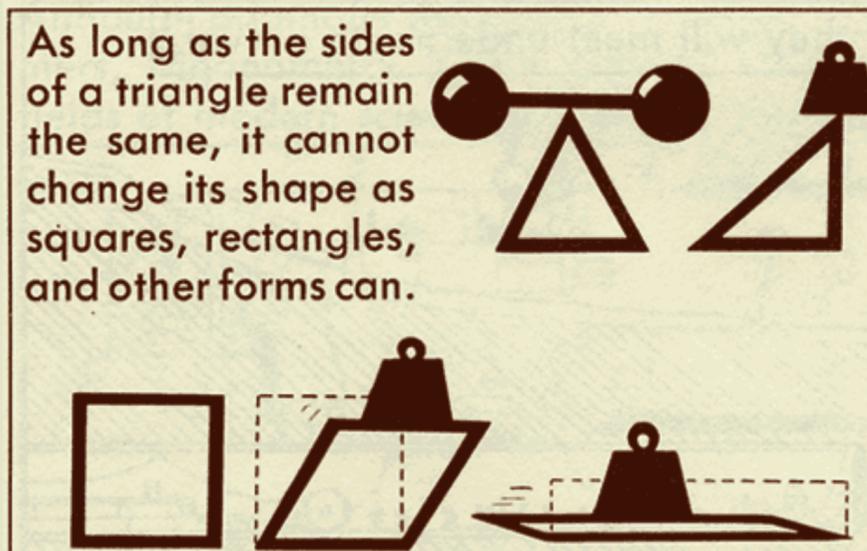
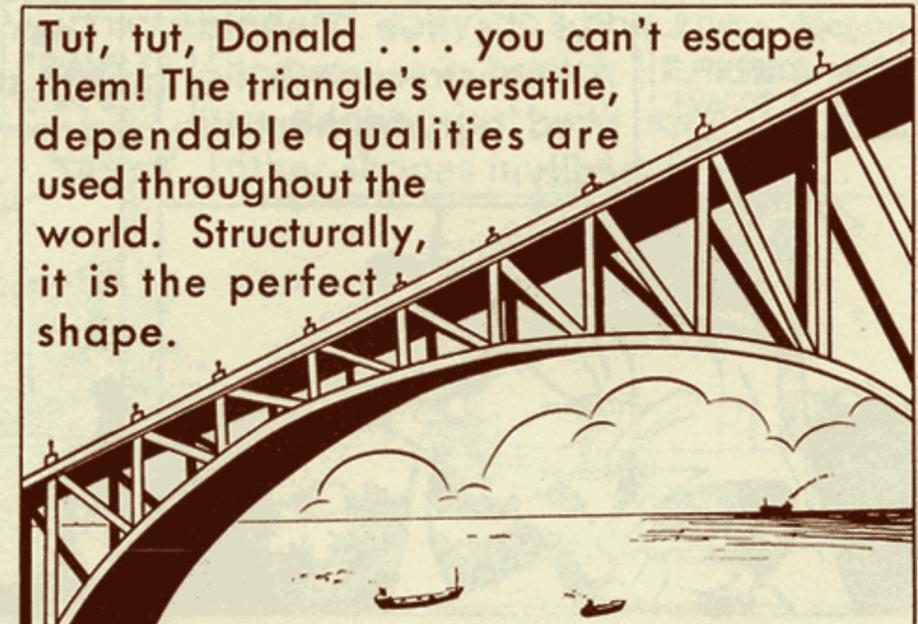
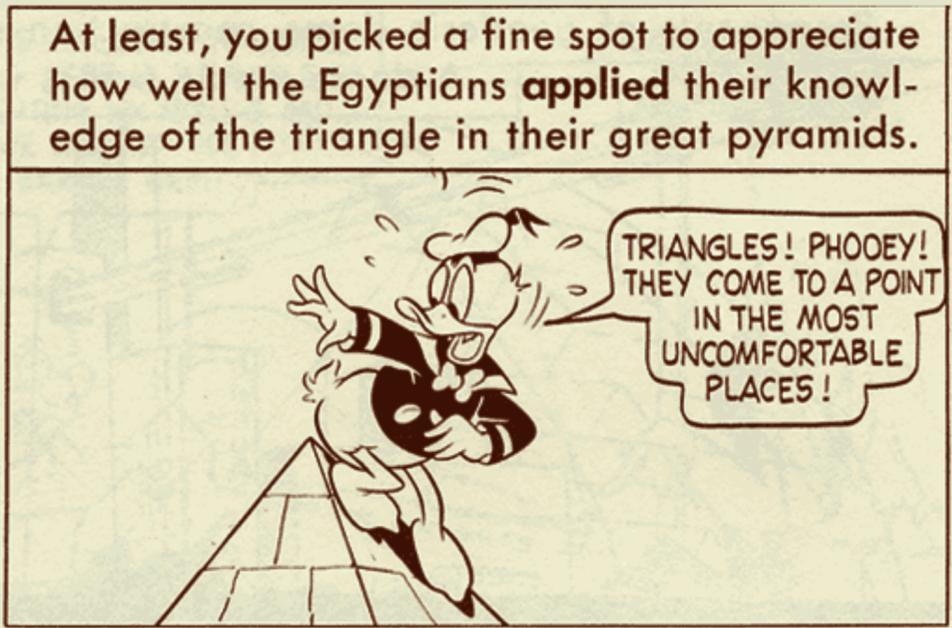
I DIDN'T DO IT ON PURPOSE! I DON'T KNOW A RIGHT TRIANGLE...



FROM A KIPPERED HERRING!

Donald! Donald! Wait!





Yes, you're so right, Donald. The framework of these structures consists exclusively of triangles, each exerting such equal weight and stress that no uprights are needed for support.

Proponents of geodesic dome construction say there is theoretically no size limit.
A dome a mile across would be possible.



SILLY! THEY JUST FIGURE IT OUT MATHEMATICALLY!

HUMPH! EVEN FROM SQUIRRELS I GET IT TODAY!

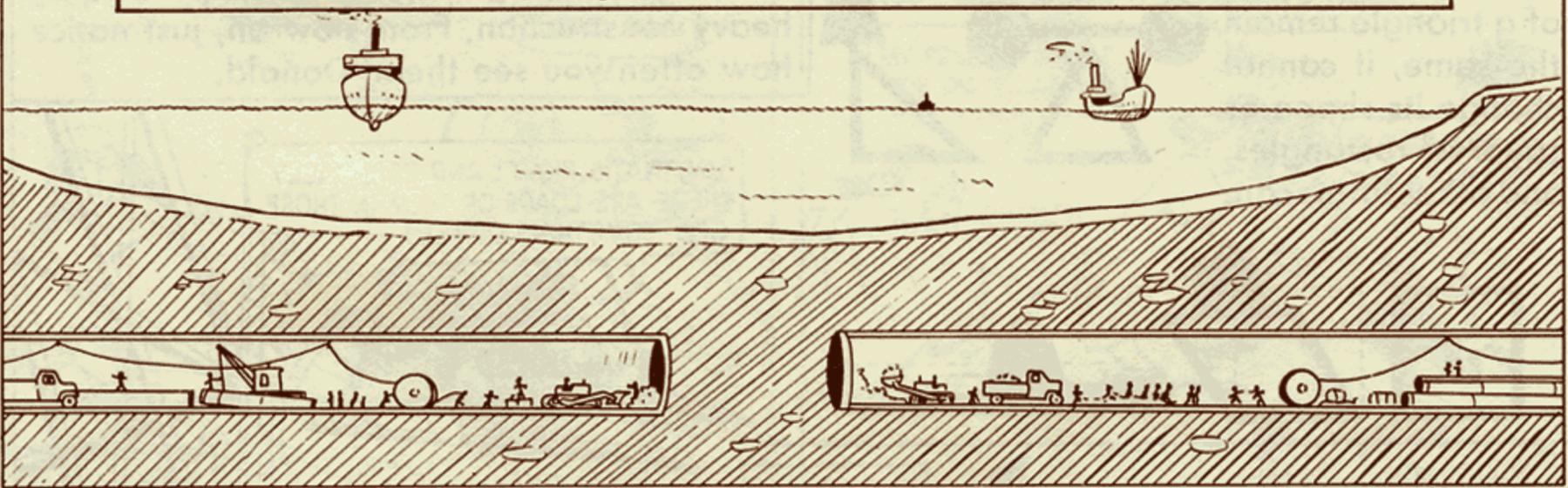
But it's true, Donald! All construction is figured out mathematically.



That's how architects, engineers, and builders are sure of results before construction starts.



That's how tunnel building crews know they will meet underneath a river.



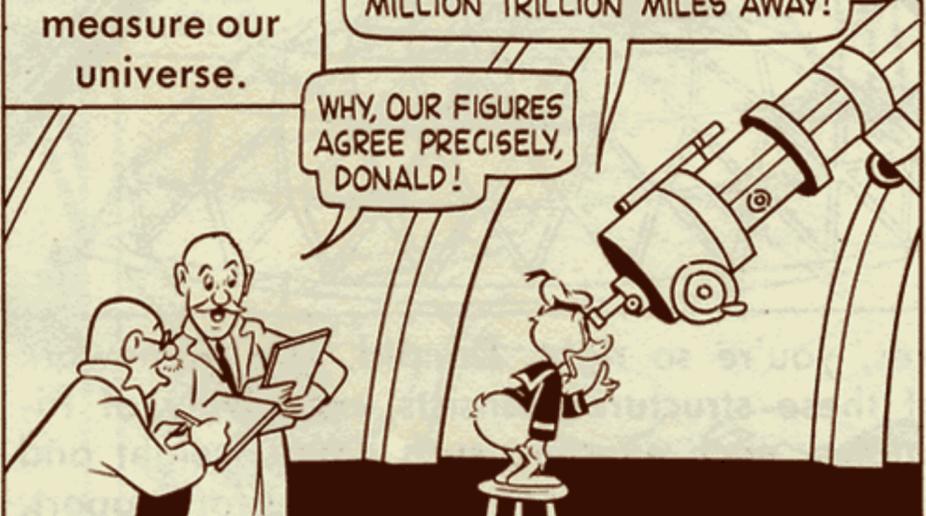
Yes, you will have to look hard to find a job where mathematics is not important.

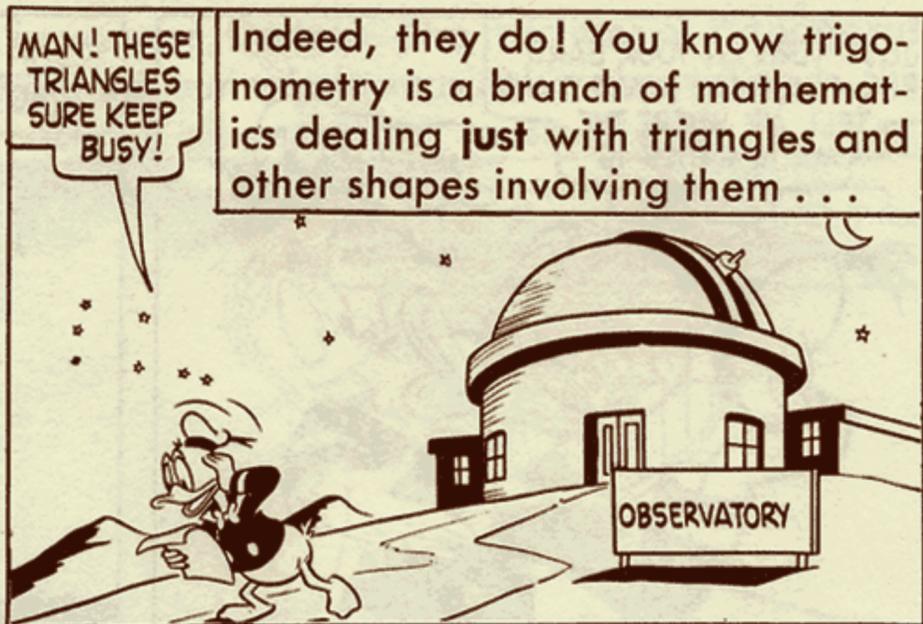
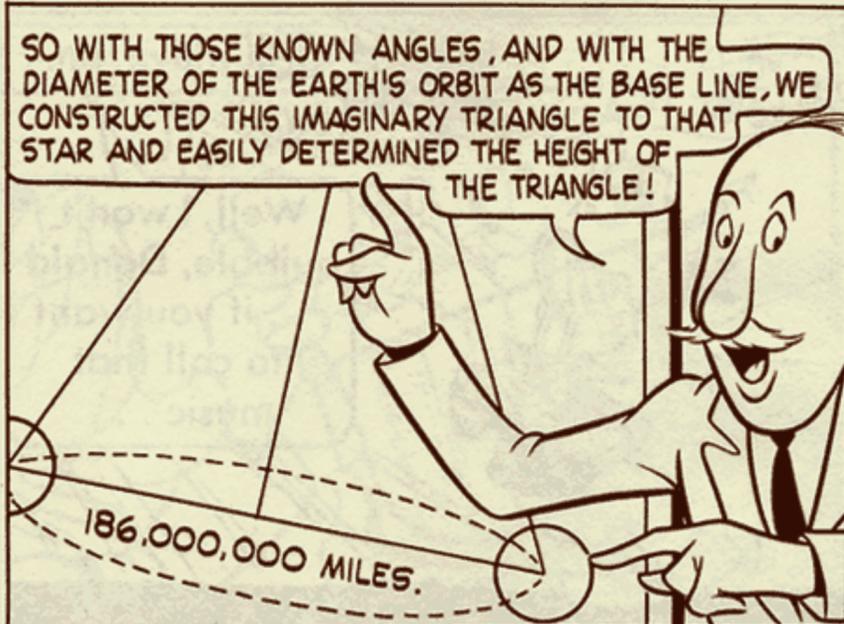
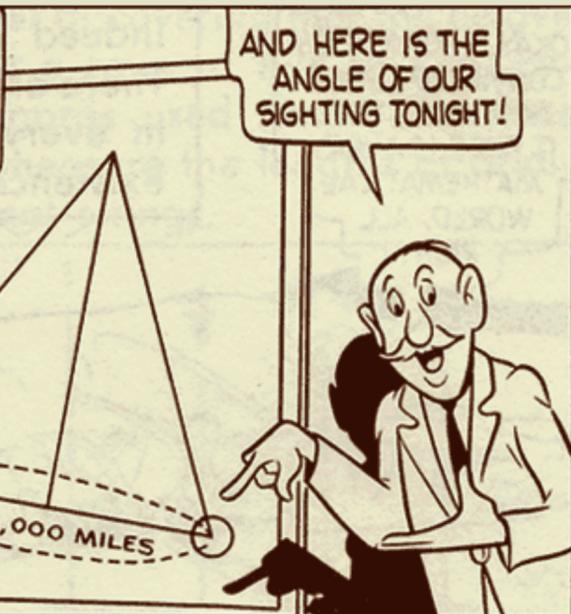


It enables astronomers to measure our universe.

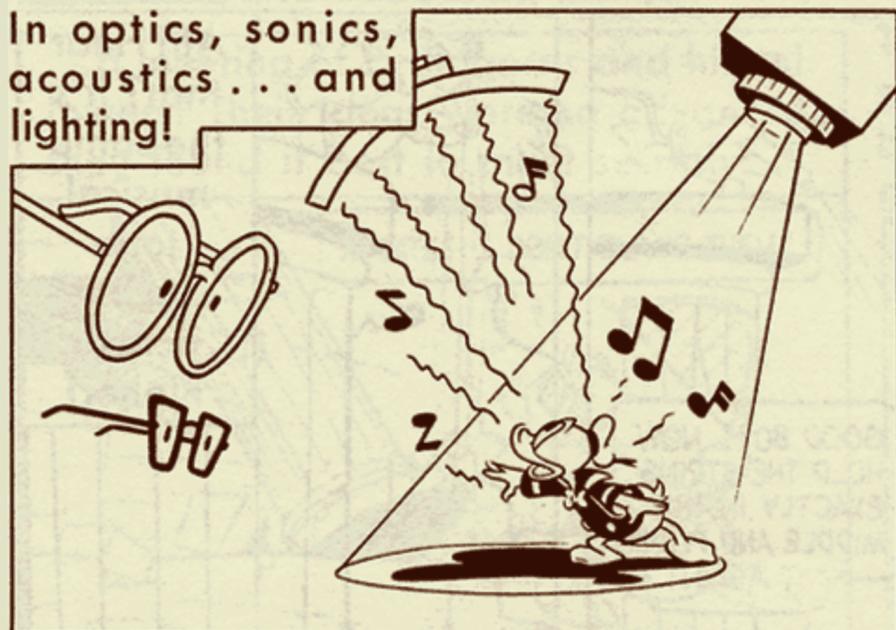
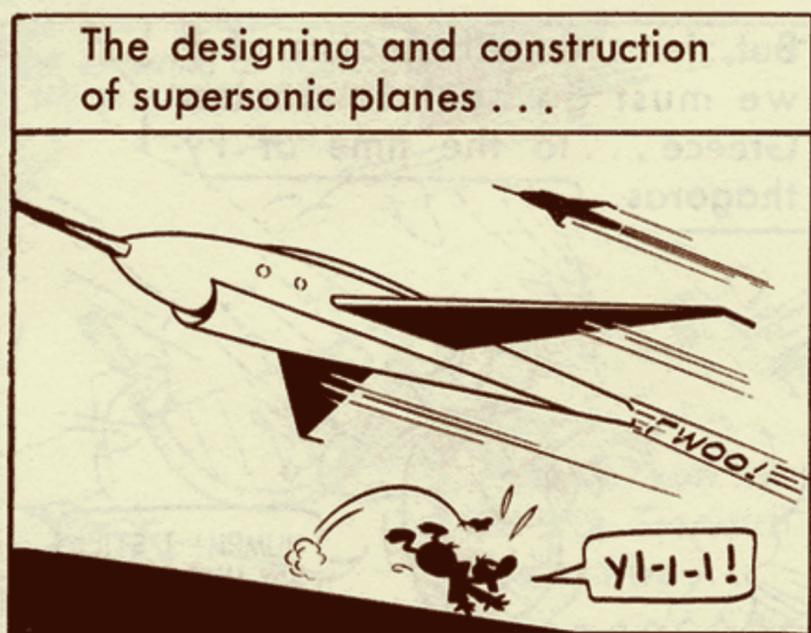
HMMM... I'D SAY THAT THIRD STAR FROM THE LEFT IS EXACTLY SIXTEEN MILLION TRILLION MILES AWAY!

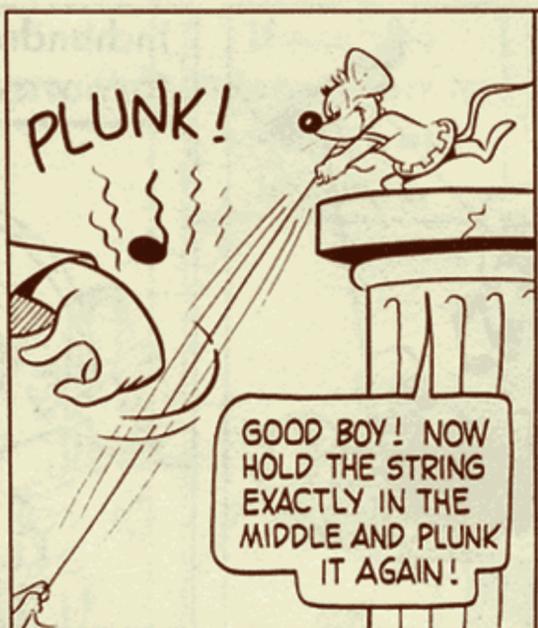
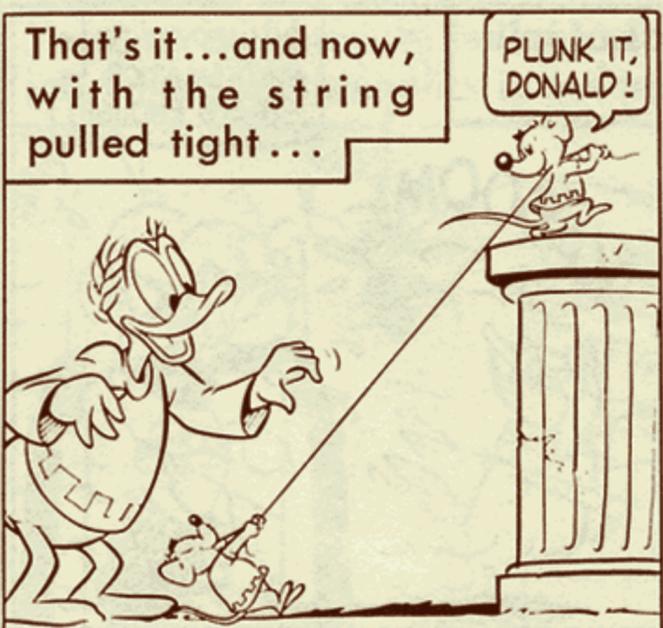
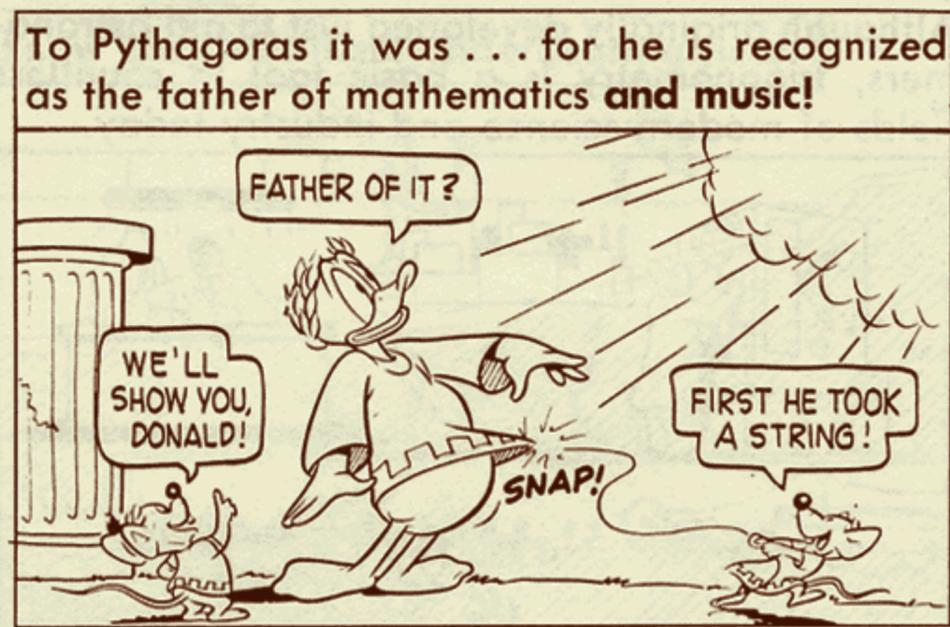
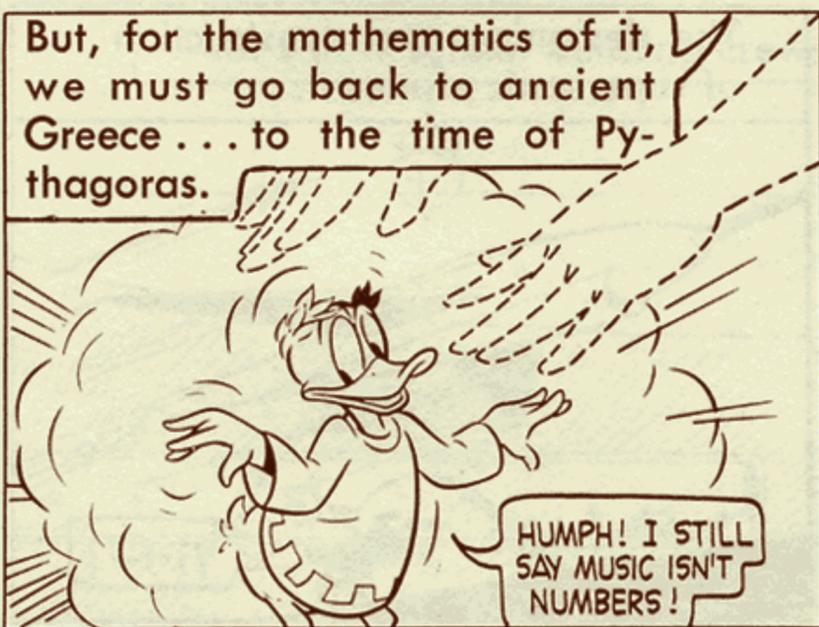
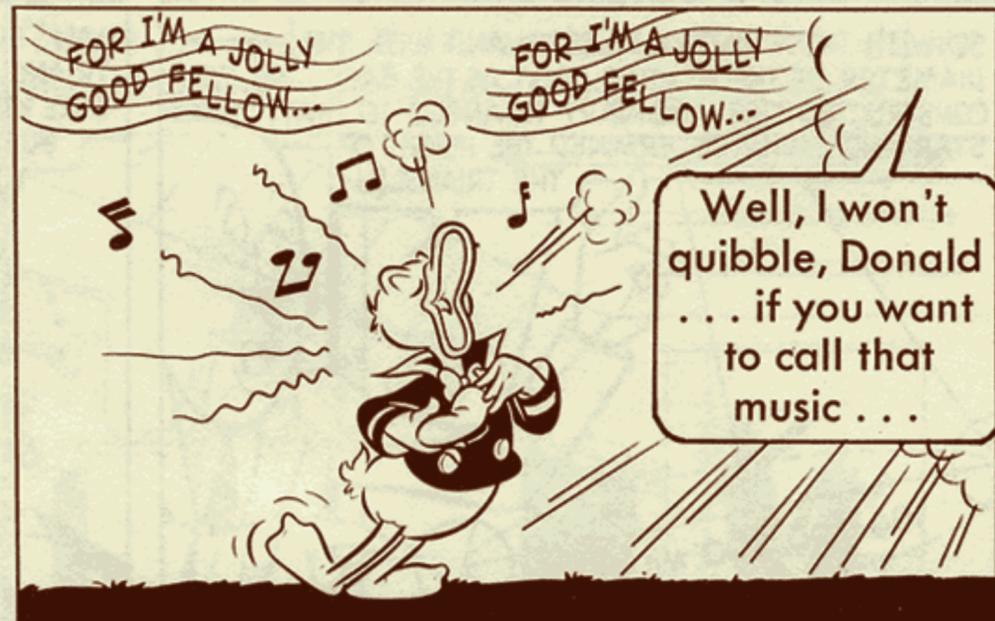
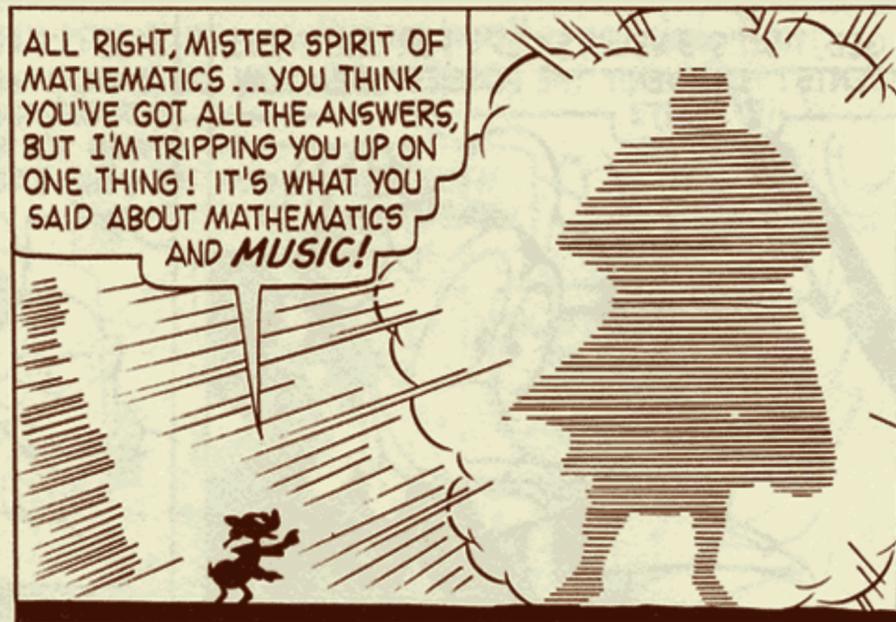
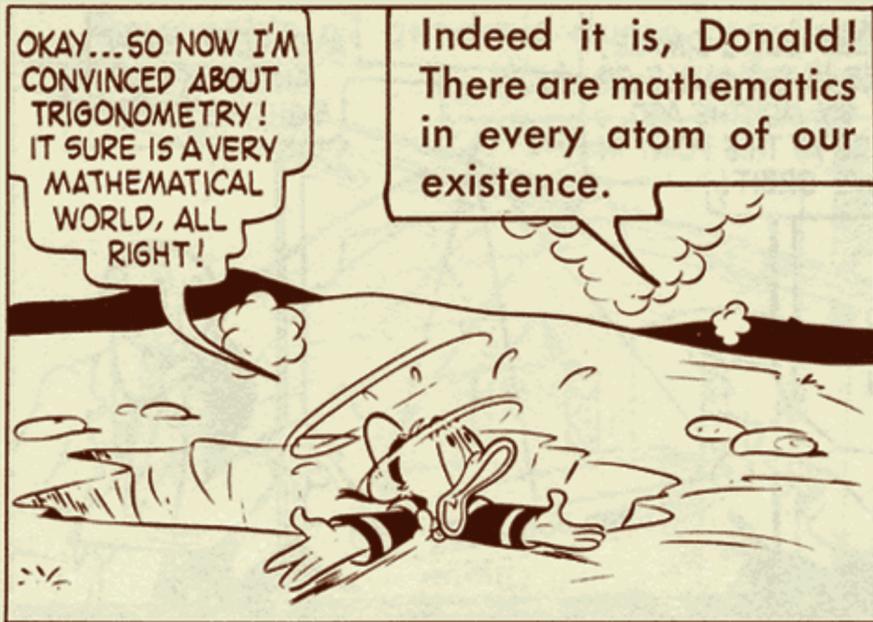
WHY, OUR FIGURES AGREE PRECISELY, DONALD!



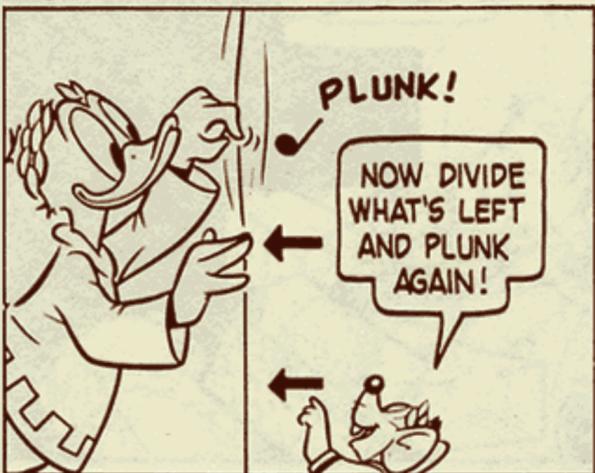


Although originally developed just to aid astronomers, trigonometry is a basic tool in countless fields of modern science and industry today.





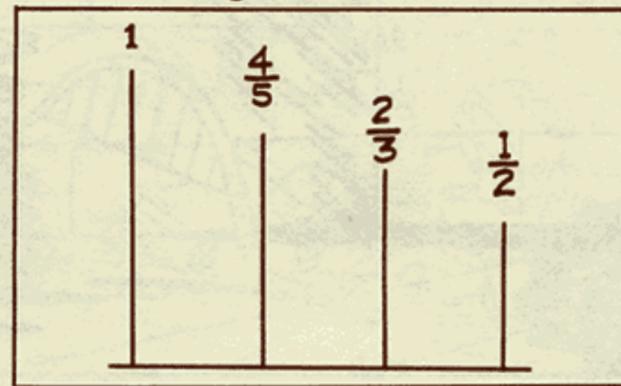
Now divide the next section in half. That's it...now plunk again.



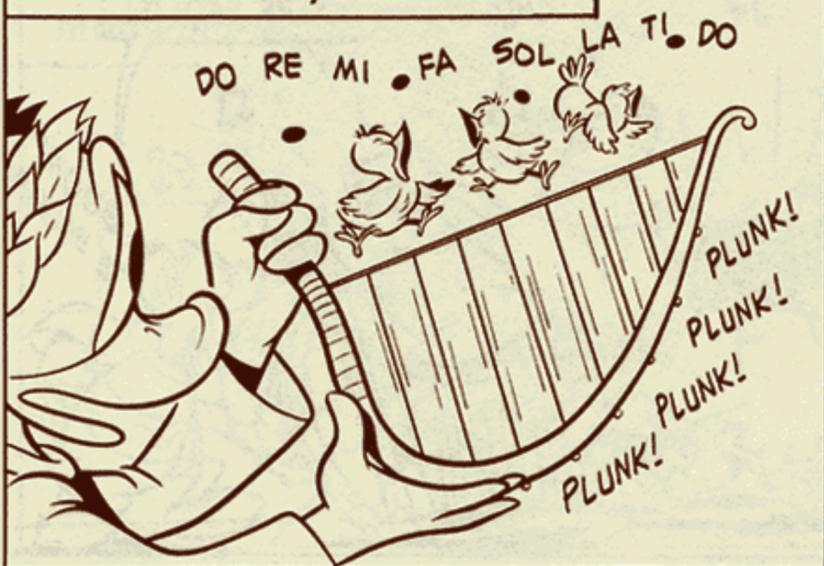
Each time, your note is one octave higher.



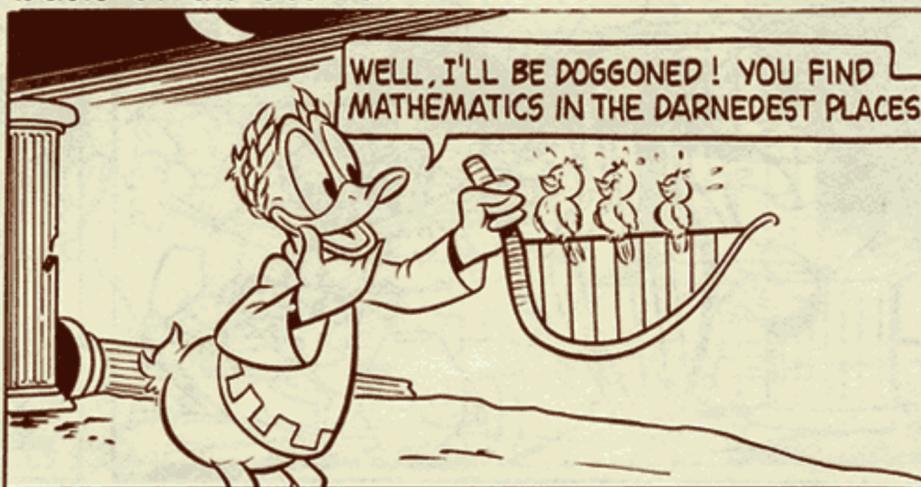
After discovering that the octave had a ratio of two to one, Pythagoras used simple fractions to measure the lengths of additional strings.



And eventually created ...



So you see, Donald? The fractions of Pythagoras created our whole musical scale, which is the basis of all occidental music.

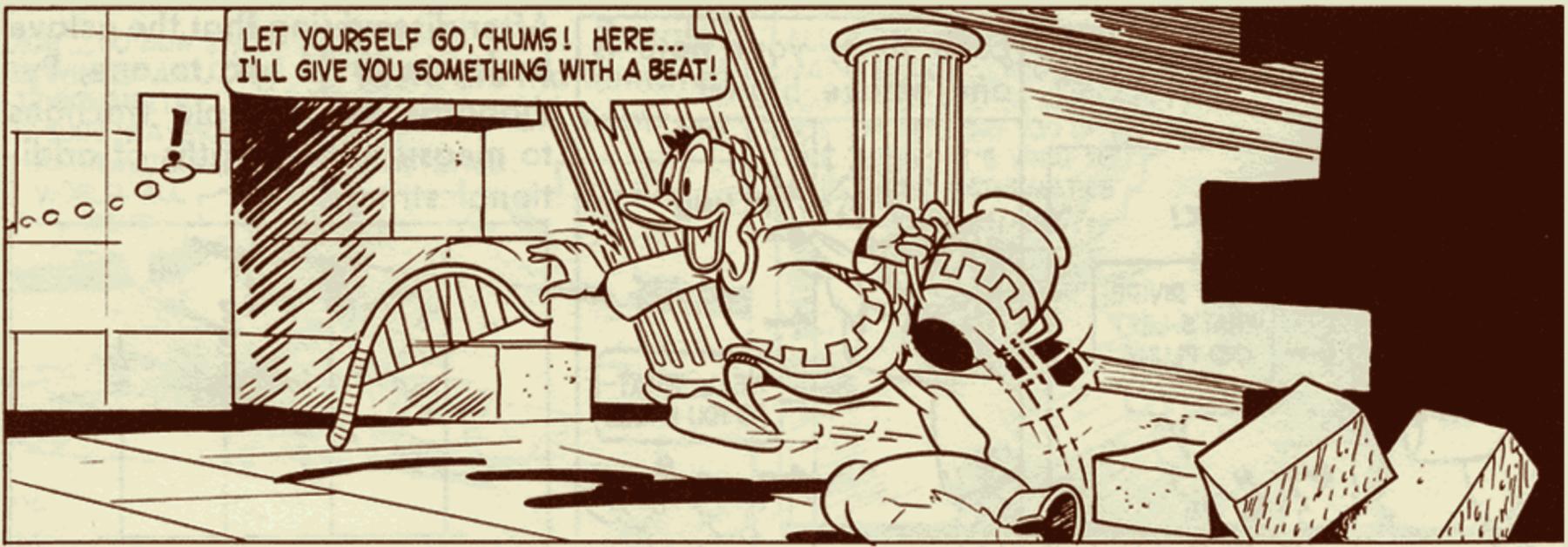


...a meeting of Pythagoras and his followers! Their ideas were so advanced, they found it best to meet secretly.



Their gatherings usually dealt with serious and weighty subjects... but it sounds as if Pythagoras' musical scale is tonight's topic.





LET YOURSELF GO, CHUMS! HERE... I'LL GIVE YOU SOMETHING WITH A BEAT!



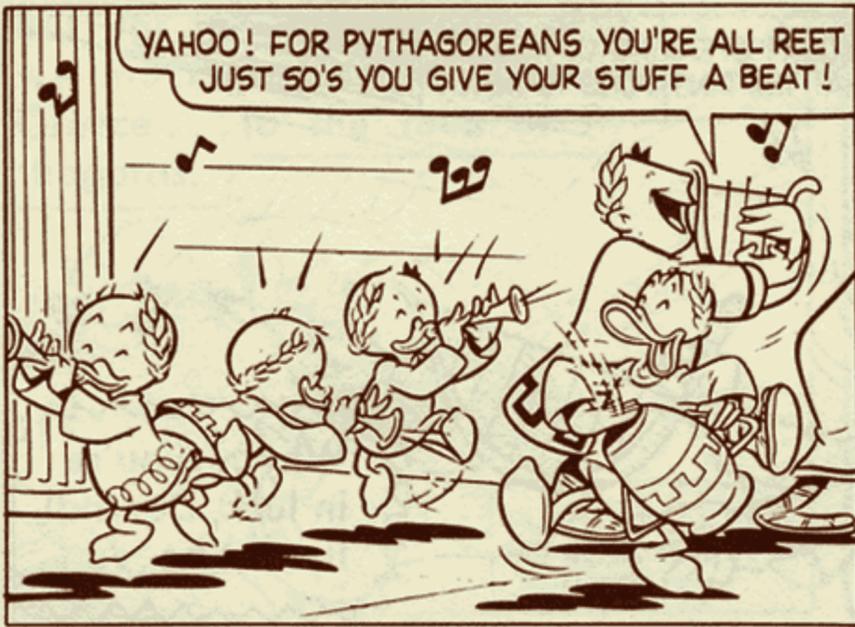
BOOM TEE TE BOOM!
TEE TEE BOOMP TE BO!

DEET DEET DAH DO DAH
DO DATIC... HIT IT, BOYS
... IT'S MATHEMATIC!

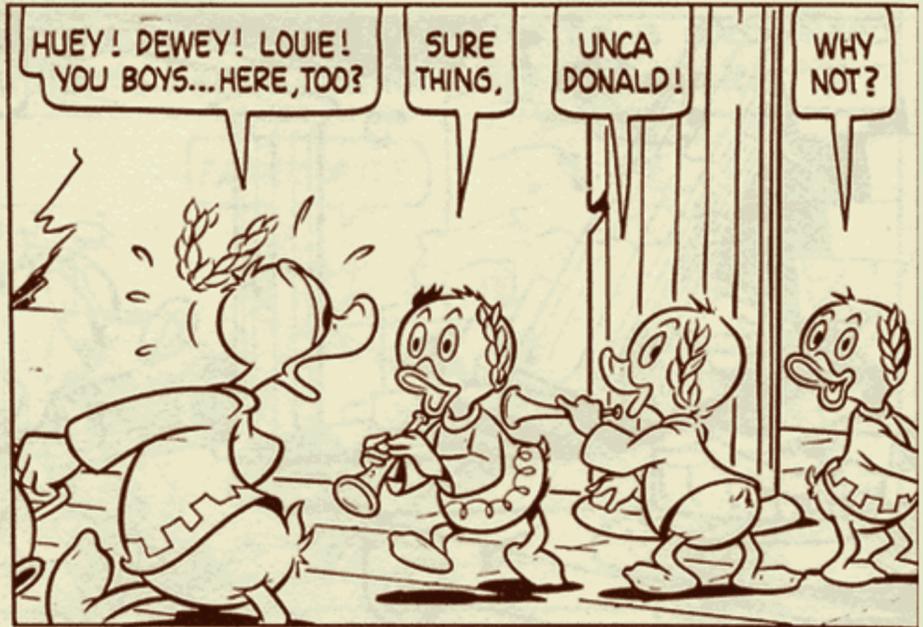


THAT'S IT, CATS! NOW YOU'RE WITH IT!

BOOMP!
TEE BOOMP!



YAHOO! FOR PYTHAGOREANS YOU'RE ALL REET
JUST SO'S YOU GIVE YOUR STUFF A BEAT!

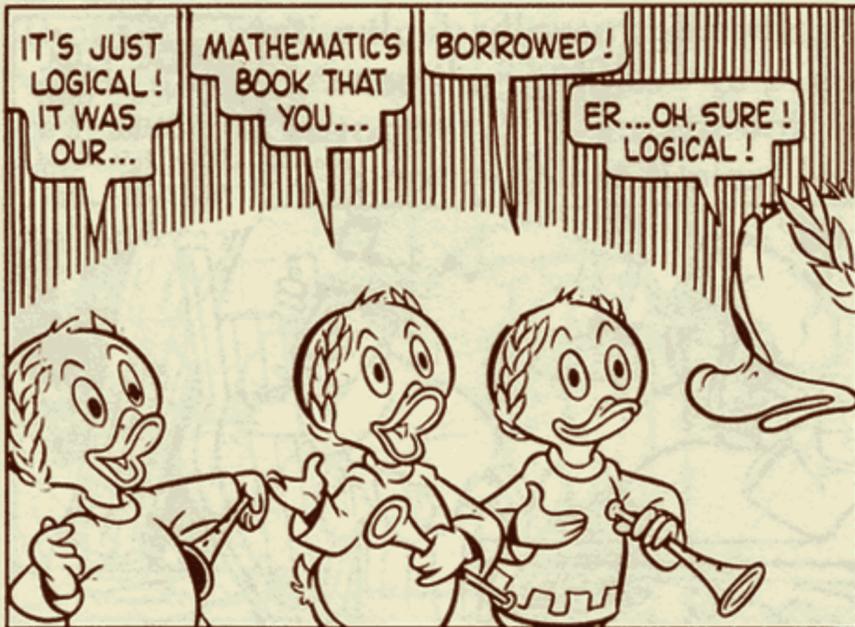


HUEY! DEWEY! LOUIE!
YOU BOYS... HERE, TOO?

SURE THING.

UNCA DONALD!

WHY NOT?



IT'S JUST LOGICAL!
IT WAS OUR...

MATHEMATICS BOOK THAT YOU...

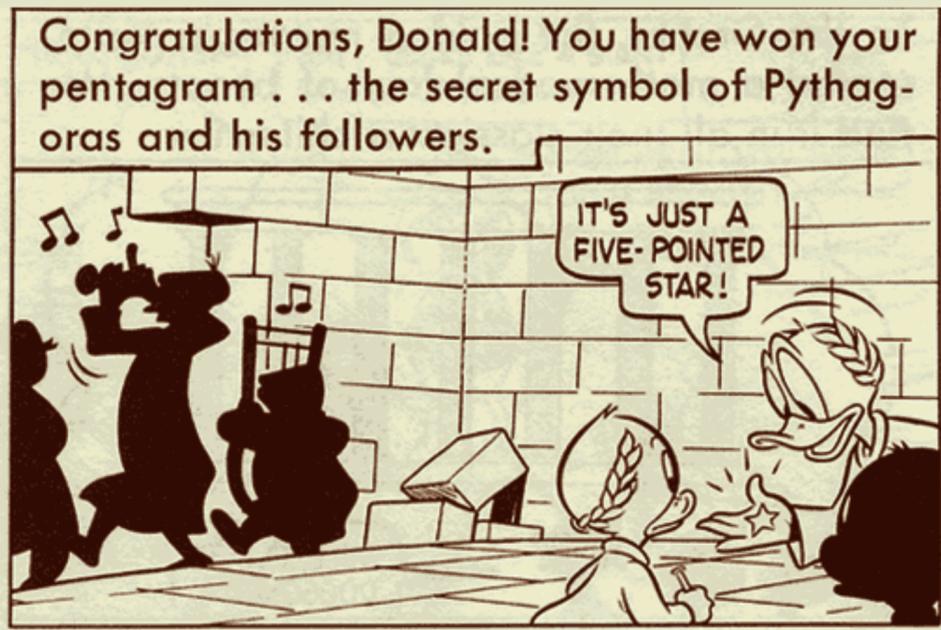
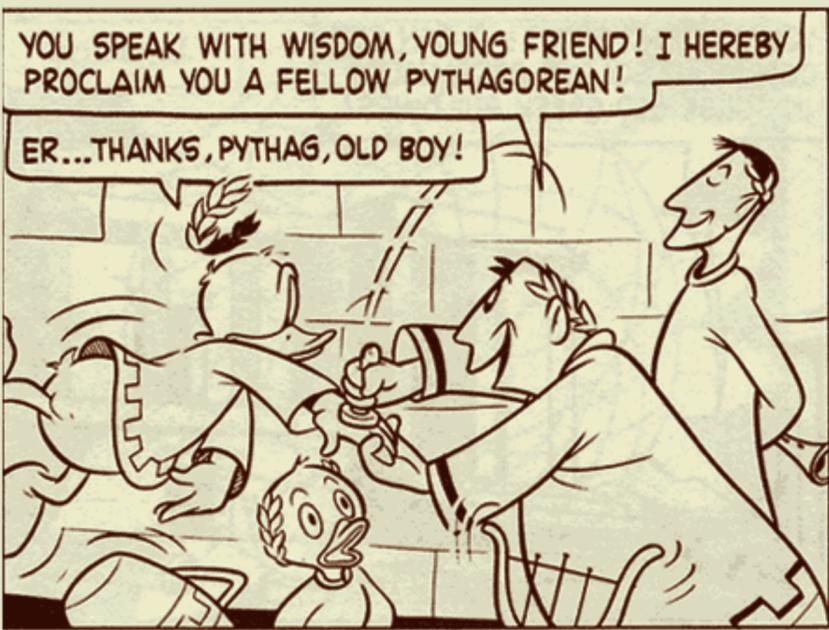
BORROWED!

ER... OH, SURE!
LOGICAL!



HERE, IN MATHMAGIC LAND, I WON'T BE SURPRISED AT ANYTHING ANY MORE!

HEH, HEH!



Ho! It's much more than that, Donald. Within the pentagram, Pythagoras discovered **mathematical** proportions, which influenced art and architecture from then on.



The two shorter lines making up the length of the third line, and the second and third lines making up the length of the fourth . . . gave them the proportions of their famous "golden section."

Hidden within the pentagram is also the secret for creating . . .

... from its golden triangle . . .

...the... GOLDEN RECTANGLE

Which the Greeks admired for its beautiful proportions and its magic qualities.

This particular rectangle is a most remarkable shape. It can mathematically reproduce itself over and over, indefinitely.

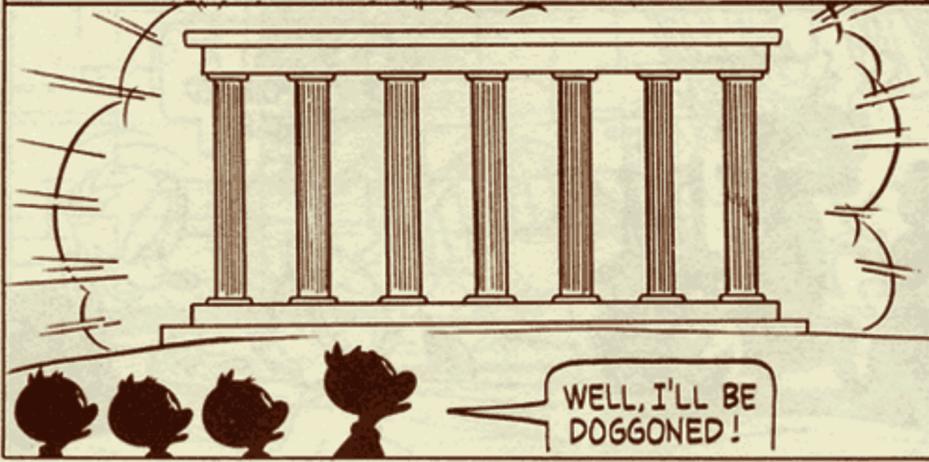
Simply by swinging a short side to create a smaller brother . . .

... or by swinging a long side to create . . .

... a larger one . . . and still larger ones!

Large or small, they always retain the same proportion.

To the Greeks, the golden rectangle represented a mathematical law of beauty. We find it in all their classical architecture.



YOU'RE RIGHT, SPIRIT! I CAN SEE OODLES OF GOLDEN RECTANGLES IN THESE OLD GREEK BUILDINGS!



And you can see them in Greek sculpture.



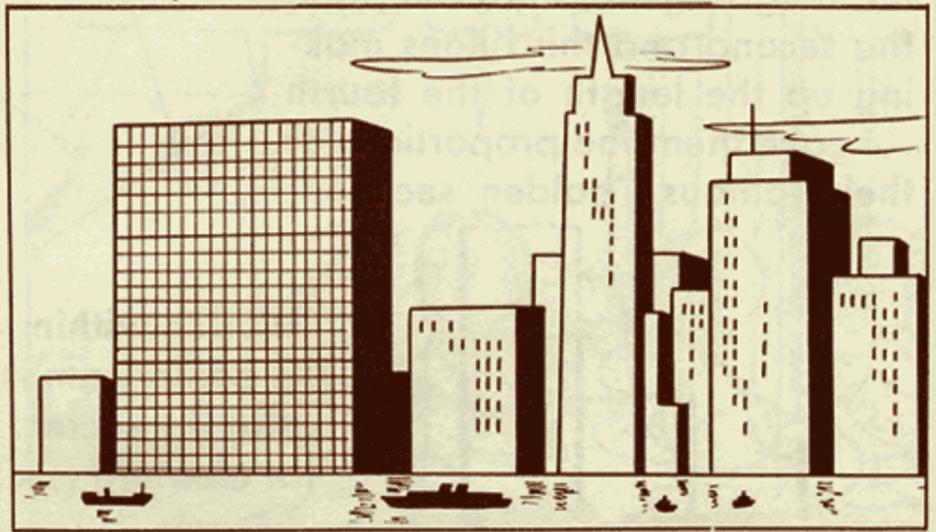
For hundreds of years, the golden rectangle dominated the idea of beauty in the western world. In architecture . . .



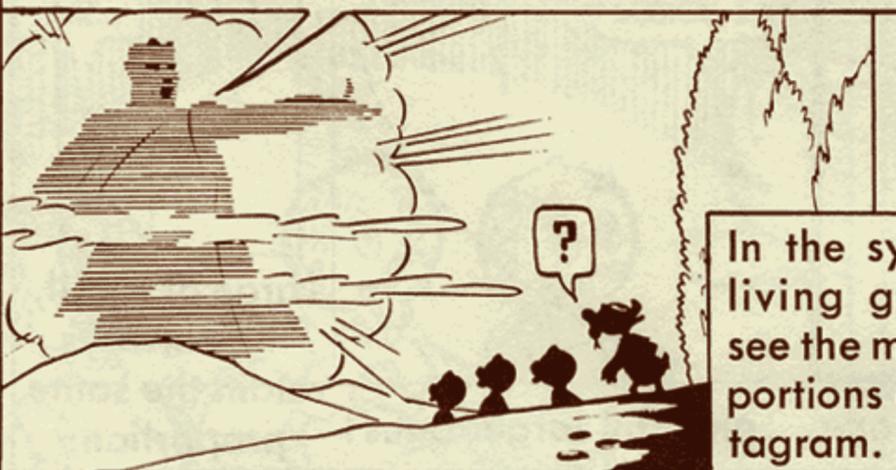
In the works of great painters . . .



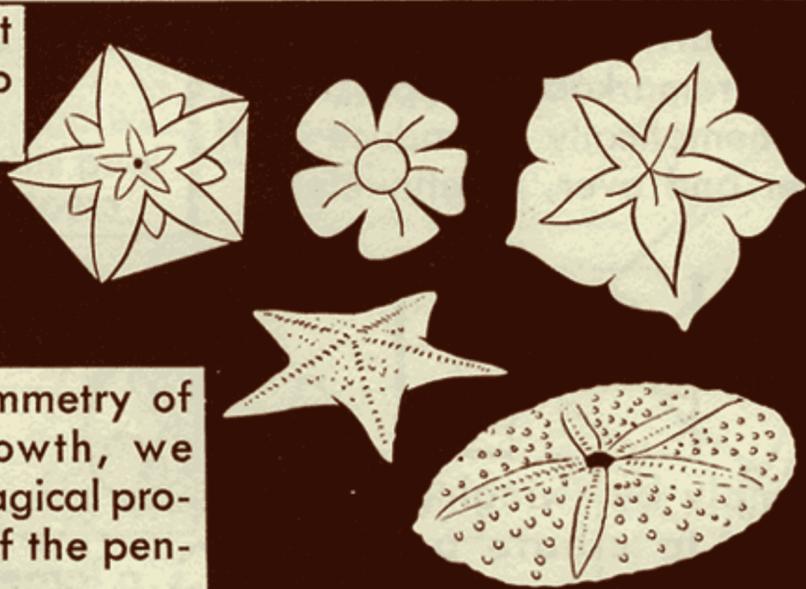
And, even today, the golden rectangle is very much a part of our modern world.

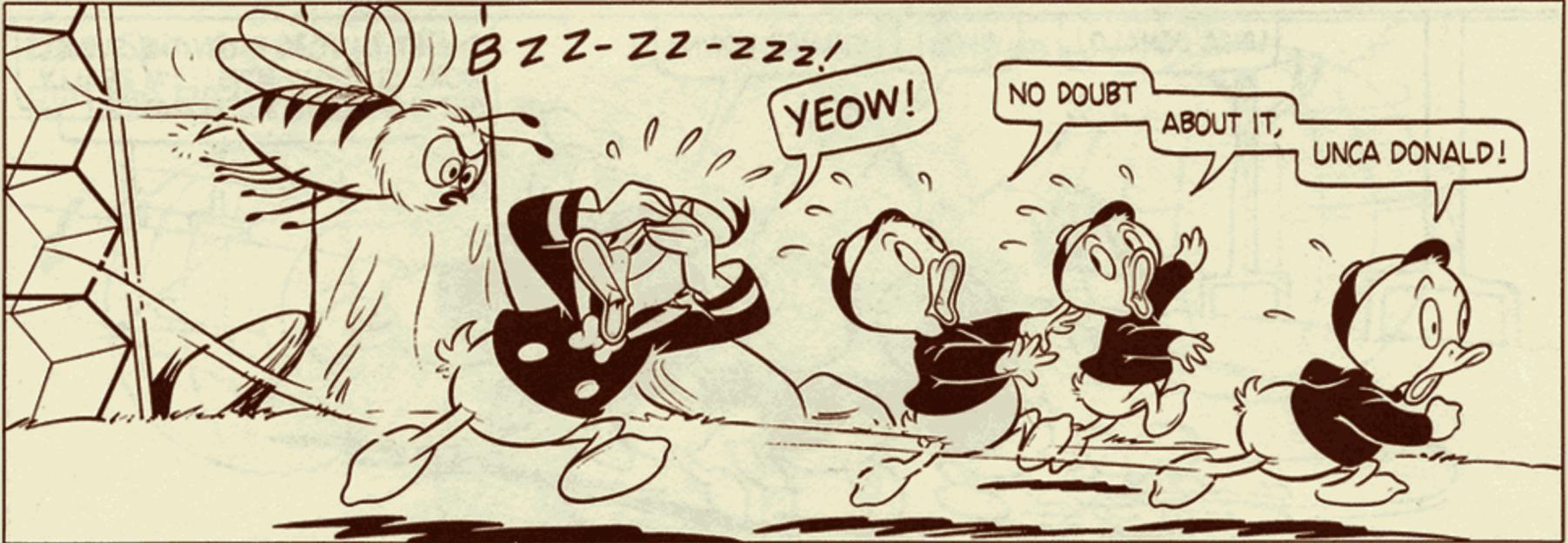
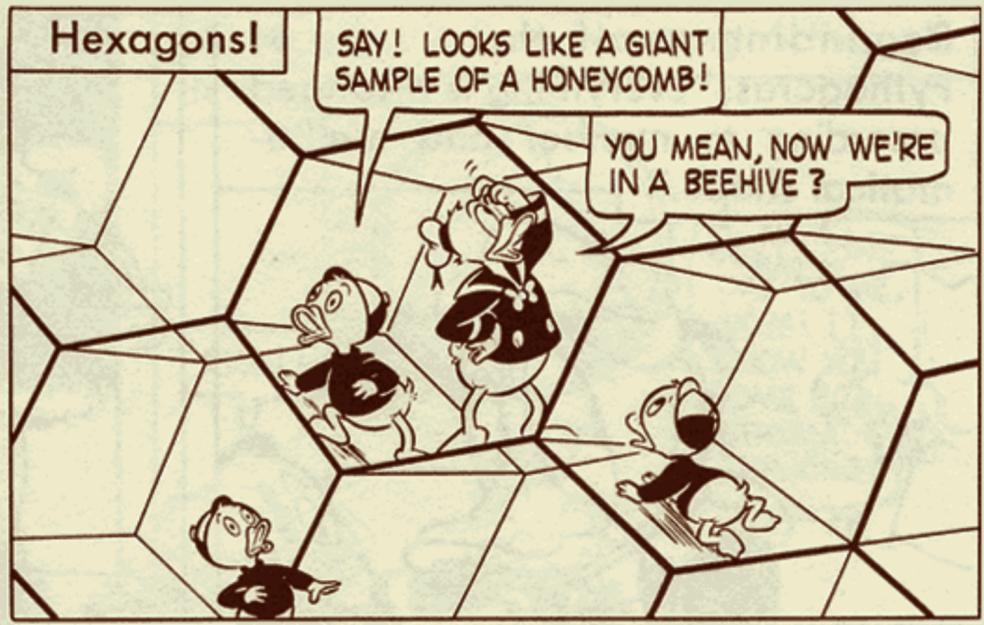
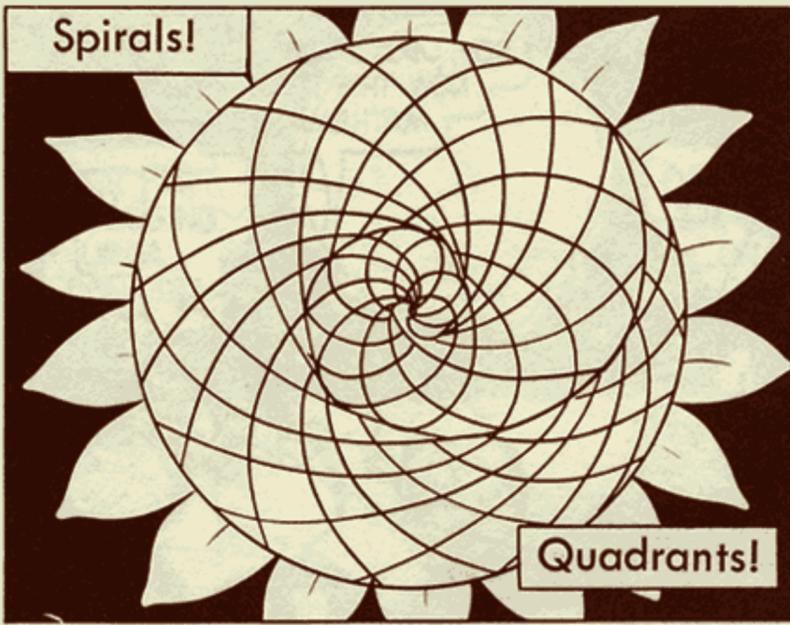


But the influence of mathematics persists not just in the creations of man. It is in nature, too . . . where mathematical forms are limitless.



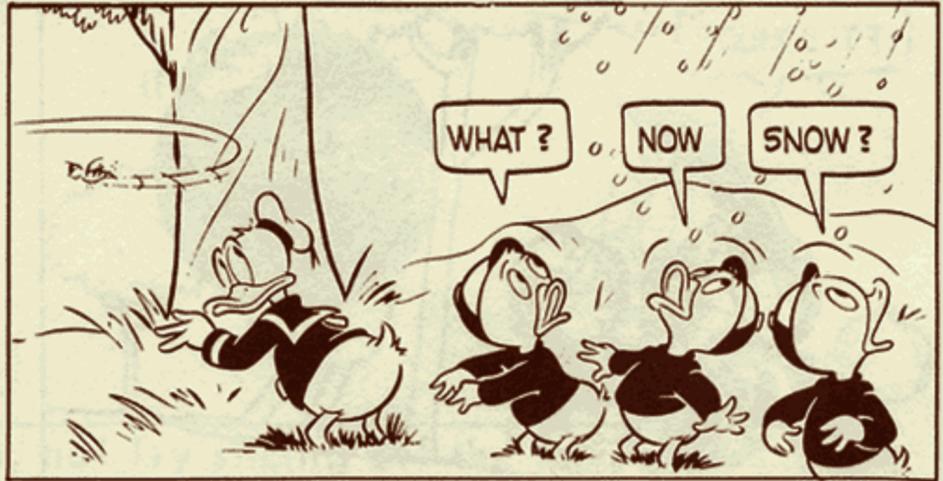
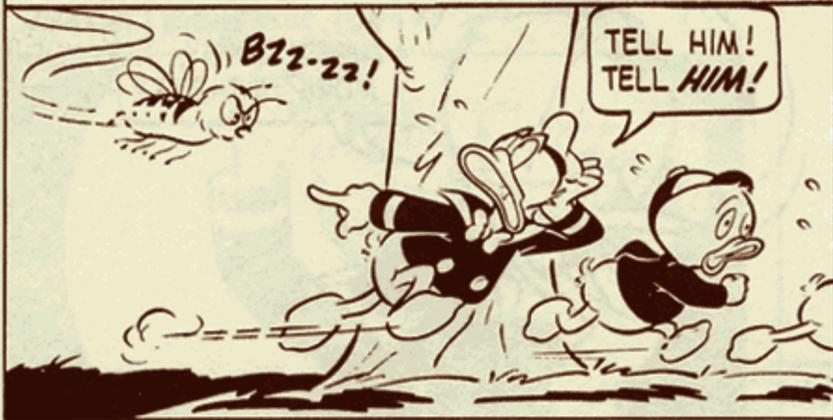
In the symmetry of living growth, we see the magical proportions of the pentagram.





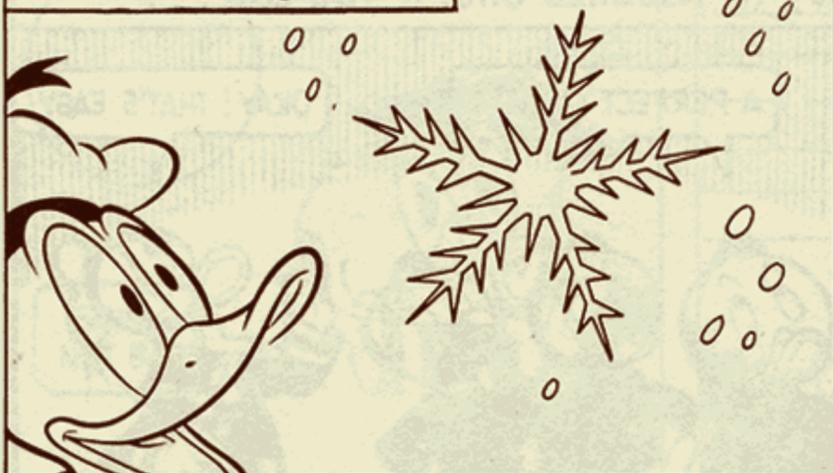
This fellow still requires some mathematical figuring, boys. According to present laws of aerodynamics, it is impossible for the bumblebee to fly!

But for startling examples of mathematical perfection we have only to turn to a fluffy fall of winter snow.

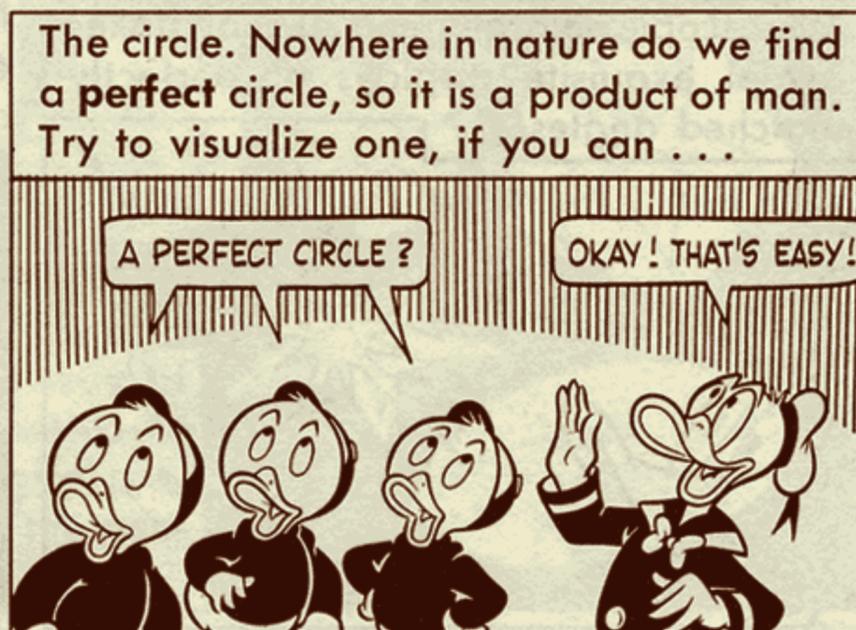
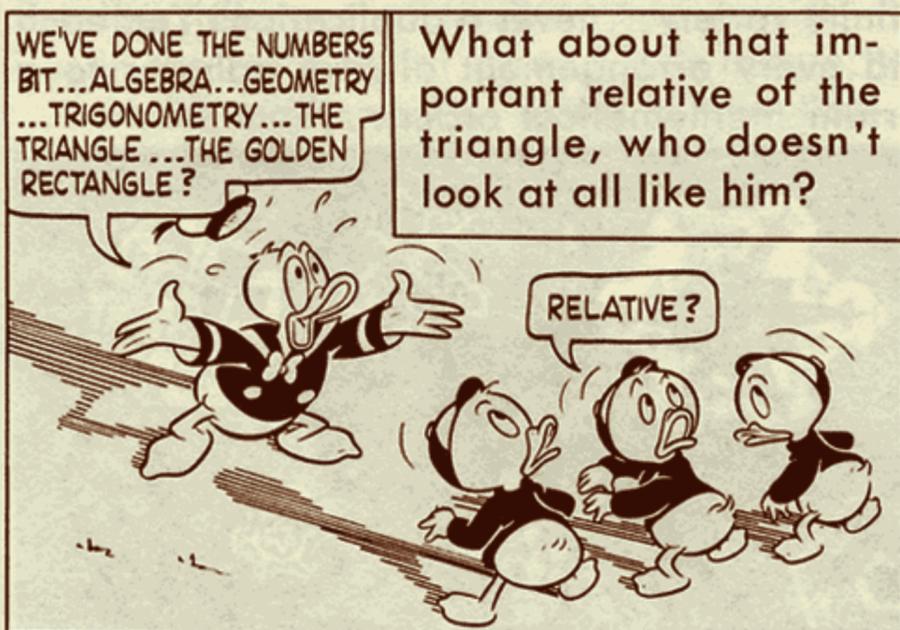
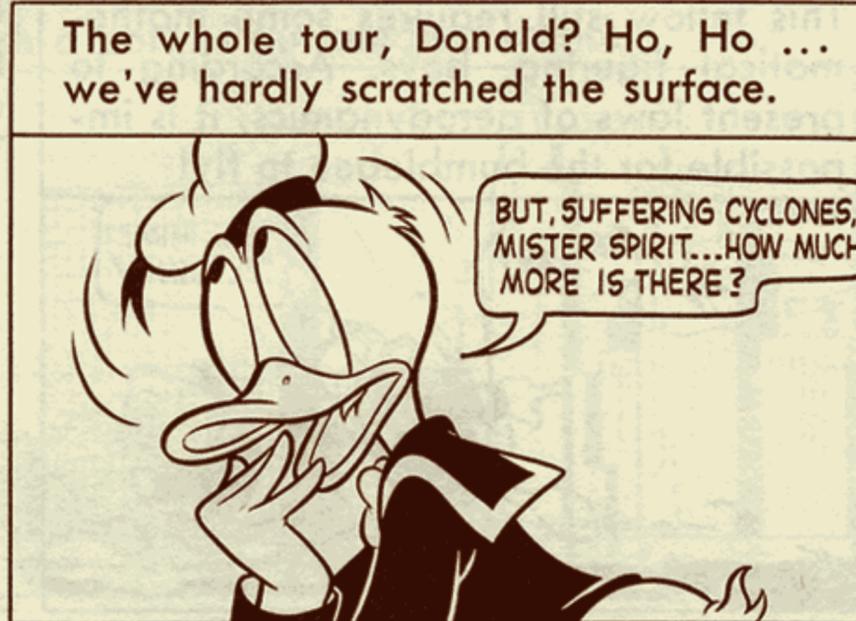
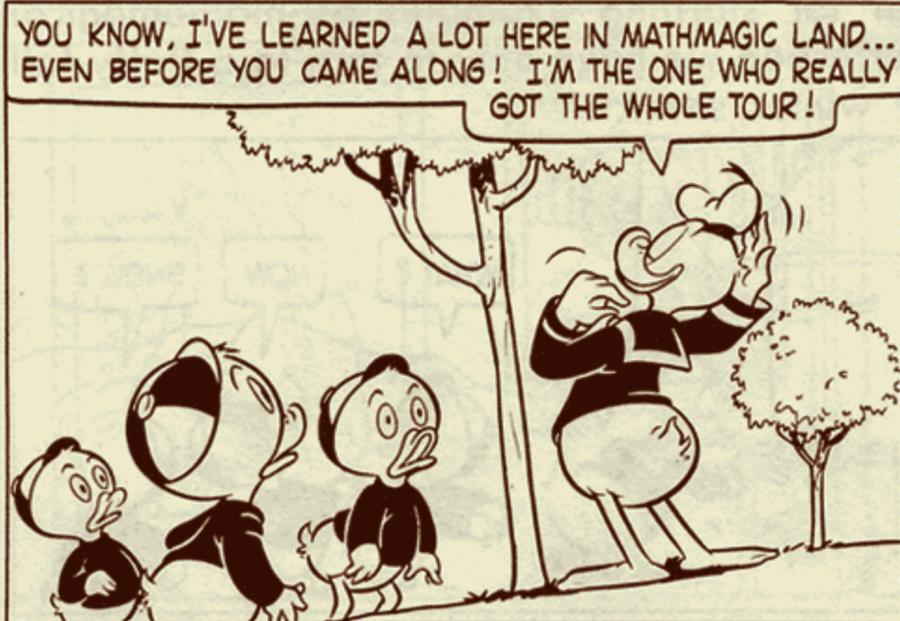
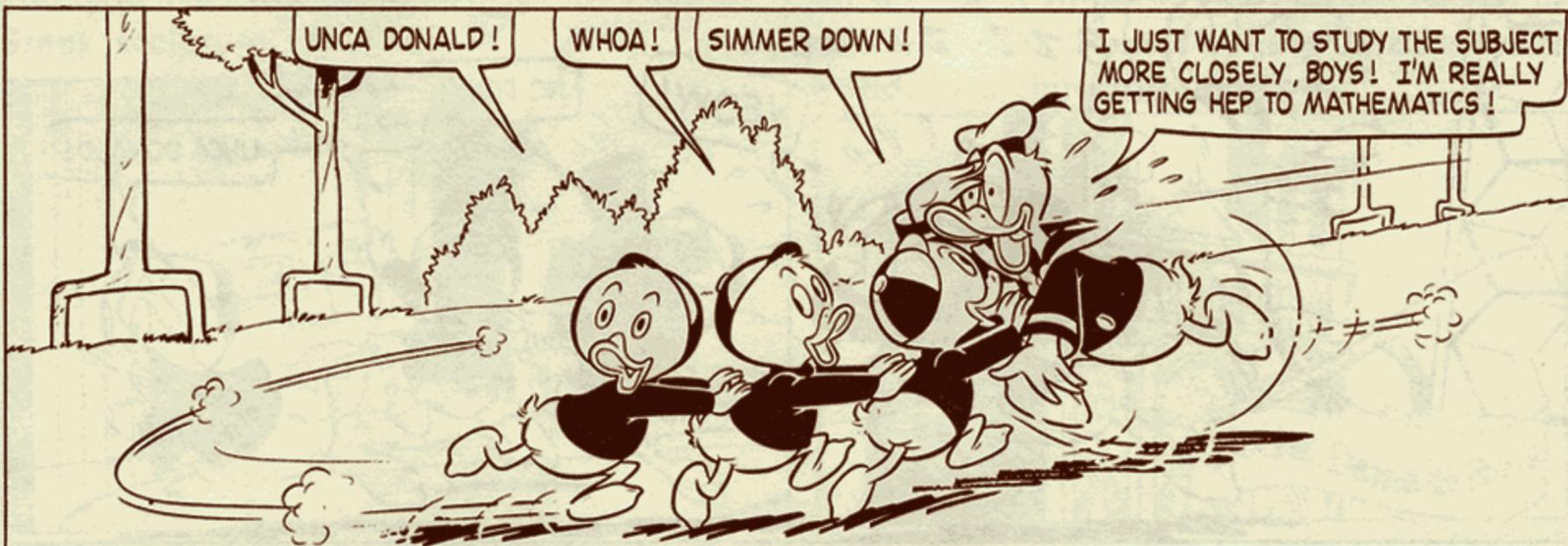
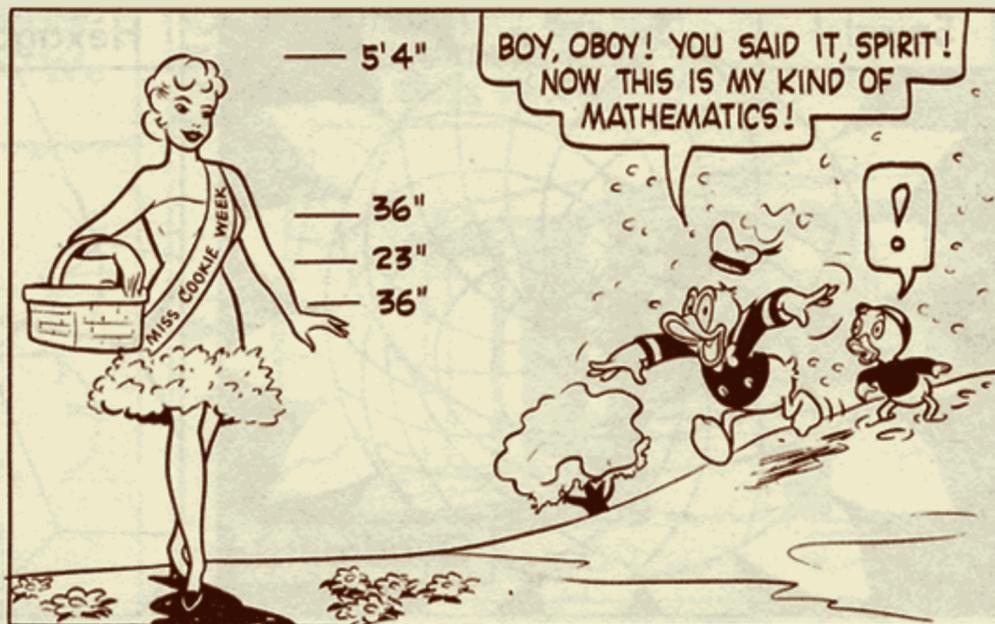


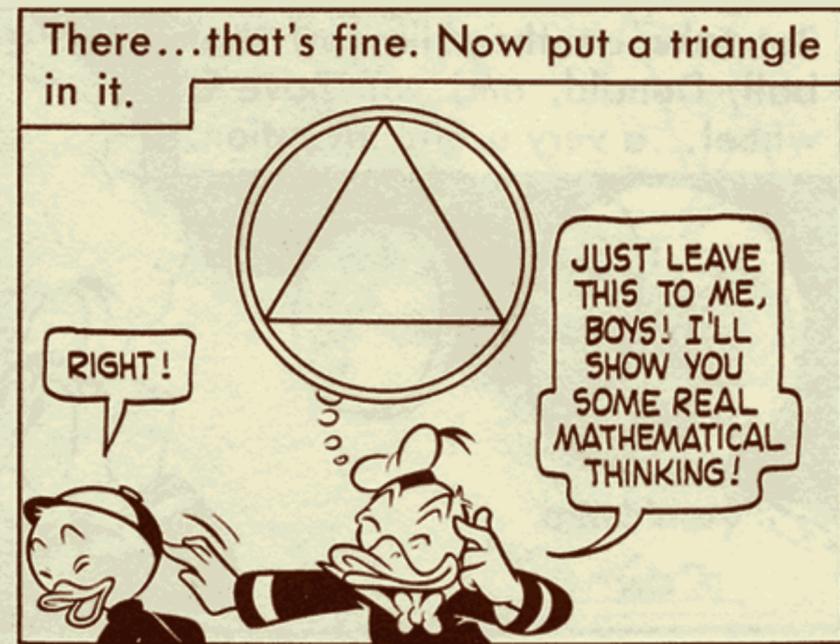
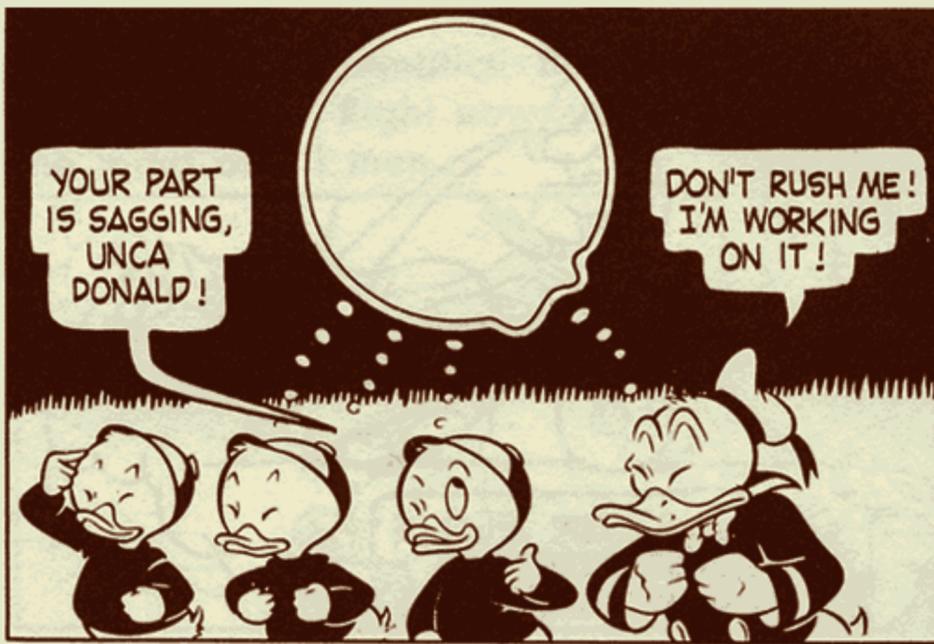
Microscopic enlargements of snowflakes reveal exquisite displays of perfectly matched angles . . .

Infinite variety...never a duplication! Yet, each and every arrangement always adheres to a certain mathematical order . . .

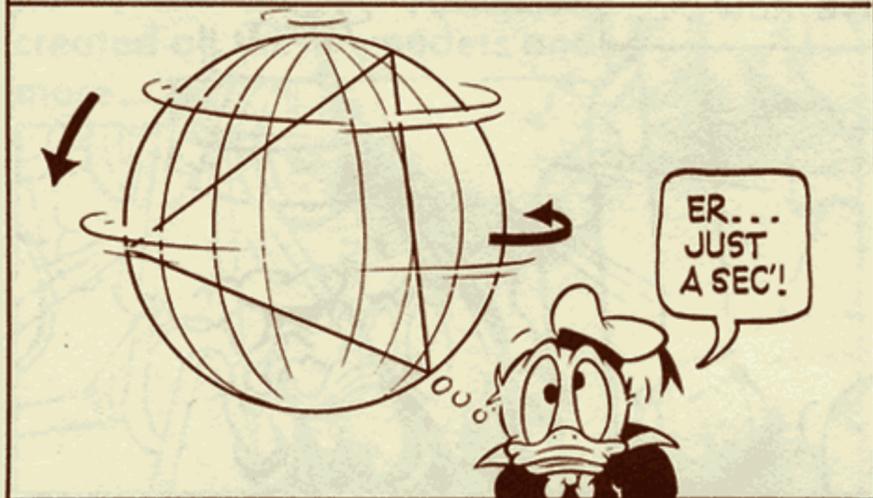


Reminding us of the words of Pythagoras: "Everything is arranged according to **number and mathematical shape.**"

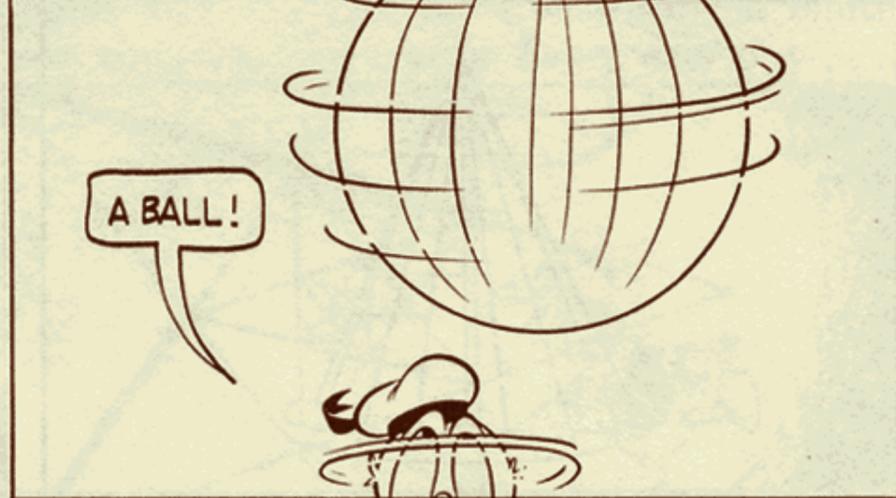




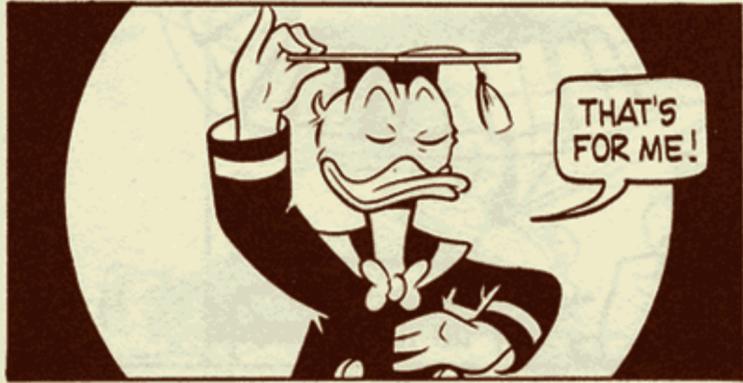
Fine. Spin the triangle like a propellor . . . and the circle like a weather vane.



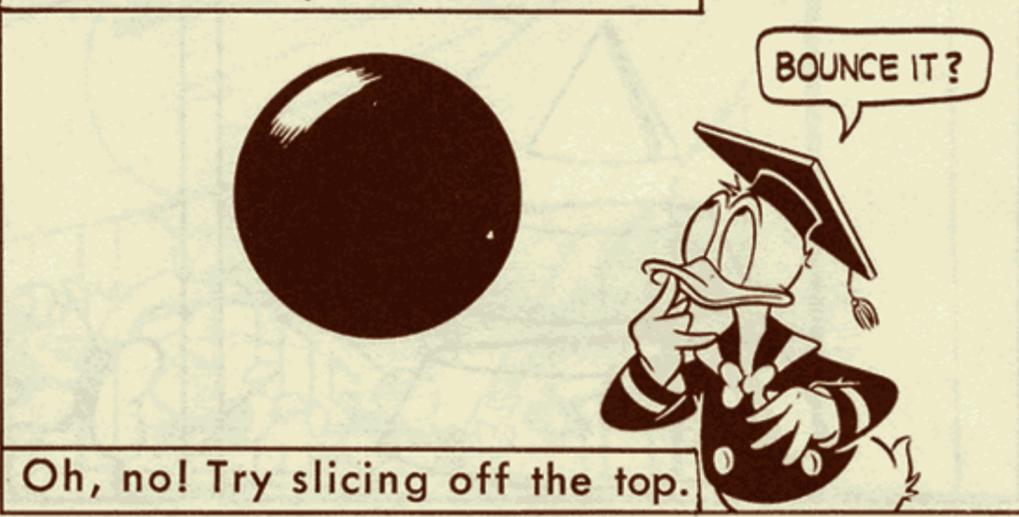
Now, what do you have?



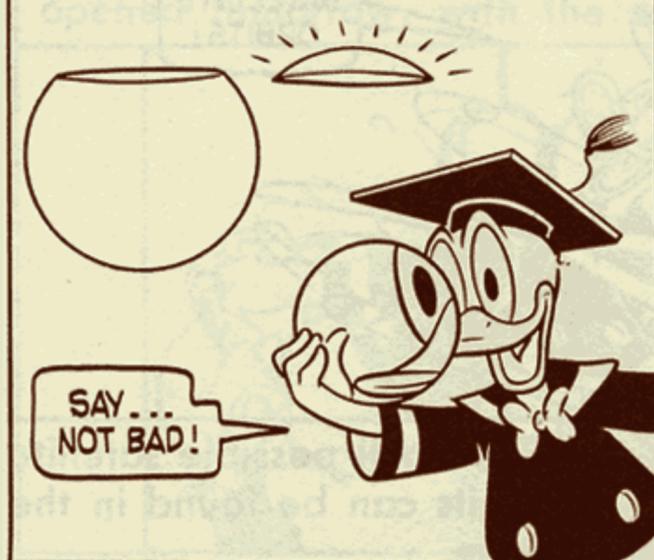
Correct. The shape of all things is first discovered in the mind. Now, just imagine yourself retracing the thoughts of some of history's greatest thinkers . . .



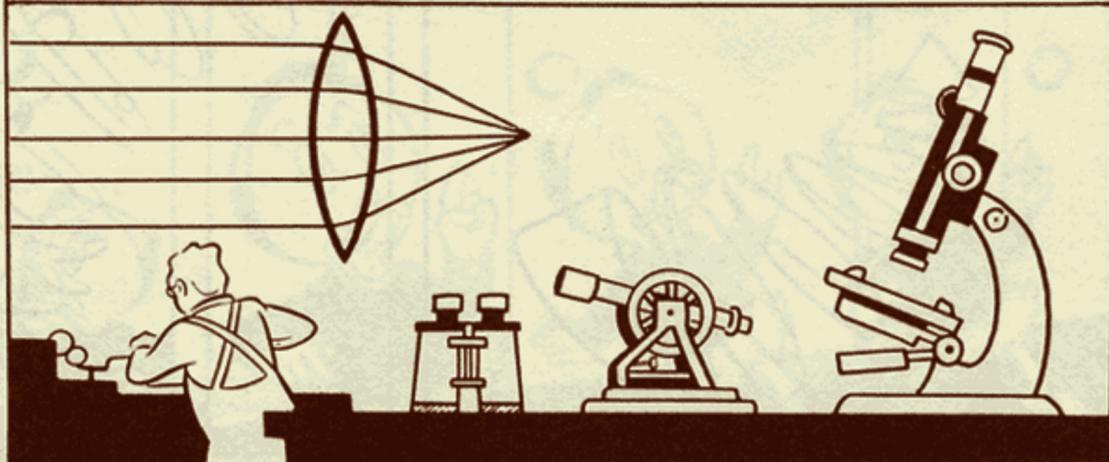
You ask yourself what you could do with a shape like the ball . . .



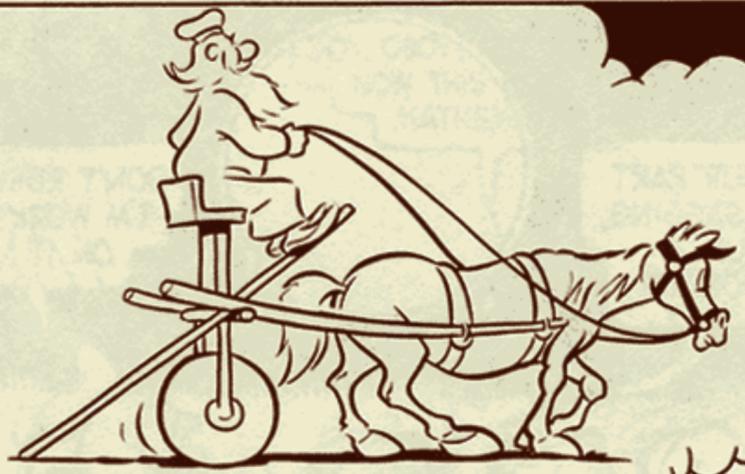
And you have . . . a lens!



For reading glasses, binoculars, microscopes . . . the thickness of a lens and its curves may be altered, but always to precise mathematical calculations.

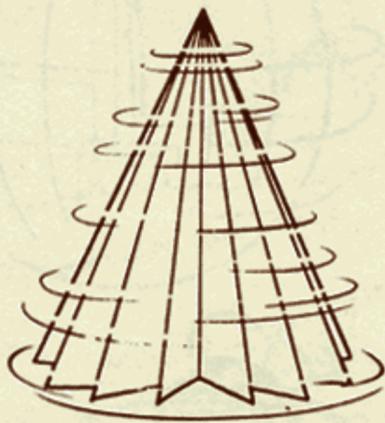


But take another slice off that ball, Donald, and you have a wheel...a very useful invention.



UM-M...YEP! A LOT OF POSSIBILITIES IN A GIMMICK LIKE THAT!

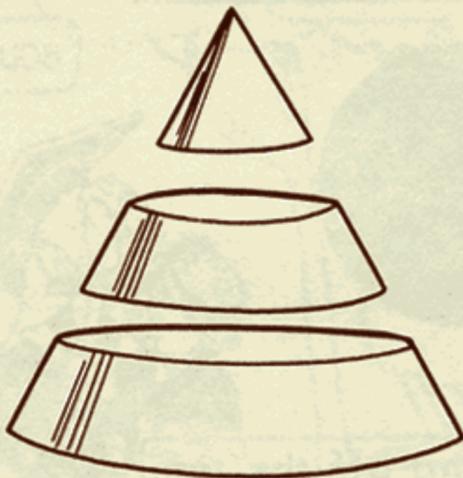
Let's set aside the circle, though . . . and now spin the **triangle** like a weather vane.



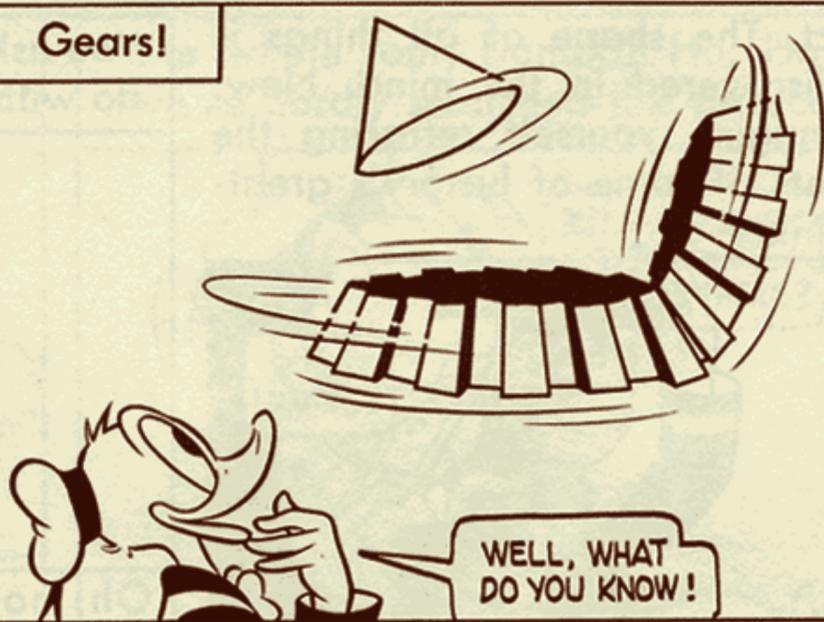
The result . . . a **cone**! But with our mind's eye now . . .



Let's slice the cone and we have . . .

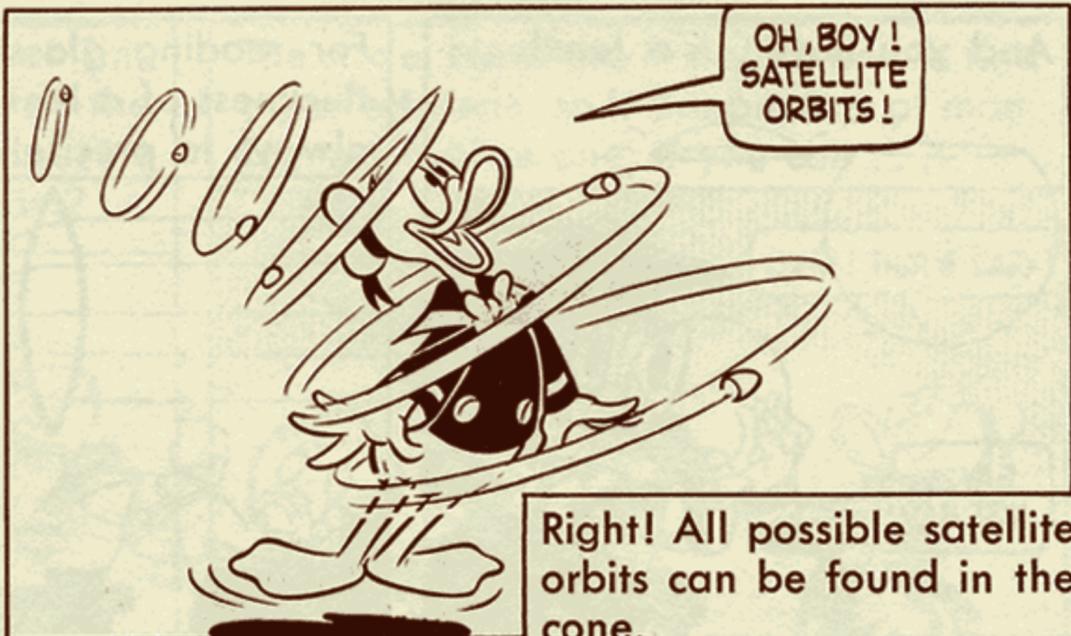
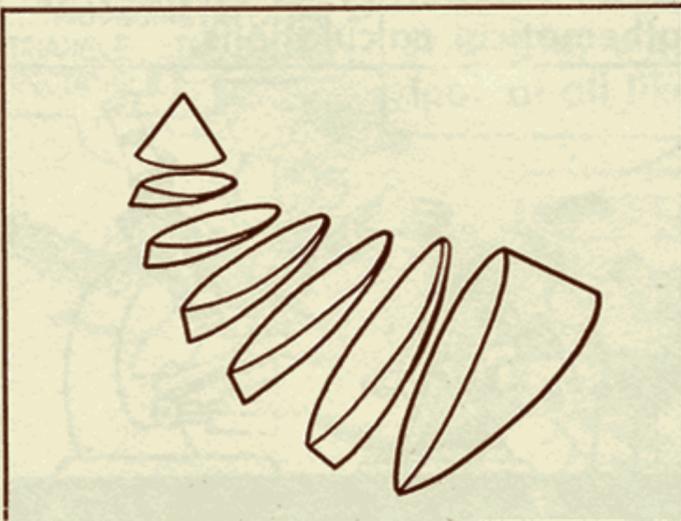


Gears!



WELL, WHAT DO YOU KNOW!

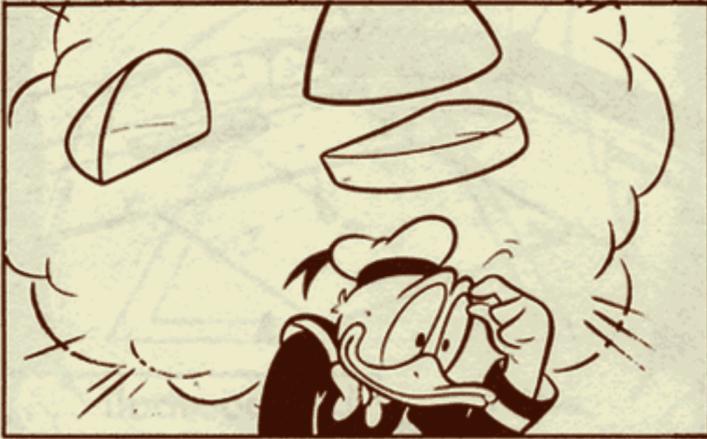
Slice the cone differently . . .several times . . .at any angle. And we have?



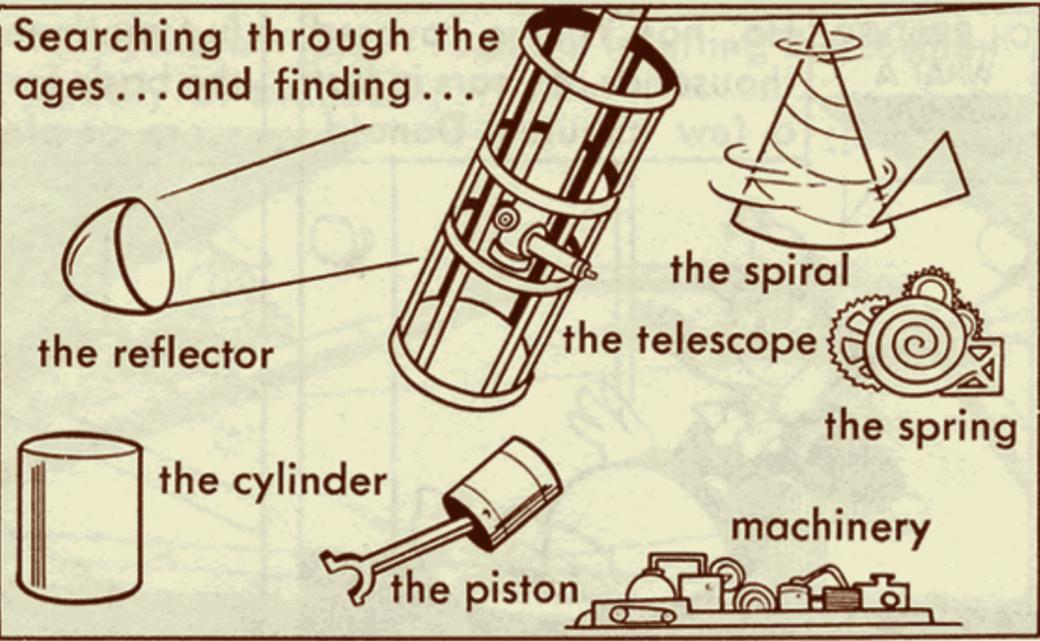
OH, BOY! SATELLITE ORBITS!

Right! All possible satellite orbits can be found in the cone.

And no matter how you slice it . . . it's always mathematics. But keep slicing, Donald. Right now, yours is the mind of all men . . .



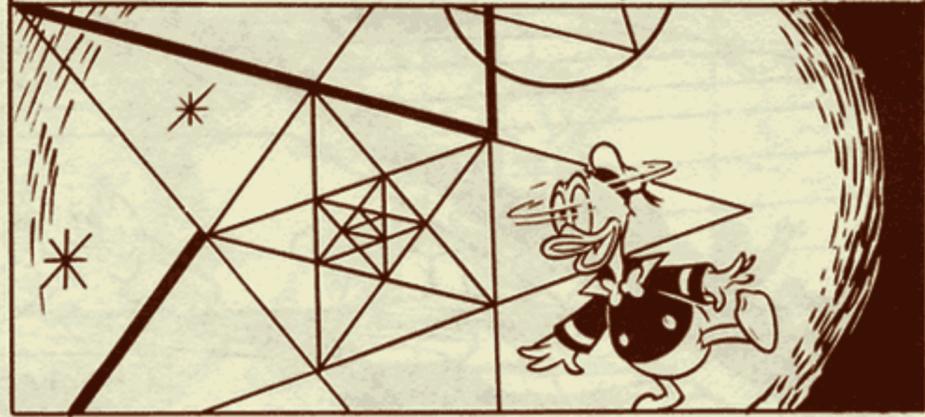
Searching through the ages . . . and finding . . .



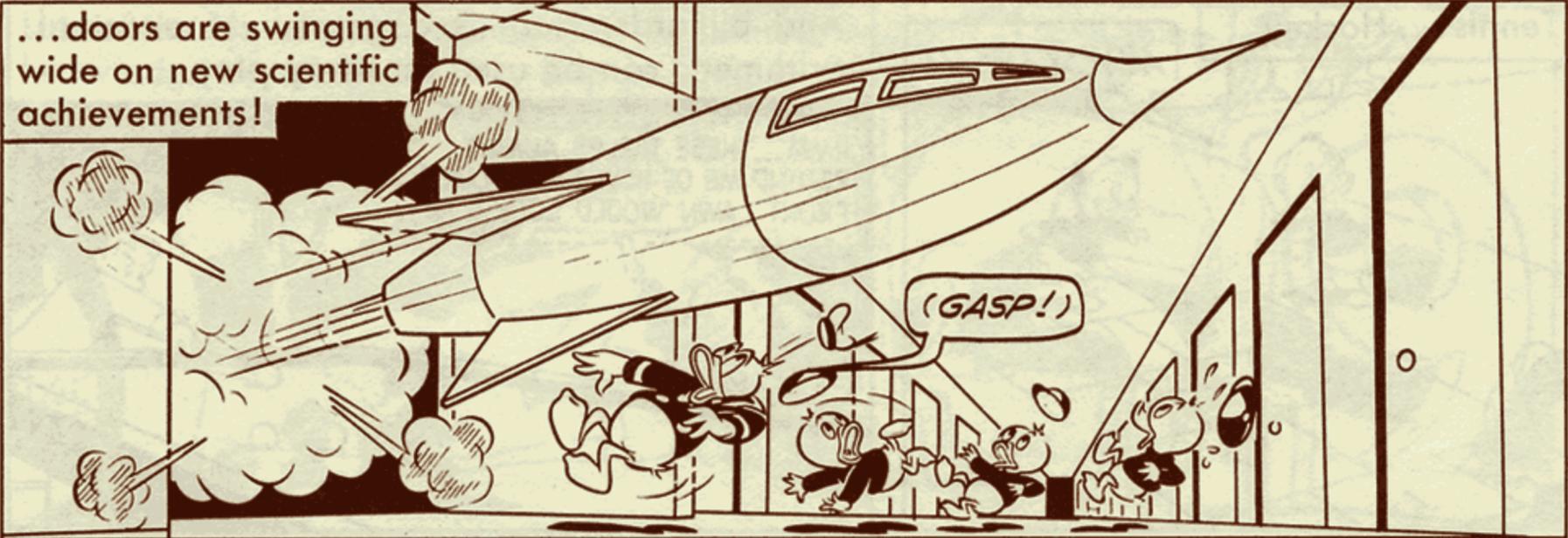
Just from the triangle and the circle and your searching mind, Donald . . . you have created all these wonders and more.



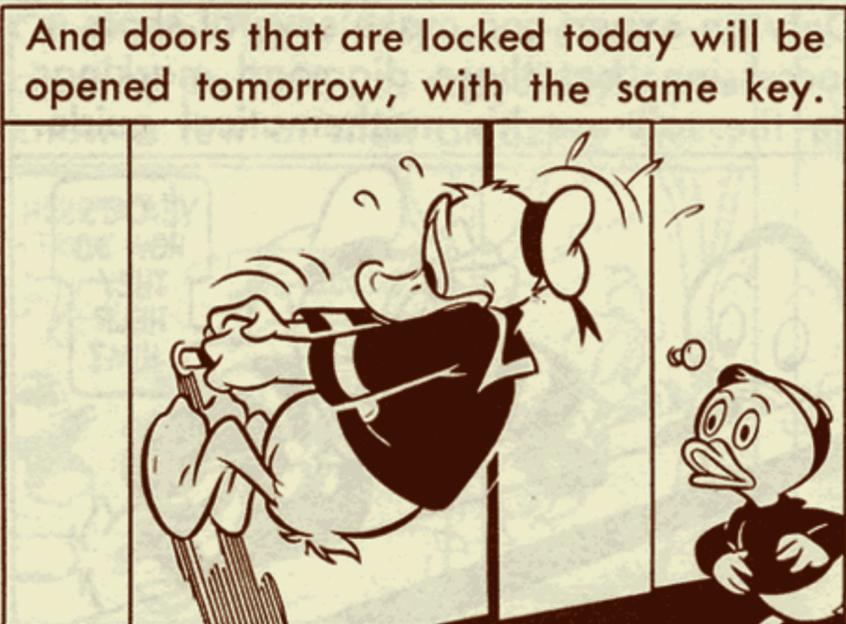
But they were only the beginning . . . the proof that from certain basic forms and principles there are no limits to what the mind can conceive and create. Every new day . . .



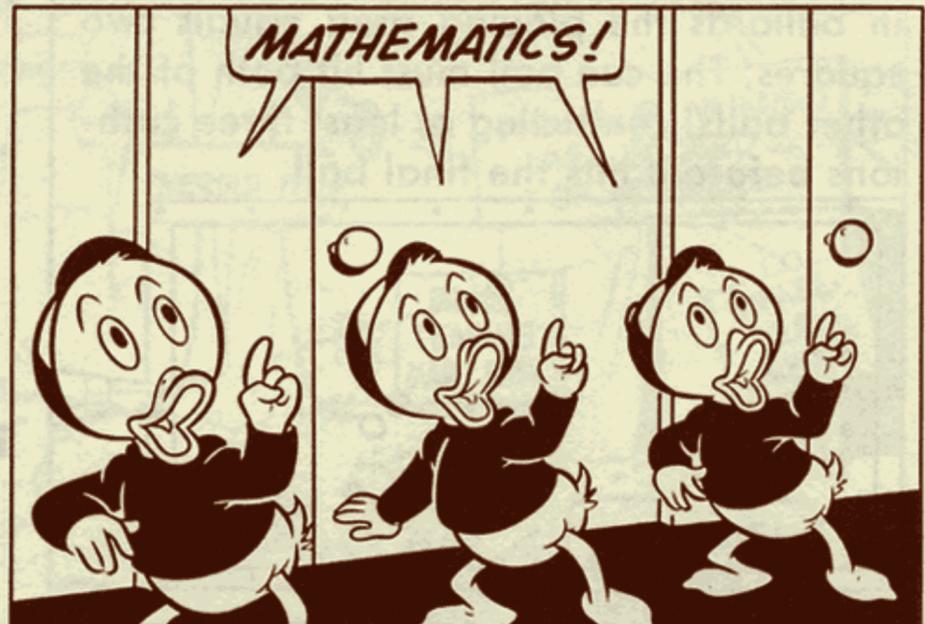
. . . doors are swinging wide on new scientific achievements!



And doors that are locked today will be opened tomorrow, with the same key.



MATHEMATICS!

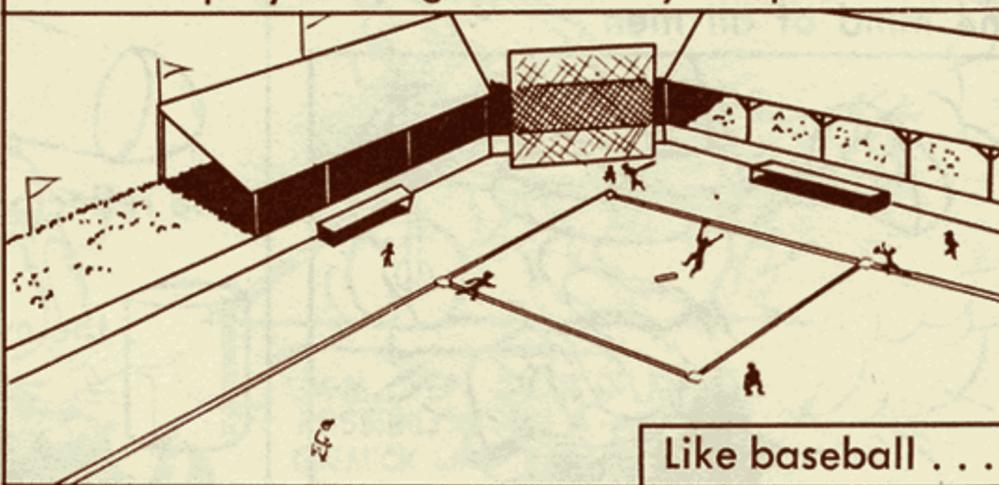


OH, BROTHER!
WHAT A
WORKOUT!
(PUFF, PUFF!)

Ho, ho! You've covered
thousands of years in just
a few minutes, Donald.

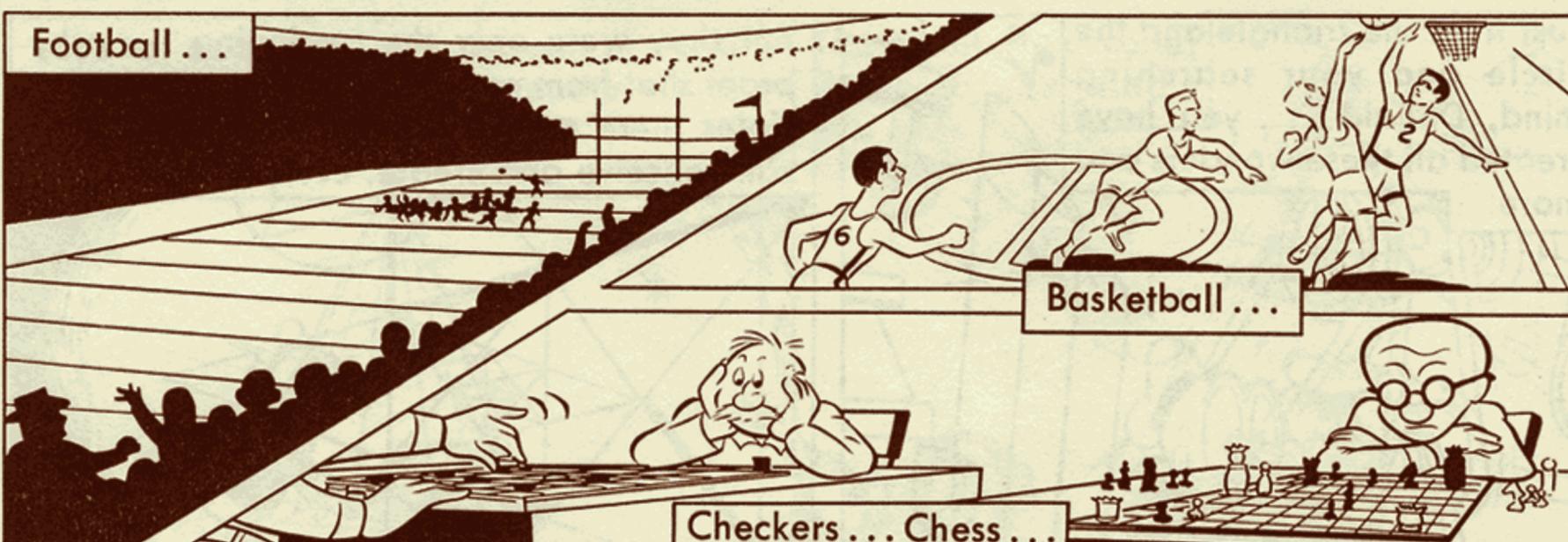


But mathematics isn't all work. It's play, too. It's
the basis for most games... games where you keep
score or play on a geometrically shaped area.



Like baseball ...

Football ...

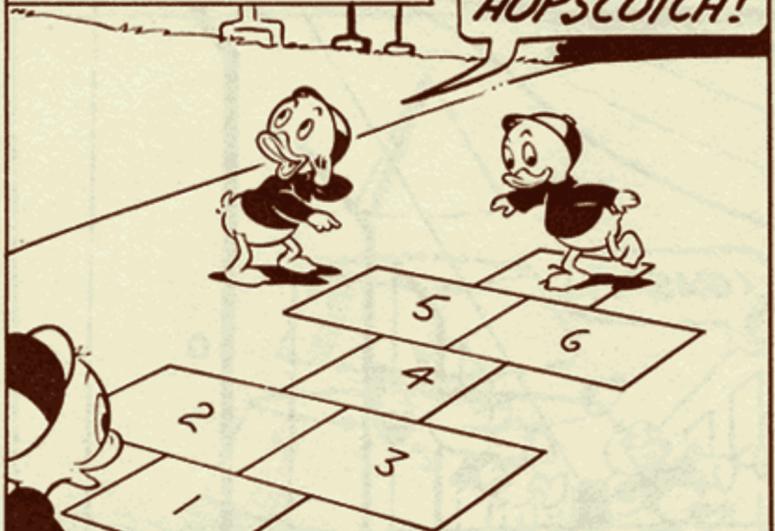


Basketball ...

Checkers ... Chess ...

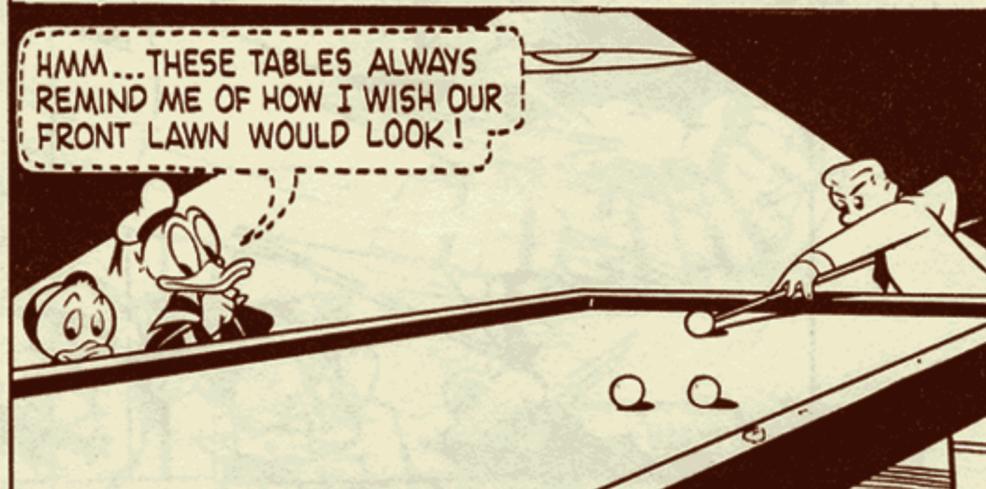
Tennis ... Hockey ...

HOPSCOTCH!

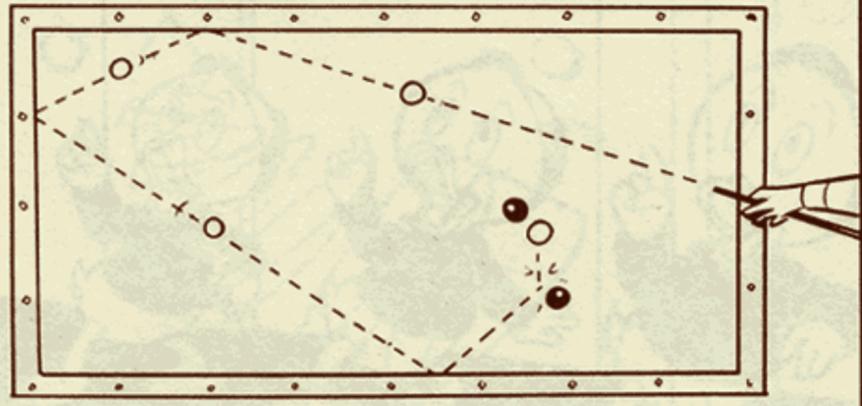


And billiards. Here is a game where actual
arithmetic can be used on every play.

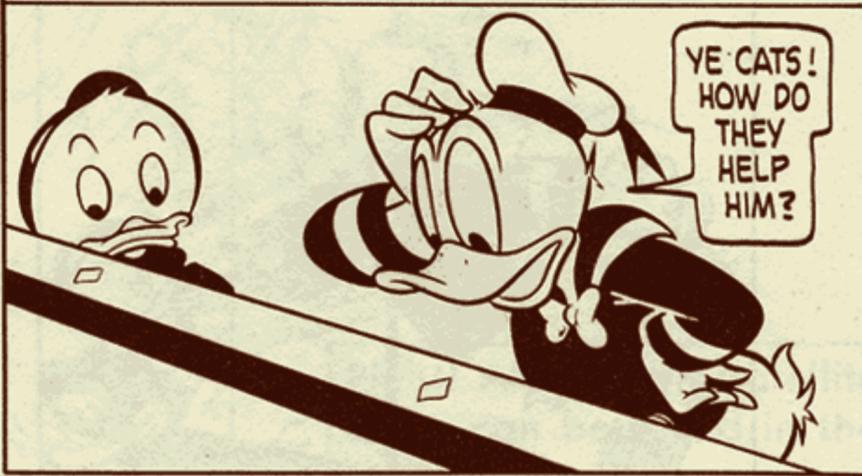
HMM... THESE TABLES ALWAYS
REMINDE ME OF HOW I WISH OUR
FRONT LAWN WOULD LOOK!



In billiards the playing area equals two
squares. The cue ball must hit both of the
other balls, contacting at least three cush-
ions **before** it hits the final ball.

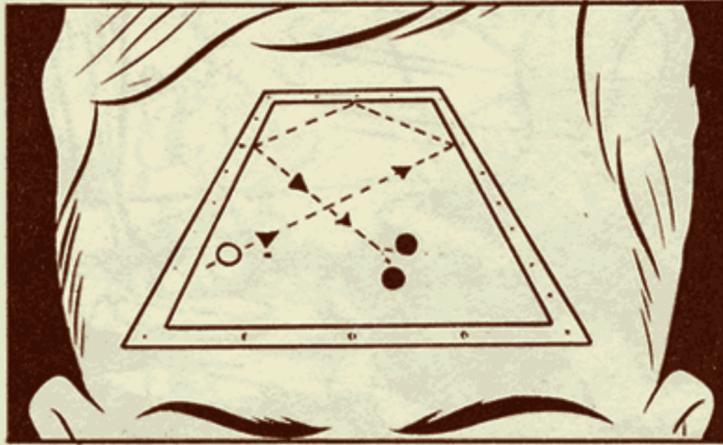


Only an expert can make several shots in
succession, but these diamond markings
on the rail are his mathematical guide.

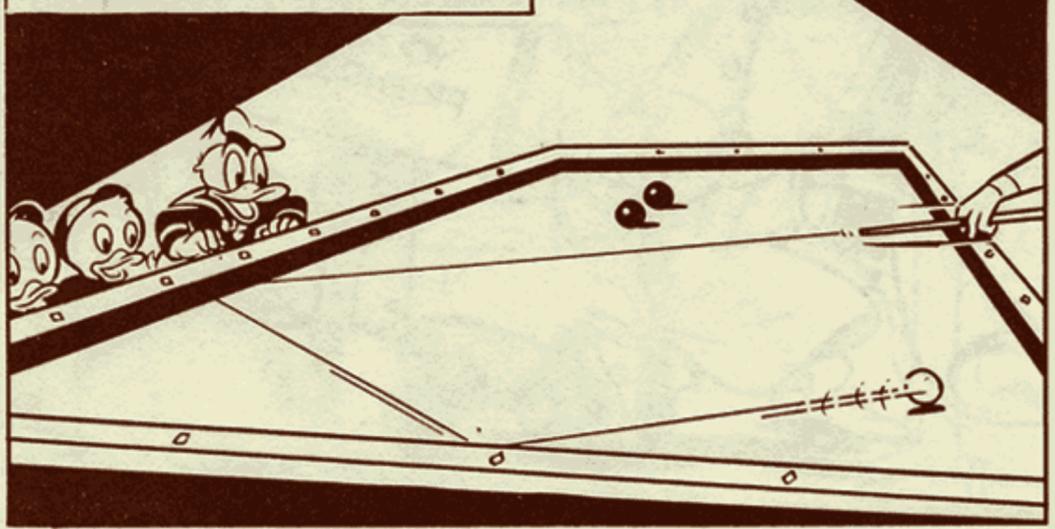


YE CATS!
HOW DO
THEY
HELP
HIM?

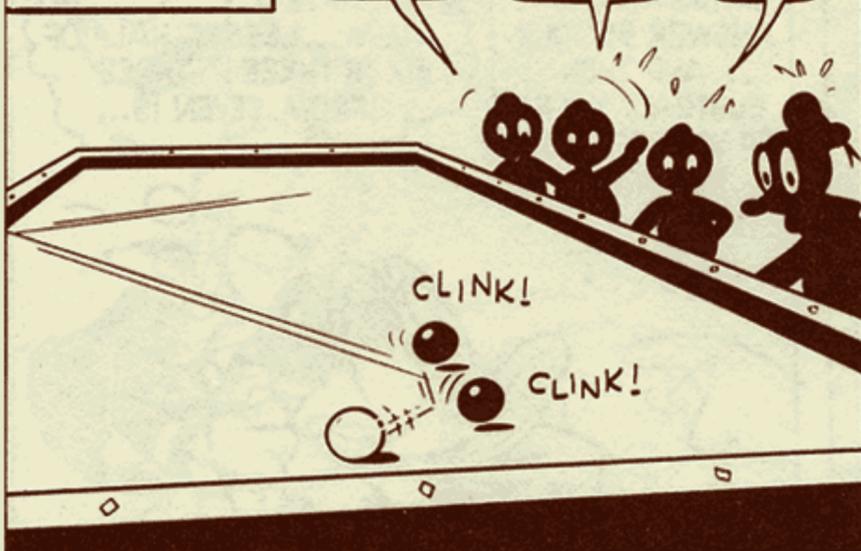
They contain a formula for making perfect shots, enabling the expert to figure out each shot in his mind before making the play . . .



Now, there it goes . . . and it is hitting the cushion exactly as planned . . .

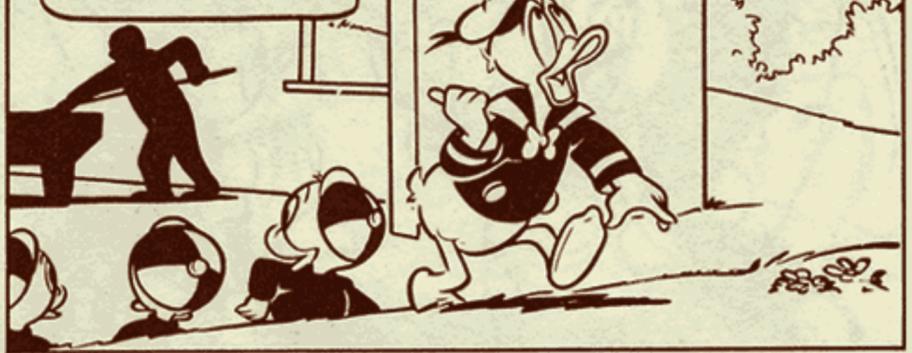


And then . . . HURRAY! HE DID IT! WOW!

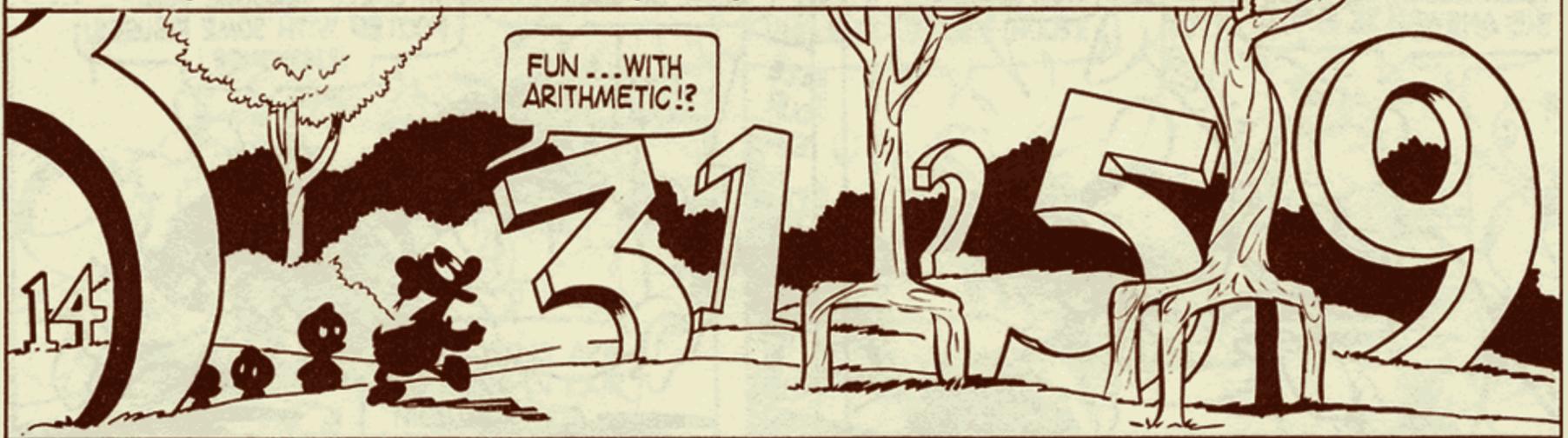


GEE WHIZ, SPIRIT... THE ONLY TROUBLE IS... SEEMS LIKE MATHEMATICAL GAMES MOSTLY CALL FOR FANCY SET-UPS LIKE BILLIARD TABLES, AND CHESSBOARDS, AND FOOTBALL FIELDS...

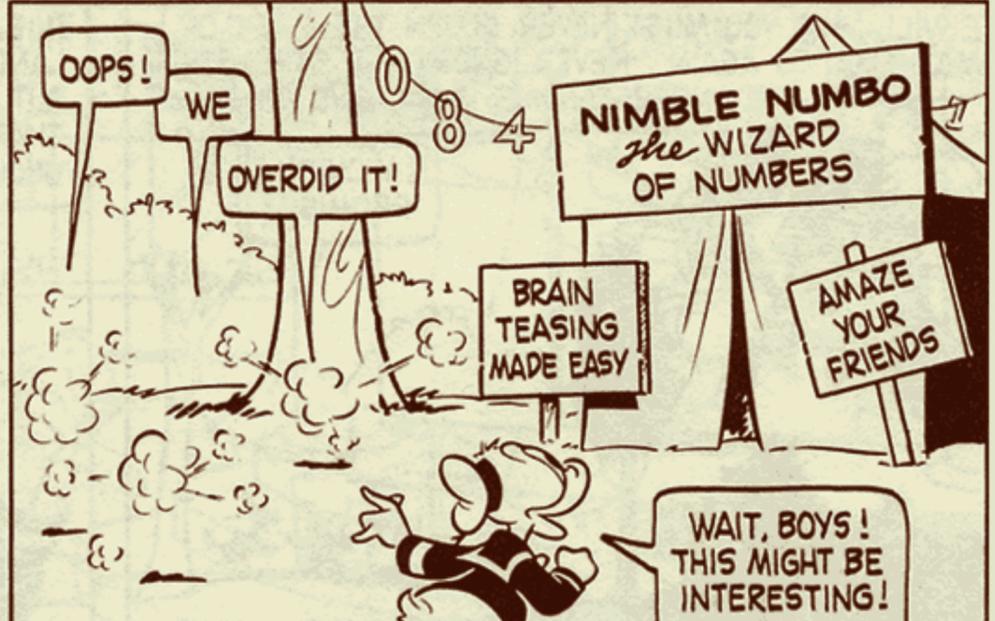
Not at all, Donald!

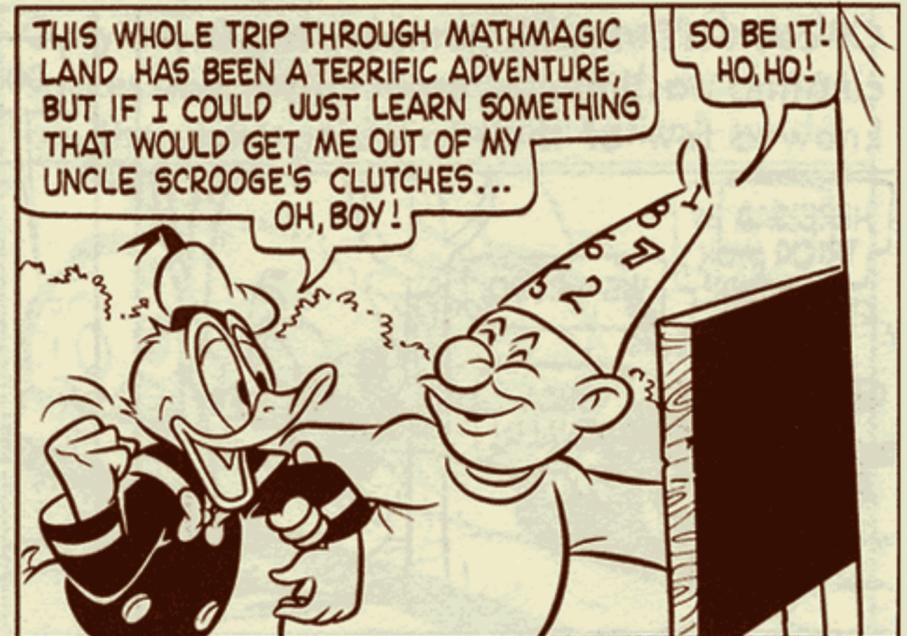
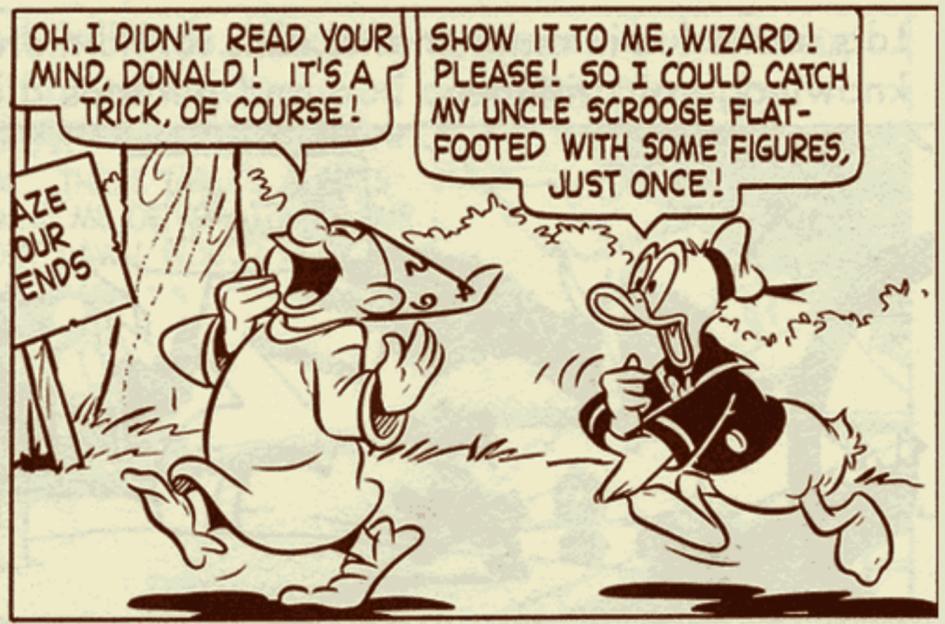
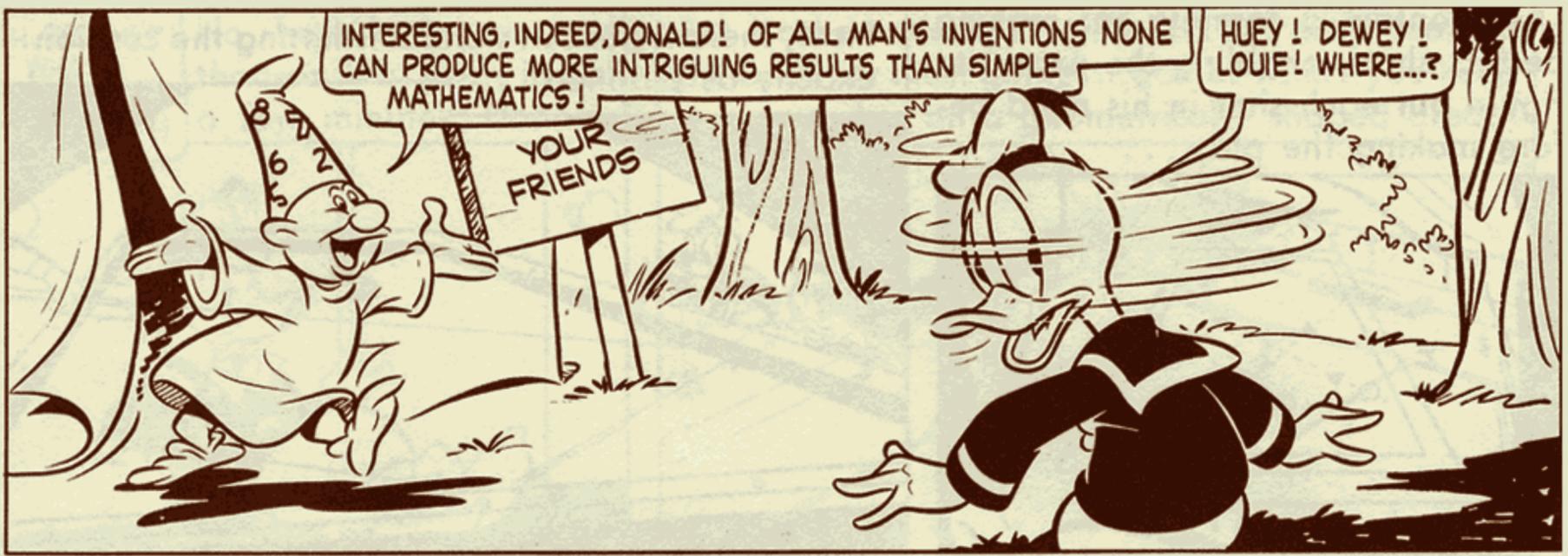


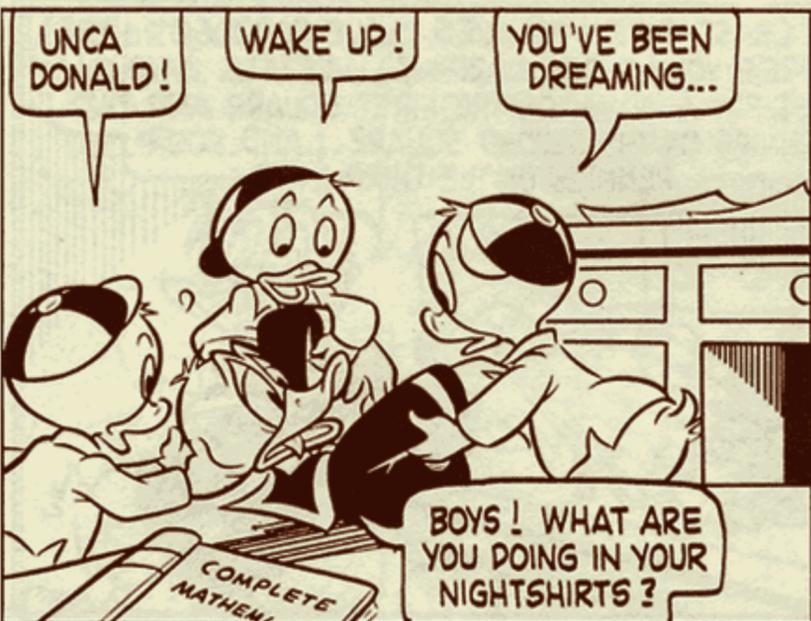
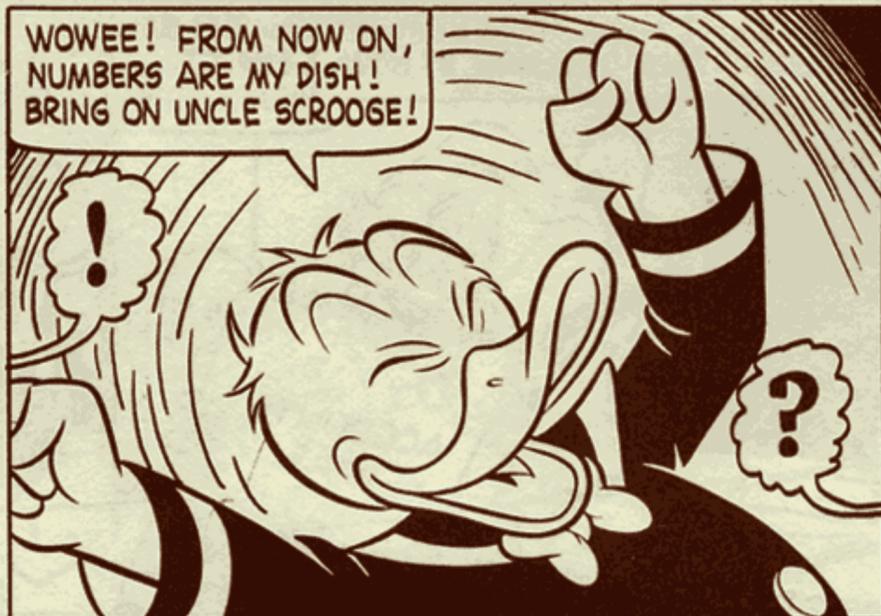
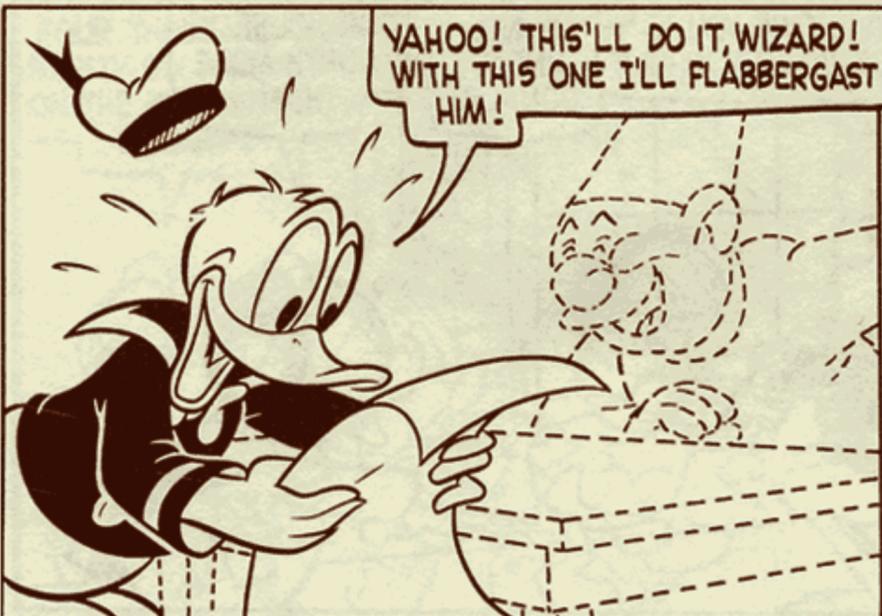
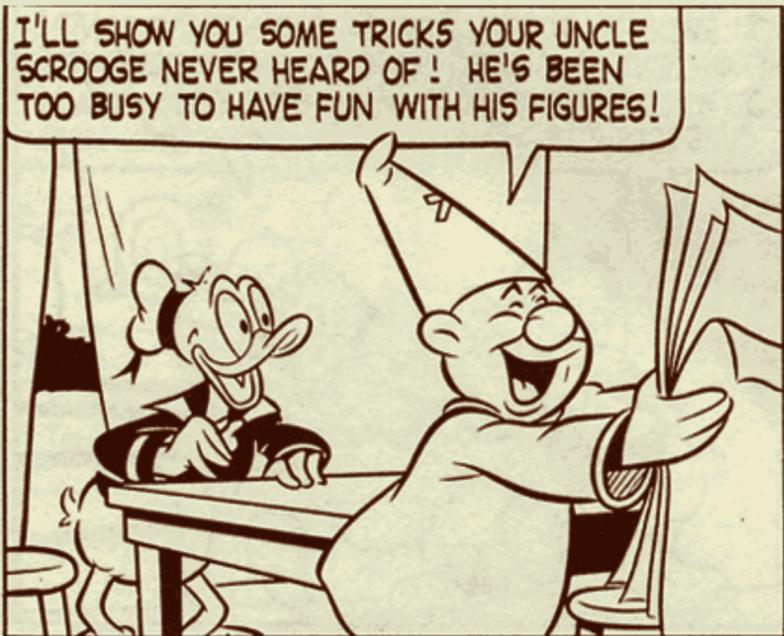
Lots of the fun in mathematics calls for no more equipment than some knowledge of arithmetic . . . and perhaps a paper and pencil.



Of course! Fun with numbers is a fascinating pastime . . . especially if you know a few of their amazing tricks.







WHAT!?! YOU WANT TO PAY OFF YOUR LOAN AT THIS RIDICULOUS HOUR? AHRUMPH... WELL, I'M ALWAYS READY TO ACCEPT MONEY! WHERE IS IT? WHERE?

ER... HAVE YOU EVER HEARD THE STORY OF THE ANCIENT KING AND THE GRAINS OF WHEAT ON HIS CHESSBOARD?

OF COURSE NOT! I DON'T HAVE TIME FOR SILLY STORIES!

FINE! UH... I MEAN, HERE'S MY OFFER! THE BALANCE I STILL OWE YOU IS ABOUT FIFTEEN DOLLARS, BY NOW, I EXPECT... SO I'LL GIVE YOU MY WHOLE HOUSE TO PAY IT OFF!

OH, NO, UNCA DONALD!

OUR HOUSE IS WORTH MORE THAN...

TUT, TUT, BOYS... HE'LL HAVE TO PAY ME A LITTLE SOMETHING EXTRA TO MAKE UP THE DIFFERENCE, NATURALLY!

BAH! I WON'T PAY MUCH!

AT LEAST A FEW PENNIES, UNCLE SCROOGE! HERE! HERE'S YOUR CHESSBOARD! I'LL SETTLE IF YOU'LL JUST PUT A PENNY ON THE FIRST SQUARE AND TWO PENNIES ON THE SECOND SQUARE... AND FOUR PENNIES ON THE THIRD...

JUST DOUBLE THE NUMBER OF PENNIES EACH TIME UNTIL YOU'VE GIVEN ME SOME FOR EVERY ONE OF THESE SIXTY-FOUR SQUARES!

PENNIES... OH, NO! HE'S FLIPPED HIS LID!

HMM... THAT HOUSE OF HIS IS WORTH A FEW THOUSAND, AT LEAST! HEH... I COULD RENT IT BACK TO THEM FOR A NICE PROFIT, TOO!

